

EN 50360:2001+A1:2012 EN 50566:2013

SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

Advanced Technologies SRL.

Ion Heliade Radulescu nr 26, Bucharest 021255, ROMANIA

Model: ZUN X

Report Type: Amended Report		Product Type: Smartphone	
Test Engineer:	Wilson Chen	Wilson	then
Report Number:	RSZ160302004-2	0A1	
Report Date:	2016-03-18		
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	Company Name	Advanced Technologies SRL.	
EUT	EUT Description	Smartphone	
Information	Model Number	ZUN X	
	Test Date	2016-03-04	
Frequency Band		Max. SAR Level(s) Measured	Limit(W/Kg)
LTE Band 38		0.148 W/kg 10g Head SAR 0.197 W/kg 10g Body SAR	2.0
Applicable Standards	related to human ex EN50566: 2013 Product standard to body-mount wireles EN62209-1:2006 Human exposure to communication dd Part1:Procedure to in close proximity t EN62209-2:2010 Human exposure to communication dev Part 2: Procedure	demonstrate the compliance of mobile phones with posure to electromagnetic fields (300MHz – 3GHz) of demonstrate compliance of radio frequency fields as communication devices used by the general public of radio frequency fields from hand-held and boo evices – Human models, instrumentation, a determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for har of the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3GHz) of radio frequency fields from hand-held and boo rices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (fields from hand-held and boo rices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (s from handheld ar (30 MHz — 6 GHz dy-mounted wirele and procedures nd-held devices use dy-mounted wirele res –
	(frequency range of EN 62479:2010 Assessment of the basic restrictions re IEEE1528:2013 Draft Recommende	tices used in close proximity to the human body 30 MHz to 6 GHz) compliance of low power electronic and electrical lated to human exposure to electromagnetic fields (10 d Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Human Head from Wireless Communications De	0 MHz to 300 GHz

(SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in DIRECTIVE 1999/5/EC & EN 50360:2001+A1:2012 and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in EN62209-1:2006 & EN62209-2:2010.

The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.

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DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision
0	RSZ151208012-20	Original Report	2015-12-31
1	RSZ160302004-20A1	Amended Report	2016-03-18

Note: This is an amended report based on the original report RSZ151208012-20 issued on 2015-12-31, the detailed differences between the original device and the current one were as below:

(1) Changing the applicant from "Shenzhen East Xinyi Electronic Techonology Co., Ltd." with address "Room 20A, TAIBANG Techonology bldg, High-Tech Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, China" to "Advanced Technologies SRL." with address "Ion Heliade Radulescu nr 26, Bucharest 021255, ROMANIA".

- (2) Changing the model number from "EX8535, EX8537" to "ZUN X".
- (3) Changing the product name from "Brondi 530 4G HD" to "Smartphone".
- (4) Changing the trade name from "East Xinyi" to "vonino".
- (5) Changing the silk screen of EUT appearance.
- (6) Changing the flash from 1G to 2G memory.
- (7) Changing the device's storage from 8G to 16G memory.
- (8) Changing the pixels of the rear camera from 2.0M to 5.0M.
- (9) Changing adapter and the battery label.
- (10) Adding LTE Band 38 through a software operation.

They have the same main board and transmitter module between the original device and the current one. Based on above differences listed, SAR was adding test LTE Band 38 for current device, for other SAR data please refer to report RSZ151208012-20.

EUT DESCRIPTION

This report has been prepared on behalf of Advanced Technologies SRL. and their product, Model: ZUN X or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

Technical Specification

Product Type	Portable
Exposure Category:	Population / Uncontrolled
Antenna Type(s):	Internal Antenna
Body-Worn Accessories:	Headset
Face-Head Accessories:	None
Multi-slot Class:	Class 12
Operation Mode :	GSM Voice, EGPRS/GPRS Data, WCDMA,LTE, Wi-Fi and Bluetooth
	E-GSM900: 880-915 MHz(TX); 925-960 MHz(RX)
	DCS Band: 1710-1785 MHz(TX); 1805-1880 MHz(RX)
	WCDMA900: 880-915 MHz(TX); 925-960 MHz(RX)
	WCDMA2100: 1920-1980MHz(TX); 2110-2170MHz(RX)
E	LTE Band 3: 1710-1785MHz(TX); 1805-1880MHz(RX)
Frequency Band:	LTE Band 7: 2500-2570MHz(TX); 2620-2690MHz(RX)
	LTE Band 20: 832-862MHz(TX); 791-821MHz(RX)
	LTE Band 38: 2570-2620MHz(TX&RX)
	WIFI: 2412-2472MHz
	Bluetooth: 2402-2480 MHz
	EGSM 900: 32.10 dBm
	DCS 1800: 29.10 dBm
	WCDMA 900: 22.29 dBm
	WCDMA 2100: 21.98 dBm
Conducted RF Power:	LTE Band 3: 22.36 dBm
Conducted KF Fower:	LTE Band 7: 22.42 dBm
	LTE Band 20: 22.56 dBm
	LTE Band 38: 22.47 dBm
	Wi-Fi: 7.63 dBm
	Bluetooth: 5.58 dBm
Dimensions (L*W*H):	143 mm (L) \times 72 mm (W) \times 8mm (H)
Power Source:	3.8V _{DC} Rechargeable Battery
Normal Operation:	Head and Body worn

REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUILDELINES

FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

CE:

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 2 mW/g as recommended by EN62209-1 for an uncontrolled environment. According to the Standard, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in Europe is 2 mW/g average over 10 gram of tissue mass.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

SAR Limits

	SAR (W/kg)
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

CE Limit (10g Tissue)

	SAR (V	W/kg)
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue)	2.0	10
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg (FCC) & 2 W/kg (CE) applied to the EUT.

FACILITIES

The test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) to collect data is located at 6/F, the 3rd Phase of WanLi Industrial Building, Shi Hua Road, Fu Tian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. of China

DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with ALSAS 10 Universal Integrated SAR Measurement system from APREL Laboratories.

ALSAS-10U System Description

ALSAS-10-U is fully compliant with the technical and scientific requirements of IEEE 1528, IEC 62209, CENELEC, ARIB, ACA, and the Federal Communications Commission. The system comprises of a six axes articulated robot which utilizes a dedicated controller. ALSAS-10U uses the latest methodologies. And FDTD modeling to provide a platform which is repeatable with minimum uncertainty.

Applications

Predefined measurement procedures compliant with the guidelines of CENELEC, IEEE, IEC, FCC, etc are utilized during the assessment for the device. Automatic detection for all SAR maxima are embedded within the core architecture for the system, ensuring that peak locations used for centering the zoom scan are within a 1mm resolution and a 0.05mm repeatable position. System operation range currently available up-to 6 GHz in simulated tissue.

Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (Internal) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm2 step Internal, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the ALSAS-10U software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m3 is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 5x5x8 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 35mm in the Z axis.



ALSAS-10U Interpolation and Extrapolation Uncertainty

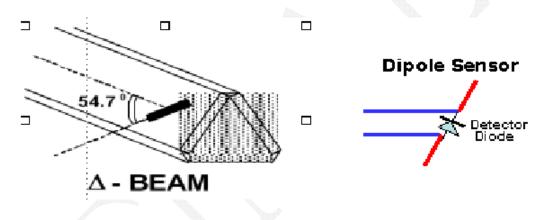
The overall uncertainty for the methodology and algorithms the used during the SAR calculation was evaluated using the data from IEEE 1528 based on the example f3 algorithm:

$$f_3(x, y, z) = A \frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + {x'}^2 + {y'}^2} \cdot \left(e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a+2z)^2}\right)$$

Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



SAR is assessed with a calibrated probe which moves at a default height of 5mm from the center of the diode, which is mounted to the sensor, to the phantom surface (in the Z Axis). The 5mm offset height has been selected so as to minimize any resultant boundary effect due to the probe being in close proximity to the phantom surface.

The following algorithm is an example of the function used by the system for linearization of the output from the probe when measuring complex modulation schemes.

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

Calibration Method	Frequency Dependent Below 1 GHz Calibration in air performed in a TEM Cell Above 1 GHz Calibration in air performed in waveguide
Sensitivity	$0.70 \ \mu V/(V/m)^2$ to $0.85 \ \mu V/(V/m)^2$
Dynamic Range	0.0005 W/kg to 100 W/kg
Isotropic Response	Better than 0.1 dB
Diode Compression Point (DCP)	Calibration for Specific Frequency
Probe Tip Diameter	< 2.9 mm
Sensor Offset	1.56 (+/- 0.02 mm)
Probe Length	289 mm
Video Bandwidth	 @ 500 Hz: 1 dB @ 1.02 kHz: 3 dB
Boundary Effect	Less than 2.1% for distance greater than 0.58 mm
Spatial Resolution	The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.5% for 4.9mm diameter probe. The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.0% for 2.5mm diameter probe

Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device

ALSAS-10U incorporates a boundary detection unit with a sensitivity of 0.05mm for detecting all types of surfaces. The robust design allows for detection during probe tilt (probe normalize) exercises, and utilizes a second stage emergency stop. The signal electronics are fed directly into the robot controller for high accuracy surface detection in lateral and axial detection modes (X, Y, & Z).

The probe is mounted directly onto the Boundary Detection unit for accurate tooling and displacement calculations controlled by the robot kinematics. The probe is connect to an isolated probe interconnect where the output stage of the probe is fed directly into the amplifier stage of the Daq-Paq.

Daq-Paq (Analog to Digital Electronics)

ALSAS-10U incorporates a fully calibrated Daq-Paq (analog to digital conversion system) which has a 4 channel input stage, sent via a 2 stage auto-set amplifier module. The input signal is amplified accordingly so as to offer a dynamic range from $5\mu V$ to 800mV. Integration of the fields measured is carried out at board level utilizing a Co-Processor which then sends the measured fields down into the main computational module in digitized form via an RS232 communications port. Probe linearity and duty cycle compensation is carried out within the main Daq-Paq module.

ADC	12 Bit
Amplifier Range	20 mV to 200 mV and 150 mV to 800 mV
Field Integration	Local Co-Processor utilizing proprietary integration algorithms
Number of Input Channels	4 in total 3 dedicated and 1 spare
Communication	Packet data via RS232

Axis Articulated Robot

ALSAS-10U utilizes a six axis articulated robot, which is controlled using a Pentium based real-time movement controller. The movement kinematics engine utilizes proprietary (Thermo CRS) interpolation and extrapolation algorithms, which allow full freedom of movement for each of the six joints within the working envelope. Utilization of joint 6 allows for full probe rotation with a tolerance better than 0.05mm around the central axis.



Robot/Controller Manufacturer	Thermo CRS
Number of Axis	Six independently controlled axis
Positioning Repeatability	0.05 mm
Controller Type	Single phase Pentium based C500C
Robot Reach	710 mm
Communication	RS232 and LAN compatible

ALSAS Universal Workstation

ALSAS Universal workstation allows for repeatability and fast adaptability. It allows users to do calibration, testing and measurements using different types of phantoms with one set up, which significantly speeds up the measurement process.

Universal Device Positioner

The universal device positioner allows complete freedom of movement of the EUT. Developed to hold a EUT in a free-space scenario any additional loading attributable to the material used in the construction of the positioner has been eliminated. Repeatability has been enhanced through the linear scales which form the design used to indicate positioning for any given test scenario in all major axes. A 15° tilt indicator is included for the of aid cheek to tilt movements for head SAR analysis. Overall uncertainty for measurements have been reduced due to the design of the Universal device positioner, which allows positioning of a device in as near to a free-space scenario as possible, and by providing the means for complete repeatability.

Report No.: RSZ160302004-20A1

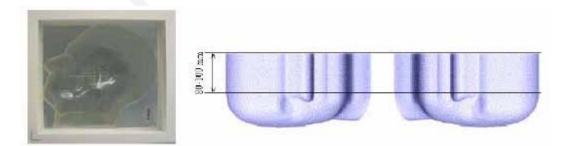


Phantom Types

The ALSAS-10U allows the integration of multiple phantom types. SAM Phantoms fully compliant with IEEE 1528, Universal Phantom, and Universal Flat.

APREL SAM Phantoms

The SAM phantoms developed using the IEEE SAM CAD file. They are fully compliant with the requirements for both IEEE 1528 and FCC Supplement C. Both the left and right SAM phantoms are interchangeable, transparent and include the IEEE 1528 grid with visible NF and MB lines.

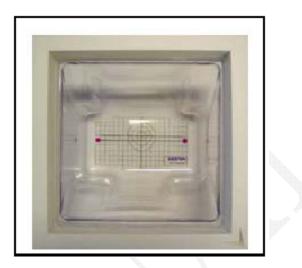


APREL Laboratories Universal Phantom

The Universal Phantom is used on the ALSAS-10U as a system validation phantom. The Universal Phantom has been fully validated both experimentally from 800MHz to 6GHz and numerically using XFDTD numerical software.

The shell thickness is 2mm overall, with a 4mm spacer located at the NF/MB intersection providing an overall thickness of 6mm in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528.

The design allows for fast and accurate measurements, of handsets, by allowing the conservative SAR to be evaluated at on frequency for both left and right head experiments in one measurement.



Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the EN62209-1:2006 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters recommended in EN62209-2:2010.

Frequency	Head Tissue	
(MHz)	Er	O' (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76
300	45.3	0.87
450	43.5	0.87
835	41.5	0.90
900	41.5	0.97
915	41.5	0.98
1450	40.5	1.20
1610	40.3	1.29
1800-2000	40.0	1.40
2450	39.2	1.80
3000	38.5	2.40
5800	35.3	5.27

EN62209-1:2006 Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters

EN62209-2:2010 Recommended Body Tissue Dielectric Parameters

Frequency	Body Tissue			
(MHz)	Er	O' (S/m)		
450	43.5	0.87		
835	41.5	0.90		
900	41.5	0.97		
1800	40.0	1.40		
1900	40.0	1.40		
2450	39.2	1.80		
4000	37.4	3.43		
5000	36.2	4.45		

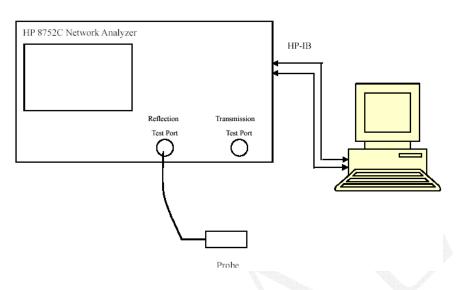
EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

Equipments List & Calibration Information

Equipment	Model	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date	S/N
CRS F3 robot	ALS-F3	N/A	N/A	RAF0805352
CRS F3 Software	ALS-F3-SW	N/A	N/A	N/A
CRS C500C controller	ALS-C500	N/A	N/A	RCF0805379
Probe mounting device & Boundary Detection Sensor System	ALS-PMDPS-3	N/A	N/A	120-00270
Universal Work Station	ALS-UWS	N/A	N/A	100-00157
Data Acquisition Package	ALS-DAQ-PAQ-3	2015-12-14	2016-12-14	110-00212
Miniature E-Field Probe	ALS-E-020	2015-12-14	2016-12-14	500-00283
Dipole,2450MHz	ALS-D-2450-S-2	2014-10-09	2017-10-09	220-00758
Dipole Spacer	ALS-DS-U	N/A	N/A	250-00907
Device holder/Positioner	ALS-H-E-SET-2	N/A	N/A	170-00510
Left ear SAM phantom	ALS-P-SAM-L	N/A	N/A	130-00311
Right ear SAM phantom	ALS-P-SAM-R	N/A	N/A	140-00359
UniPhantom	ALS-P-UP-1	N/A	N/A	150-00413
Simulated Tissue 2450 MHz Head and Body	ALS-TS-2450-H	Each Time	/	296-01001
Directional couple	DC6180A	N/A	N/A	0325849
Power Amplifier	5S1G4	N/A	N/A	71377
Dielectric probe kit	HP85070B	2015-06-13	2016-06-13	US33020324
Attenuator	3dB	N/A	N/A	5402
Network analyzer	8752C	2015-06-03	2016-06-03	3410A02356
Synthesized Sweeper	HP 8341B	2015-06-03	2016-06-03	2624A00116
WIDEBAND RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER	CMW500	2015-04-19	2016-04-19	114772
EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	2015-06-13	2016-06-13	101746

SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Liquid Verification



Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

Liquid Verification Results

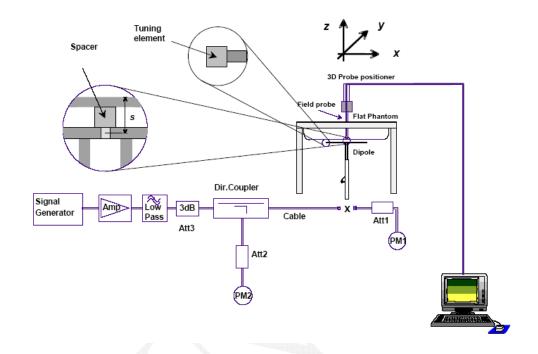
Frequency	Liquid	Liquid I	Parameter	Targe	et Value	Del (%		Tolerance
(MHz)	Туре	8 _r	O (S/m)	8r	O' (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_r$	ΔÖ	(%)
2580.0	Head and Body	39.35	1.88	39.03	1.94	0.820	-3.093	±5
2595.0	Head and Body	39.31	1.94	39.02	1.96	0.743	-1.020	±5
2610.0	Head and Body	39.25	1.95	39.00	1.97	0.641	-1.015	±5

*Liquid Verification was performed on 2016-03-04

System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$. The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

System Verification Setup Block Diagram



System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type		red SAR /Kg)	Target Value (W/Kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2016-03-04	2450	Head and Body	10g	25.309	25.327	-0.071	±10

All SAR values are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen)

Frequency (MHz)	1 g SAR (W/Kg)	10 g SAR (W/Kg)	Local SAR at surface (above feed point)	Local SAR at surface (y=2cm offset from feed point)
300	3.0	2.0	4.4	2.1
450	4.9	3.3	7.2	3.2
835	9.5	6.2	14.1	4.9
900	10.8	6.9	16.4	5.4
1450	29.0	16.0	50.2	6.5
1800	38.1	19.8	69.5	6.8
1900	39.7	20.5	72.1	6.6
2000	41.1	21.1	74.6	6.5
2450	52.4	24.0	104.2	7.7
3000	63.8	25.7	140.2	9.5

EN62209-1:2006 recommended reference value for Head Tissue

EN62209-2:2010 recommended reference value for Body Tissue

Frequency (MHz)	1 g SAR (W/Kg)	10 g SAR (W/Kg)	Local SAR at surface (above feed point)	Local SAR at surface (y=2cm offset from feed point)
300	2.85	1.94	4.14	2.00
450	4.58	3.06	6.75	2.98
835	9.56	6.22	14.6	4.90
900	10.9	6.99	16.4	5.40
1450	29.0	16.0	50.2	6.50
1800	38.4	20.1	69.5	6.80
1900	39.7	20.5	72.1	6.60
2000	41.1	21.1	74.6	6.50
2450	52.4	24.0	104	7.70
3000	63.8	25.7	140	9.50

SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

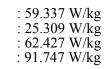
Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

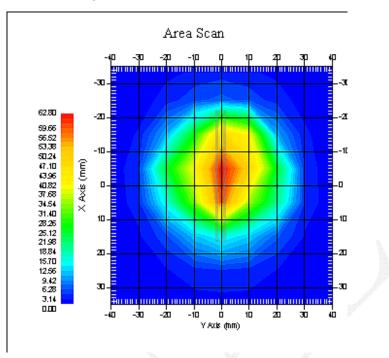
System Performance Check 2450 MHz Head Liquid

Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: ALS-D-2450-S-2; S/N: 220-00758

Product Data Device Name Serial No. Type Model Frequency Band Max. Transmit Pwr Drift Time Power Drift-Start Power Drift-Finish Power Drift (%)	: Dipole 2450MHz : 220-00758 : Dipole : ALS-D-2450-S-2 : 2450 MHz : 1 W : 3 min(s) : 51.639 W/kg : 51.024 W/kg : -1.241
Phantom Data Name Type Serial No. Location Description	: APREL-Uni : Uni-Phantom : System Default : Center : Default
Tissue Data Type Serial No. Frequency Last Calib. Date Temperature Ambient Temp. Humidity Epsilon Sigma Density	: Head and Body : 290-01109 : 2450.0 MHz : 04-Mar-2016 : 20.00 °C : 21.00 °C : 50.00 RH% : 39.40 F/m : 1.78 S/m : 1000.00 kg/cu. M
Probe Data Name Model Type Serial No. Last Calib. Date Frequency Band Duty Cycle Factor Conversion Factor Probe Sensitivity Compression Point Offset	: E-Field : E-020 : E-Field Triangle : 500-00283 : 14-Dec-2015 : 2450 MHz : 1 : 4.3 : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$: 95.00 mV : 1.56 mm
Measurement Data Crest Factor Scan Type Tissue Temp. Ambient Temp. Area Scan Zoom Scan	: 1 : Complete : 20.00 °C : 20.00 °C : 7x9x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

1 gram SAR value
10 gram SAR value
Area Scan Peak SAR
Zoom Scan Peak SAR





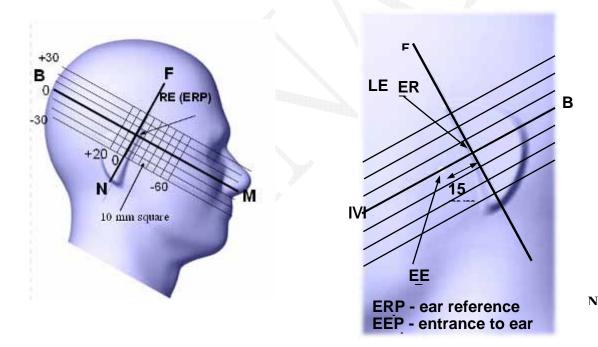
2450 MHz System Validation with Head Tissue

EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper ¹/₄ of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point". The "test device reference point" should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The "vertical centerline" should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A "ear reference point" is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the "phantom reference plane" defined by the three lines joining the center of each "ear reference point" (left and right) and the tip of the mouth.

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the "N-F" line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the "ear reference point". For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The "test device reference point" is aligned to the "ear reference point" on the head phantom and the "vertical centerline" is aligned to the "phantom reference plane". This is called the "initial ear position". While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:



Cheek/Touch Position

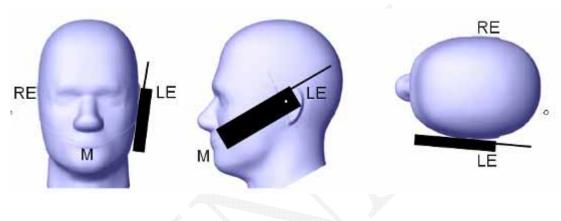
The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the "ear reference point" or along the "N-F" line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

This test position is established:

- When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.
- (or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

Cheek /Touch Position



Ear/Tilt Position

With the handset aligned in the "Cheek/Touch Position":

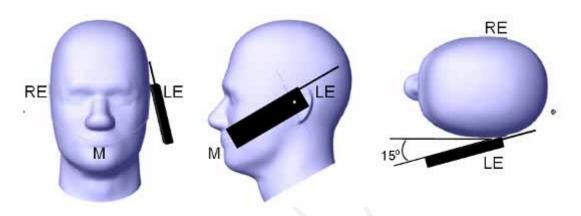
1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom's ear spacer (in the "Cheek/Touch position") and the peak SAR location for the "Cheek/Touch" position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the "initial ear position" by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.

2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the "test device reference point" until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point is by 15°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen)

If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the "Cheek/Touch" and "Ear/Tilt" positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tile/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

Ear /Tilt 15° Position



Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

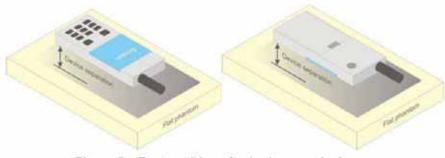


Figure 5 – Test positions for body-worn devices

SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

- Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.
- Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or EUT and the horizontal grid spacing was 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.
- Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:
 - 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
 - 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

Test methodology

EN 50360:2001+A1:2012 EN 50566:2013 EN62311: 2008 EN62209-1:2006 EN62209-2:2010 EN 62479:2010 IEEE1528:2013

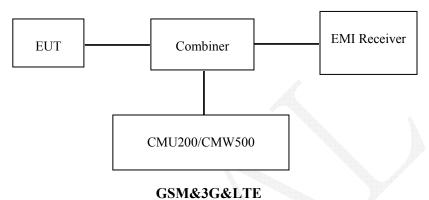
CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

Provision Applicable

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the EMI Receiver through sufficient attenuation.



Test Results:

LTE:

Test Band	Test Bandwidth	Resource Block Size	Test Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Power(dBm)
			L	2572.5	22.32
		RB1	М	2595.0	22.35
	5MHz		Н	2617.5	22.34
	JIVITIZ	RB8	L	2572.5	22.36
			М	2595.0	22.42
E-UTRA			Н	2617.5	22.43
Band 38			L	2580.0	22.45
		RB1	М	2595.0	22.47
	201411-		Н	2610.0	22.25
	20MHz		L	2580.0	22.23
		RB18	М	2595.0	22.24
			Н	2610.0	22.26

Note:

- 1. The CMW500 Wideband Radio Communication tester is used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Closed loop power control is used to keep the radio transmitters the max output power during the test.
- Note: For conducted output power of EGSM 900/DCS 1800/WCDAM 900/WCDMA 2100/LTE Band 3/ LTE Band 7/ LTE Band 20/Bluetooth and Wi-Fi please refer to report RSZ151208012-20.

SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

Test Results:

Environmental Conditions:

Temperature:	21
Relative Humidity:	52 %
ATM Pressure:	1002 mbar

* Testing was performed by Wilson Chen on 2016-03-04.

LTE FDD Band 38

EUT	Frequency	Modulation	DD	Phantom	Power	10g S	10g SAR (W/Kg)			
Position	(MHz)	Туре	RB	Туре	Drift (%)	Measurement	Limit	Plot		
Left-Head-Cheek	2595.0	QPSK	1	SAM	-0.170	0.122	2.0	/		
Left-Head-Tilt	2595.0	QPSK	1	SAM	4.657	0.075	2.0	/		
	2580.0	QPSK	1	SAM	-0.250	0.139	2.0	/		
	2595.0	QPSK	1	SAM	-0.016	0.148	2.0	1#		
Right-Head-Cheek	2610.0	QPSK	1	SAM	3.429	0.142	2.0	/		
	2595.0	QPSK	50	SAM	3.351	0.135	2.0	/		
	2595.0 🧹	QPSK	100	SAM	2.284	0.133	2.0	/		
Right -Head-Tilt	2595.0	QPSK	1	SAM	-1.313	0.069	2.0	/		
	2580.0	QPSK	1	Universal	0.133	0.187	2.0	/		
	2595.0	QPSK	1	Universal	-1.523	0.197	2.0	2#		
Body-Back (15mm)	2610.0	QPSK	1	Universal	2.612	0.175	2.0	/		
(15mm)	2595.0	QPSK	50	Universal	-1.249	0.159	2.0	/		
	2595.0	QPSK	100	Universal	0.047	0.178	2.0	/		

Note:

- When the 10-g SAR is ≤ 1.0W/Kg, testing for low and high channel is optional.
 The CMW500 Wideband Radio Communication tester is used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Closed loop power control is used to keep the radio transmitters the max output power during the test.
- 3. All SAR datas are tested start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation. According to the worst case, SAR datas for QPSK with 50% and 100% RB allocation are tested.

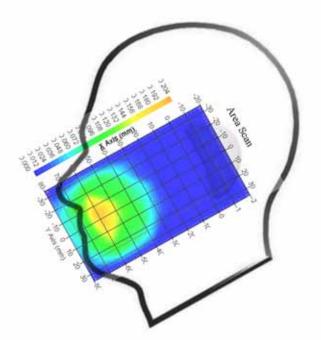
SAR Plots (Summary of the Highest SAR Values)

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

LTE FDD Band 38; Right-Head-Cheek (2595 MHz Middle Channel);

Measurement Data Test mode Crest Factor Scan Type : Area Scan Zoom Scan Power Drift-Start Power Drift-Finish	: RB1 : 1 : Complete : 11x8x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm : 0.005 W/kg : 0.005 W/kg
Power Drift (%)	: -0.016
Tissue Data Type Fraguency	: Head and Body : 2595 MHz
Frequency Epsilon	: 39.31 F/m
Sigma	: 1.94 S/m
Density	: 1000.00 kg/cu. m
Probe Data Serial No. Frequency Band Duty Cycle Factor Conversion Factor Probe Sensitivity Compression Point Offset	: 500-00283 : 2450 : 1 : 4.8 : 1.20 1.20 1.20 μV/(V/m)2 : 95.00 mV : 1.56 mm
1 gram SAR value 10 gram SAR value Area Scan Peak SAR Zoom Scan Peak SAR	: 0.201 W/kg : 0.148 W/kg : 0.204 W/kg : 0.358 W/kg

Plot 15#

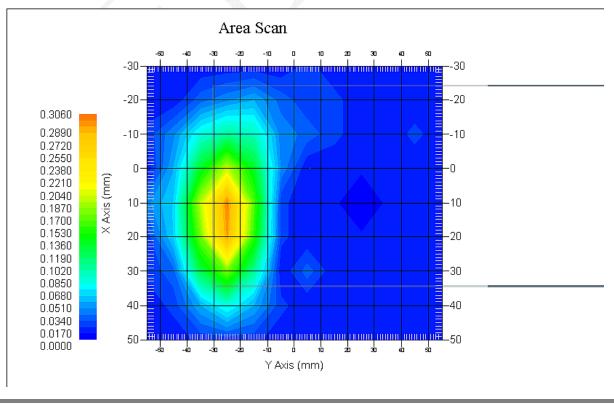


Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

LTE FDD Band 38; Body-Worn-Back (2595 MHz Middle Channel);

Measurement Data Test mode Crest Factor Scan Type : Area Scan Zoom Scan Power Drift-Start Power Drift-Finish Power Drift (%)	: RB1 : 1 : Complete : 9x12x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm : 0.067 W/kg : 0.066 W/kg : -1.523
Tissue Data Type Frequency Epsilon Sigma Density	: Head and Body : 2595 MHz : 39.31 F/m : 1.94 S/m : 1000.00 kg/cu. m
Probe Data Serial No. Frequency Band Duty Cycle Factor Conversion Factor Probe Sensitivity Compression Point Offset	: 500-00283 : 2450 : 1 : 4.8 : 1.20 1.20 1.20 µV/(V/m)2 : 95.00 mV : 1.56 mm
1 gram SAR value 10 gram SAR value Area Scan Peak SAR Zoom Scan Peak SAR	: 0.301 W/kg : 0.197 W/kg : 0.306 W/kg : 0.438 W/kg





SAR Evaluation Report

APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

According to **IEEE1528:2013**, the uncertainty budget has been determined for the Head SAR measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Source of Uncertainty	Tolerance Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c _i ¹ (1-g)	c _i ¹ (10-g)	Standard Uncertainty (1-g) %	Standard Uncertainty (10-g) %
		Measure	ement Syst	em		1	
Probe Calibration	3.5	normal	1	1	1	3.5	3.5
Axial Isotropy	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-cp)^{1/2}$	$(1-cp)^{1}$	1.5	1.5
Hemispherical Isotropy	10.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	√ср	√ср	4.4	4.4
Boundary Effect	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection Limit	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout Electronics	1.0	normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0
Response Time	0.8	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5
Integration Time	1.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.0	1.0
RF Ambient Condition -Noise	0.6	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3
RF Ambient Condition - Reflections	3.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner Mech. Restrictions	0.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	2.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7
Extrapolation and Integration	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.1	2.1
		Test sai	nple relat	ed			
Test sample positioning	2.0	normal	1	1	1	2.0	2.0
Device Holder Uncertainty	4.0	normal	1	1	1	6.215	6.215
Drift of Output Power	5.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.67	2.67
		Phanton	m and Set	սթ			
Phantom Uncertainty	3.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.0	2.0
SAR correction in permittivity and conductivity	1.2	normal	1	1	0.85	1.2	1.0
Liquid conductivity measurement	5.0	normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.9	3.6
Liquid permittivity measurement	5.0	normal	1	0.25	0.29	1.3	1.5
conductivity—temperat ure	1.1	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	0.5	0.5
permittivity—temperatu re	1.3	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.23	0.2	0.2
Combined Uncertainty		RSS				10.78	10.55
Expanded uncertainty (coverage factor=2)		Normal(k=2)				21.56	21.10

According to **IEC62209-2:2010**, the uncertainty budget has been determined for the Body SAR measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Source of Uncertainty	Tolerance Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c _i ¹ (1-g)	c _i ¹ (10-g)	Standard Uncertainty (1-g) %	Standard Uncertainty (10-g) %
		Measure	ment Syst	em			
Probe Calibration	3.5	normal	1	1	1	3.5	3.5
Axial Isotropy	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5
Boundary Effect	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection Limit	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout Electronics	1.0	normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0
Response Time	0.8	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5
Integration Time	1.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.0	1.0
RF Ambient Condition -Noise	0.6	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3
RF Ambient Condition - Reflections	3.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner Mech. Restrictions	0.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	2.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7
Extrapolation and Integration	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.1	2.1
		Test sar	nple relate	ed			
Test sample positioning	2.0	normal	1	1	1	2.0	2.0
Device Holder Uncertainty	4.0	normal	1	1	1	6.215	6.215
Drift of Output Power	5.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.67	2.67
		Phantor	n and Setu	ър			
Phantom Uncertainty	3.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.0	2.0
SAR correction in permittivity and conductivity	1.2	normal	1	1	0.84	1.2	1.0
Liquid conductivity measurement	5.0	normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.9	3.6
Liquid permittivity measurement	5.0	normal	1	0.23	0.26	1.3	1.5
conductivity—temperat ure	1.1	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	0.5	0.5
permittivity—temperatu re	1.3	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.2	0.2
Combined Uncertainty		RSS				9.58	9.49
Expanded uncertainty (coverage factor=2)		Normal(k=2)				19.16	18.98

APPENDIX B PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No.: PC-1654

Task No: BACL-5805

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

> Equipment: Miniature Isotropic RF Probe Record of Calibration Head and Body Manufacturer: APREL Inc. Model No.: ALS-E020 Serial No.: 500-00283

Calibration Procedure: D01-032-E020-V2, D22-012-Tissue, D28-002-Dipole Project No: BACL-5805

> Calibrated: 12th December 2015 Released on: 14th December 2015

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Suite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr, OTTAWA, ONTARSO CANADA K2K 3J1 Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 435-8300 FAX: (613) 435-8306

SAR Evaluation Report

NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Inc.

Introduction

This Calibration Report reproduces the results of the calibration performed in line with the references listed below. Calibration is performed using accepted methodologies as per the references listed below. Probes are calibrated for air, and tissue and the values reported are the results from the physical quantification.

Calibration Method

Probes are calibrated using the following methods.

<800 MHz TEM Cell for sensitivity in air Standard phantom using temperature transfer method for sensitivity in tissue

>800 MHz

Waveguide* method to determine sensitivity in air and tissue *Waveguide is numerically (simulation) assessed to determine the field distribution and power

The boundary effect for the probe is assessed using a standard flat phantom where the probe output is compared against a numerically simulated series of data points

References

o IEEE Standard 1528:2013

IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques

o IEC 62209-1:2006

Human Exposure to RF Fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices - Human models. instrumentation, and procedures - Part 1: Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held mobile wireless devices

- IEC 62209-2:2010
 Human exposure to RF fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless devices Human models, instrumentation, and procedures - Part 2: specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices (30 MHz - 6 GHz)
- TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field probe calibration procedure
- o D22-012-Tissue dielectric tissue calibration procedure
- o D28-002-Dipole procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole
- IEEE 1309 Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9kHz to 40GHz

Page 2 of 10

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

Probe S/N 500-00283

NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Inc.

Conditions

Probe 500-00283 was a recalibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory:	20 °C +/- 1.5°C
Temperature of the Tissue:	21 °C +/- 1.5°C
Relative Humidity:	< 60%

Primary Measurement Standards

Instrument	Serial Number	Cal due date
Power Meter Tektronix USB	11C940	Apr 2, 2017
Signal Generator Agilent E4438C	MY45094463	Dec 11, 2017

Secondary Measurement Standards

Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C	002106	Feb. 4, 2017
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Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Dan Brooks, Test Engineer

Page 3 of 10 This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

Probe S/N 500-00283

SAR Evaluation Report

35 of 59

NCL Calibration Laboratories Division of APREL Inc.

Probe Summary

Probe Type:	E-Field Probe E-020
Serial Number:	500-00283
Frequency:	As presented on page 5
Sensor Offset:	1.56
Sensor Length:	2.5
Tip Enclosure:	Composite*
Tip Diameter:	< 2.9 mm
Tip Length:	55 mm
Total Length:	289 mm
Diode Compression Point:	95 mV

Sensitivity in Air

Frequency Range	Channel X, μV/(V/m) ²	Channel Y, µV/(V/m)²	Channel Z, $\mu V/(V/m)^2$	Tolerance, μV/(V/m) ²
450 MHz	1.212	1.205	1.199	±0.004
750 MHz, 835 MHz 900 MHz	1.212	1.21	1.209	±0.004
1 GHz – 4 GHz	1.21	1.21	1.207	±0.004
5 GHz – 6 GHz	1.2	1.192	1.19	±0.005

*Resistive to recommended tissue recipes per IEEE-1528

Page 4 of 10 This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

Probe S/N 500-00283

NCL Calibration Laboratories Division of APREL Inc.

Calibration for Tissue (Head H, Body B)

Frequency	Tissue Type	Measured Epsilon	Measured Sigma	Standard Uncertainty (%)	Calibration Frequency Range (MHz)	Conversior Factor
450 H	Head	43.5	0.84	3.5	±50	5.7
450 B	Body	56.77	0.93	3.5	±50	5.8
750 H	Head	42.92	0.92	3.5	±50	6.0
750 B	Body	55.57	0.93	3.5	±50	5.9
835 H	Head	43.44	0.94	3.5	±50	5.9
835 B	Body	54.91	1.00	3.5	±50	5.9
900 H	Head	41.05	1.01	3.5	±50	6.0
900 B	Body	54.86	1.04	3.5	±50	5.9
1450 H	Head	X	X	X	X	x
1450 B	Body	X	X	X	X	x
1500 H	Head	X	X	X	X	x
1500 B	Body	X	X	X	X	x
1640 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
1640 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
1750 H	Head	38.58	1.36	3.5	±75	5.4
1750 B	Body	51.5	1.52	3.5	±75	5.3
1800 H	Head	x	X	X	X	X
1800 B	Body	X	X	X	X	x
1900 H	Head	40.72	1.37	3.5	±75	4.8
1900 B	Body	52.29	1.58	3.5	±75	4.8
2000 H	Head	x	X	X	×	x
2000 B	Body	x	X	×	X	x
2100 H	Head	x	X	X	×	x
2100 B	Body	x	X	X	X	x
2300 H	Head	x	x	X	X	х
2300 B	Body	x	x	X	X	x
2450 H	Head	37.35	1.85	3.5	±75	4.8
2450B	Body	53.26	1.96	3.5	±75	4.3
3000 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
3000 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
3600 H	Head	37.24	3.14	3.5	±100	4.4
3600 B	Body	50.23	3.81	3.5	±100	4.1
5250 H	Head	35.05	4.65	3.5	±100	3.1
5250 B	Body	46.24	5.11	3.5	±100	2.9
5600 H	Head	34.95	5.06	3.5	±100	3.0
5600 B	Body	45.95	5.73	3.5	±100	2.4
5800 H	Head	34.57	5.27	3.5	±100	3,1
5800 B	Body	46.01	6.10	3.5	±100	2.6

Page 5 of 10 This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

Probe S/N 500-00283

Division of APREL Inc.

Boundary Effect:

Uncertainty resulting from the boundary effect is less than 2.1% for the distance between the tip of the probe and the tissue boundary, when less than 0.58mm.

Spatial Resolution:

The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.5% for 4.9mm diameter probe. The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.0% for 2.5mm diameter probe.

DAQ-PAQ Contribution

To minimize the uncertainty calculation all tissue sensitivity values were calculated using a load impedance of 5 M $\!\Omega$

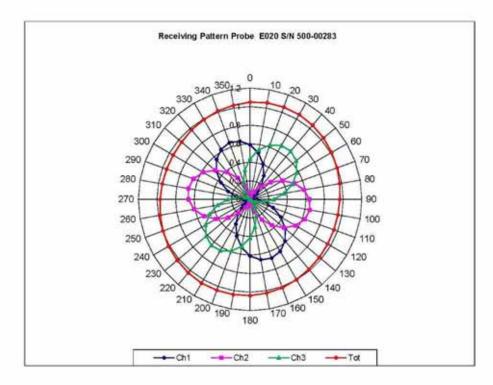
Probe Calibration Uncertainty

Uncertainty component	Tolerance (±%)	Probability distribution	Divisor	Standard uncertainty (±%)
Incident or forward power	2.5	R	V3	1.44
Reflected power	2	R	√3	1.15
Liquid conductivity measurement	1	R	√3	0.58
Liquid permittivity measurement	1	R	√3	0.58
Liquid conductivity deviation	1.5	R	v 3	0.87
Liquid permittivity deviation	1.5	R	√3	0.87
Frequency deviation	2.25	R	√3	1.30
Field homogeneity	2.5	R	√3	1.44
Field-probe positioning	2.5	R	√3	1.44
Field-probe linearity	1.55	R	v 3	0.89
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS		3.50

Page 6 of 10 This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document. Probe S/N 500-00283

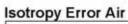
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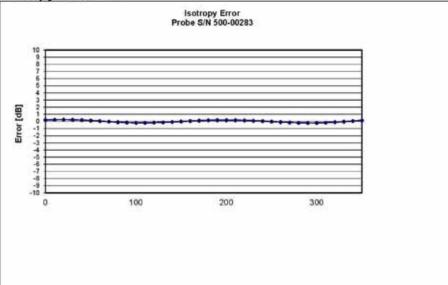
Receiving Pattern Air

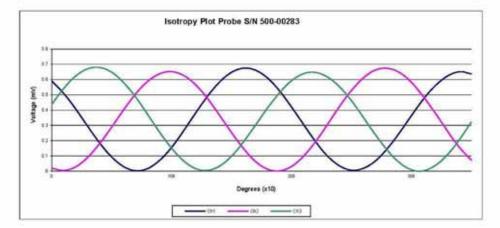


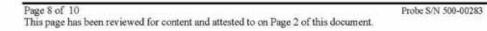
Page 7 of 10 This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document. Probe S/N 500-00283

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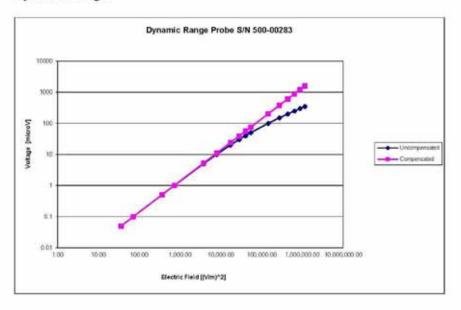




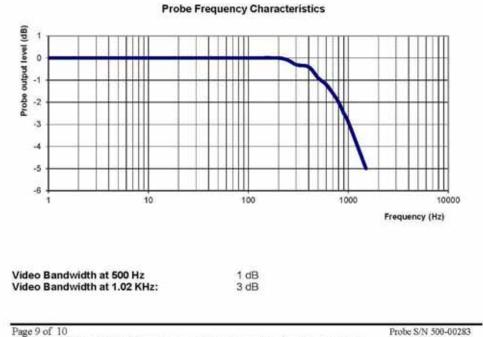


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Dynamic Range



Video Bandwidth



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SAR Evaluation Report

APPENDIX C DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No: DC-1602 Project Number: BAC-dipole-cal-5779

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Validation Dipole (Head & Body)

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories Part number: ALS-D-2450-S-2 Frequency: 2450 MHz Serial No: 220-00758

Customer: Bay Area Compliance Laboratory

Calibrated: 9th October, 2014 Released on: 9th October, 2014

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

Art Brennan, Quality Manager



Division of APREL Laboratories.

Conditions

Dipole 220-00758 was received in good condition and was a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory:	22 °C +/- 0.5°C
Temperature of the Tissue:	21 °C +/- 0.5°C

Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

lea

Maryna Nesterova Calibration Engineer

Primary Measurement Standards

Instrument

Tektronix USB Power Meter Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C Serial Number 11C940 002106 Cal due date May 14, 2015 Feb. 20, 2015

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Calibration Results Summary

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

Mechanical Dimensions

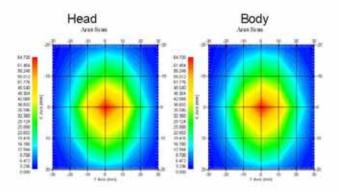
Length:	52.4 mm
Height:	30.3 mm

Electrical Specification

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	2450 MHz	1.014 U	-45.184 dB	50.006Ω
Body	2450 MHz	1.070 U	-29.453 dB	50.672 Ω

System Validation Results

Tissue	Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak
Head	2450 MHz	54.916	25.327	111.97
Body	2450 MHz	52.418	24.691	103.91



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Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole 220-00758. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-020 30 MHz to 6 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 225.

References

SSI-TP-018-ALSAS Dipole Calibration Procedure

SSI-TP-016 Tissue Calibration Procedure

IEEE 1528 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques"

IEC-62209 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and bodymounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"

Part 1: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)"

IEC-62209 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and bodymounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"

Part 2 *Draft*: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for handheld devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)"

Conditions

Dipole 220-00758 was a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory:	22 °C +/- 0.5°C
Temperature of the Tissue:	20 °C +/- 0.5°C

Dipole Calibration uncertainty

The calibration uncertainty for the dipole is made up of various parameters presented below.

Mechanical	1%
Positioning Error	1.22%
Electrical	1.7%
Tissue	2.2%
Dipole Validation	2.2%
TOTAL	8.32% (16.64% K=2)

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Dipole Calibration Results

Mechanical Verification

APREL	APREL	Measured	Measured
Length	Height	Length	Height
51.5 mm	30.4 mm	52.4 mm	30.3 mm

Electrical Specification

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	2450 MHz	1.014 U	-45.184 dB	50.006Ω
Body	2450 MHz	1.070 U	-29.453 dB	50.672 Ω

Tissue Validation

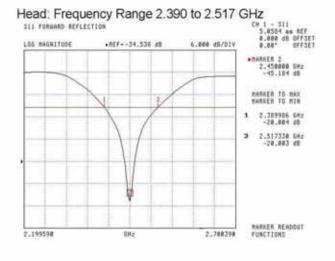
	Dielectric constant, 8r	Conductivity, or [S/m]
Head Tissue 2450 MHz	37.26	1.84
Body Tissue 2450MHz	53.61	1.90

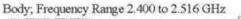
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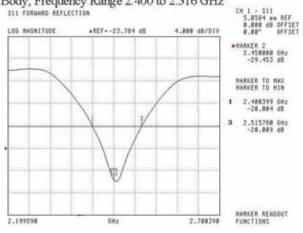
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The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

S11 Parameter Return Loss





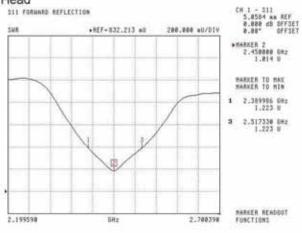


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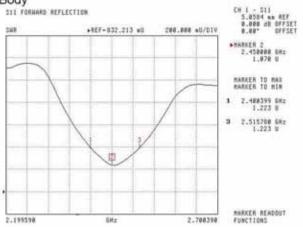
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SWR

Head



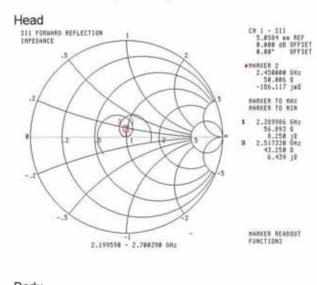
Body

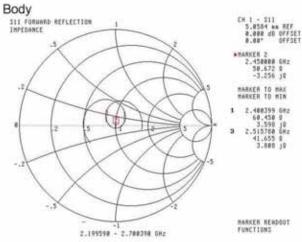


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NCL Calibration Laboratories Division of APREL Laboratories.

Smith Chart Dipole Impedance





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SAR Evaluation Report

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List May 2014.

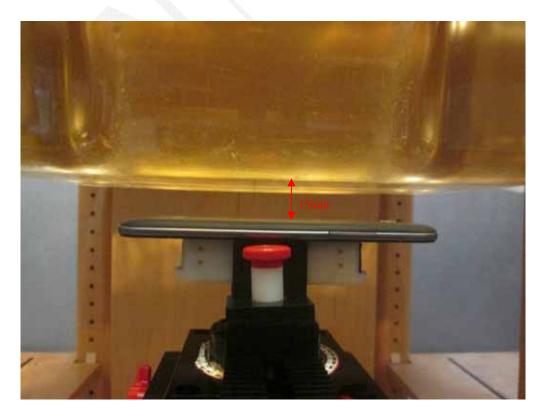
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APPENDIX D EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS

Liquid depth \geq 15cm



Body-worn Back Setup Photo



Left Head Touch Setup Photo



Left Head Tilt Setup Photo



Right Head Touch Setup Photo



Right Head Tilt Setup Photo



APPENDIX E EUT PHOTOS

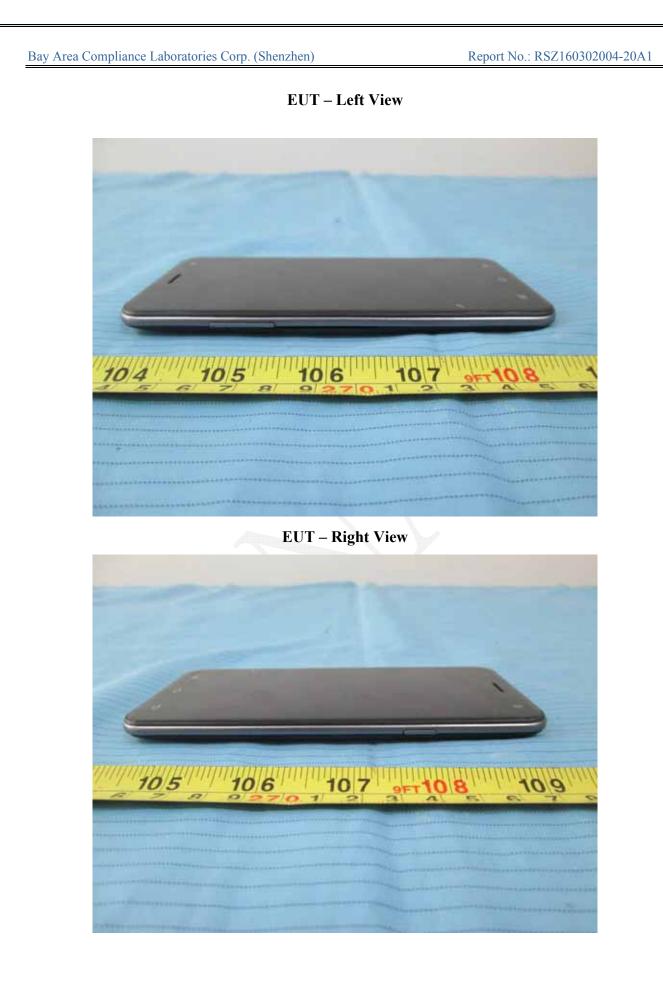
EUT – Front View



EUT – Back View



SAR Evaluation Report





EUT – Bottom View





APPENDIX F INFORMATIVE REFERENCES

[1] Federal Communications Commission, \Report and order: Guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radiofrequency radiation", Tech. Rep. FCC 96-326, FCC, Washington, D.C. 20554, 1996.

[2] David L. Means Kwok Chan, Robert F. Cleveland, \Evaluating compliance with FCC guidelines for human exposure to radiofrequency electromagnetic fields", Tech. Rep., Federal Communication Commission, O_ce of Engineering & Technology, Washington, DC, 1997.

[3] Thomas Schmid, Oliver Egger, and Niels Kuster, \Automated E-_eld scanning system for dosimetric assessments", IEEE Transactions on Microwave Theory and Techniques, vol. 44, pp. 105{113, Jan. 1996.

[4] Niels Kuster, Ralph K.astle, and Thomas Schmid, \Dosimetric evaluation of mobile communications equipment with known precision", IEICE Transactions on Communications, vol. E80-B, no. 5, pp. 645{652, May 1997.

[5] CENELEC, \Considerations for evaluating of human exposure to electromagnetic fields (EMFs) from mobile telecommunication equipment (MTE) in the frequency range 30MHz - 6GHz", Tech. Rep., CENELEC, European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization, Brussels, 1997.

[6] ANSI, ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz, The Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York, NY 10017, 1992.

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[13] NIS81 NAMAS, \The treatment of uncertainity in EMC measurement", Tech. Rep., NAMAS Executive, National Physical Laboratory, Teddington, Middlesex, England, 1994.

[14] Barry N. Taylor and Christ E. Kuyatt, \Guidelines for evaluating and expressing the uncertainty of NIST measurement results", Tech. Rep., National Institute of Standards and Technology, 1994. Dosimetric Evaluation of Sample device, month 1998 10.

BELOW IS THE ORIGINAL REPORT



EN 50360:2001+A1:2012 EN 50566:2013

SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

Shenzhen East Xinyi Electronic Techonology Co., Ltd.

Room 20A, TAIBANG Techonology bldg, High-Tech Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, China

Tested Model: EX8535 Multiple Model: EX8537

Report Type:		Product Type:
Original Report		Brondi 530 4G HD
Test Engineer:	Wilson Chen	Wilson then
Report Number:	RSZ151208012-2	0
Report Date:	2015-12-31	
	Bell Hu	BeilHu
Reviewed By:	SAR Engineer	
Prepared By:	 Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzher 6/F, the 3rd Phase of WanLi Industrial Building, ShiHua Road, FuTian Free Trade Zone Shenzhen, Guangdong, China Tel: +86-755-33320018 Fax: +86-755-33320008 www.baclcorp.com.cn 	

Note: This test report is prepared for the customer shown above and for the equipment described herein. It may not be duplicated or used in part without prior written consent from Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. This report is valid only with a valid digital signature. The digital signature may be available only under the Adobe software above version 7.0.

Attestation of Test Results			
	Company Name	Shenzhen East Xinyi Electronic Techonology Co.,	Ltd.
	EUT Description	Brondi 530 4G HD	
EUT Information	Model Number	Tested Model: EX8535 Multiple Model: EX8537	
	Test Date	2015-12-16	
Frequency Band		Max. SAR Level(s) Measured	Limit(W/Kg)
EGSM 900		0.042 W/kg 10g Head SAR 0.043 W/kg 10g Body SAR	
DCS 1800		0.088 W/kg 10g Head SAR 0.162 W/kg 10g Body SAR	
WCDMA 900		0.064 W/kg 10g Head SAR 0.075 W/kg 10g Body SAR	
WCDMA 2100		0.087 W/kg 10g Head SAR 0.170 W/kg 10g Body SAR	2.0
LTE Band 3		0.272 W/kg 10g Head SAR 0.458 W/kg 10g Body SAR	
LTE Band 7		0.127 W/kg 10g Head SAR 0.177 W/kg 10g Body SAR	
LTE Band 20		0.112 W/kg 10g Head SAR 0.182 W/kg 10g Body SAR	
Applicable Standards			
(SAR) for General 50360:2001+A1:2012 EN62209-1:2006 & E	Population/Uncontrol 2 and has been to EN62209-2:2010.	own to be capable of compliance for localized specified Exposure limits specified in DIRECTIVE ested in accordance with the measurement process this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluate	E 1999/5/EC & EN cedures specified in

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DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision
0	RSZ151208012-20	Original Report	2015-12-31

EUT DESCRIPTION

This report has been prepared on behalf of Shenzhen East Xinyi Electronic Techonology Co., Ltd. and their product, Model: EX8535 or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

*Note: This series products model: EX8535 and EX8537, we select model: EX8535 to test, there is no electrical change has been made to the equipment, please refer to the product similarity letter.

Technical Specification

Product Type	Portable	
Exposure Category:	Population / Uncontrolled	
Antenna Type(s):	Internal Antenna	
Body-Worn Accessories:	Headset	
Face-Head Accessories:	None	
Multi-slot Class:	Class 12	
Operation Mode :	GSM Voice, EGPRS/GPRS Data, WCDMA,LTE, Wi-Fi and Bluetooth	
	E-GSM900: 880-915 MHz(TX); 925-960 MHz(RX)	
	DCS Band: 1710-1785 MHz(TX); 1805-1880 MHz(RX)	
	WCDMA900: 880-915 MHz(TX); 925-960 MHz(RX)	
	WCDMA2100: 1920-1980MHz(TX); 2110-2170MHz(RX)	
Frequency Band:	LTE Band 3: 1710-1785MHz(TX) ; 1805-1880MHz(RX)	
	LTE Band 7: 2500-2570MHz(TX) ; 2620-2690MHz(RX)	
	LTE Band 20: 832-862MHz(TX); 791-821MHz(RX)	
	Wi-Fi: 2412-2472MHz	
Bluetooth: 2402-2480 MHz		
	EGSM 900: 32.10 dBm	
	DCS 1800: 29.10 dBm	
	WCDMA 900: 22.29 dBm	
	WCDMA 2100: 21.98 dBm	
Conducted RF Power:	LTE Band 3: 22.36 dBm	
	LTE Band 7: 22.42 dBm	
	LTE Band 20: 22.56 dBm	
	Wi-Fi: 7.63 dBm	
Bluetooth: 5.58 dBm		
Dimensions (L*W*H):	143 mm (L) \times 72 mm (W) \times 8mm (H)	
Power Source:	3.8V _{DC} Rechargeable Battery	
Normal Operation:	n: Head and Body worn	

REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUILDELINES

FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

CE:

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 2 mW/g as recommended by EN62209-1 for an uncontrolled environment. According to the Standard, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under "worst-case" conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in Europe is 2 mW/g average over 10 gram of tissue mass.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

SAR Limits

	SAR (W/kg)	
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

CE Limit (10g Tissue)

	SAR (W/kg)	
EXPOSURE LIMITS	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue)	2.0	10
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg (FCC) & 2 W/kg (CE) applied to the EUT.

FACILITIES

The test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) to collect data is located at 6/F, the 3rd Phase of WanLi Industrial Building, Shi Hua Road, Fu Tian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. of China

DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with ALSAS 10 Universal Integrated SAR Measurement system from APREL Laboratories.

ALSAS-10U System Description

ALSAS-10-U is fully compliant with the technical and scientific requirements of IEEE 1528, IEC 62209, CENELEC, ARIB, ACA, and the Federal Communications Commission. The system comprises of a six axes articulated robot which utilizes a dedicated controller. ALSAS-10U uses the latest methodologies. And FDTD modeling to provide a platform which is repeatable with minimum uncertainty.

Applications

Predefined measurement procedures compliant with the guidelines of CENELEC, IEEE, IEC, FCC, etc are utilized during the assessment for the device. Automatic detection for all SAR maxima are embedded within the core architecture for the system, ensuring that peak locations used for centering the zoom scan are within a 1mm resolution and a 0.05mm repeatable position. System operation range currently available up-to 6 GHz in simulated tissue.

Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm2 step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the ALSAS-10U software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m3 is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 5x5x8 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 35mm in the Z axis.



ALSAS-10U Interpolation and Extrapolation Uncertainty

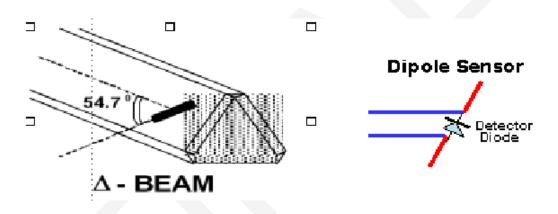
The overall uncertainty for the methodology and algorithms the used during the SAR calculation was evaluated using the data from IEEE 1528 based on the example f3 algorithm:

$$f_3(x, y, z) = A \frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4} + {x'}^2 + {y'}^2} \cdot \left(e^{-\frac{2z}{a}} + \frac{a^2}{2(a+2z)^2}\right)$$

Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



SAR is assessed with a calibrated probe which moves at a default height of 5mm from the center of the diode, which is mounted to the sensor, to the phantom surface (in the Z Axis). The 5mm offset height has been selected so as to minimize any resultant boundary effect due to the probe being in close proximity to the phantom surface.

The following algorithm is an example of the function used by the system for linearization of the output from the probe when measuring complex modulation schemes.

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

	En en en la t	
	Frequency Dependent	
Calibration Method	Below 1 GHz Calibration in air performed in a TEM Cell	
	Above 1 GHz Calibration in air performed in waveguide	
g ::: :/	0.70 $M/(M/)^{2}$ 0.05 $M/(M/)^{2}$	
Sensitivity	nsitivity $0.70 \ \mu V/(V/m)^2$ to $0.85 \ \mu V/(V/m)^2$	
Dynamic Range	0.0005 W/kg to 100 W/kg	
Isotropic Response	Better than 0.1 dB	
Diode Compression Point (DCP) Calibration for Specific Frequency		
(DCP)		
Probe Tip Diameter	< 2.9 mm	
Sensor Offset	t 1.56 (+/- 0.02 mm)	
Probe Length	289 mm	
	@ 500 Hz: 1 dB	
Video Bandwidth	@ 1.02 kHz: 3 dB	
	@ 1.02 KHZ. 5 dB	
Boundary Effect	t Less than 2.1% for distance greater than 0.58 mm	
	The creatial machine uncertainty is loss than 1.50/ for 4.0mm	
Spatial Resolution	The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.5% for 4.9mm	
	diameter probe.	
Spatial Resolution	The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.0% for 2.5mm	
	diameter probe	
	-	

Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device

ALSAS-10U incorporates a boundary detection unit with a sensitivity of 0.05mm for detecting all types of surfaces. The robust design allows for detection during probe tilt (probe normalize) exercises, and utilizes a second stage emergency stop. The signal electronics are fed directly into the robot controller for high accuracy surface detection in lateral and axial detection modes (X, Y, & Z).

The probe is mounted directly onto the Boundary Detection unit for accurate tooling and displacement calculations controlled by the robot kinematics. The probe is connect to an isolated probe interconnect where the output stage of the probe is fed directly into the amplifier stage of the Daq-Paq.

Daq-Paq (Analog to Digital Electronics)

ALSAS-10U incorporates a fully calibrated Daq-Paq (analog to digital conversion system) which has a 4 channel input stage, sent via a 2 stage auto-set amplifier module. The input signal is amplified accordingly so as to offer a dynamic range from $5\mu V$ to 800mV. Integration of the fields measured is carried out at board level utilizing a Co-Processor which then sends the measured fields down into the main computational module in digitized form via an RS232 communications port. Probe linearity and duty cycle compensation is carried out within the main Daq-Paq module.

ADC	12 Bit	
Amplifier Range	20 mV to 200 mV and 150 mV to 800 mV	
Field Integration	Local Co-Processor utilizing proprietary integration algorithms	
Number of Input Channels	4 in total 3 dedicated and 1 spare	
Communication	Packet data via RS232	

Axis Articulated Robot

ALSAS-10U utilizes a six axis articulated robot, which is controlled using a Pentium based real-time movement controller. The movement kinematics engine utilizes proprietary (Thermo CRS) interpolation and extrapolation algorithms, which allow full freedom of movement for each of the six joints within the working envelope. Utilization of joint 6 allows for full probe rotation with a tolerance better than 0.05mm around the central axis.



Robot/Controller Manufacturer	Thermo CRS
Number of Axis	Six independently controlled axis
Positioning Repeatability	0.05 mm
Controller Type	Single phase Pentium based C500C
Robot Reach	710 mm
Communication	RS232 and LAN compatible

ALSAS Universal Workstation

ALSAS Universal workstation allows for repeatability and fast adaptability. It allows users to do calibration, testing and measurements using different types of phantoms with one set up, which significantly speeds up the measurement process.

Universal Device Positioner

The universal device positioner allows complete freedom of movement of the EUT. Developed to hold a EUT in a free-space scenario any additional loading attributable to the material used in the construction of the positioner has been eliminated. Repeatability has been enhanced through the linear scales which form the design used to indicate positioning for any given test scenario in all major axes. A 15° tilt indicator is included for the of aid cheek to tilt movements for head SAR analysis. Overall uncertainty for measurements have been reduced due to the design of the Universal device positioner, which allows positioning of a device in as near to a free-space scenario as possible, and by providing the means for complete repeatability.

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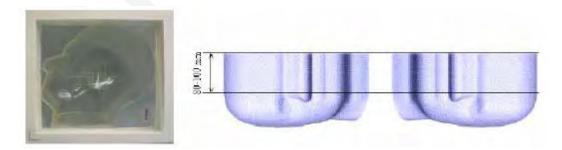


Phantom Types

The ALSAS-10U allows the integration of multiple phantom types. SAM Phantoms fully compliant with IEEE 1528, Universal Phantom, and Universal Flat.

APREL SAM Phantoms

The SAM phantoms developed using the IEEE SAM CAD file. They are fully compliant with the requirements for both IEEE 1528 and FCC Supplement C. Both the left and right SAM phantoms are interchangeable, transparent and include the IEEE 1528 grid with visible NF and MB lines.



APREL Laboratories Universal Phantom

The Universal Phantom is used on the ALSAS-10U as a system validation phantom. The Universal Phantom has been fully validated both experimentally from 800MHz to 6GHz and numerically using XFDTD numerical software.

The shell thickness is 2mm overall, with a 4mm spacer located at the NF/MB intersection providing an overall thickness of 6mm in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528.

The design allows for fast and accurate measurements, of handsets, by allowing the conservative SAR to be evaluated at on frequency for both left and right head experiments in one measurement.



Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the EN62209-1:2006 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters recommended in EN62209-2:2010.

Frequency	Head Tissue		
(MHz)	8r	O' (S/m)	
150	52.3	0.76	
300	45.3	0.87	
450	43.5	0.87	
835	41.5	0.90	
900	41.5	0.97	
915	41.5	0.98	
1450	40.5	1.20	
1610	40.3	1.29	
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	
2450	39.2	1.80	
3000	38.5	2.40	
5800	35.3	5.27	

EN62209-1:2006 Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters

EN62209-2:2010 Recommended Body Tissue Dielectric Parameters

Frequency	Body Tissue			
(MHz)	٤r	O' (S/m)		
450	43.5	0.87		
835	41.5	0.90		
900	41.5	0.97		
1800	40.0	1.40		
1900	40.0	1.40		
2450	39.2	1.80		
4000	37.4	3.43		
5000	36.2	4.45		

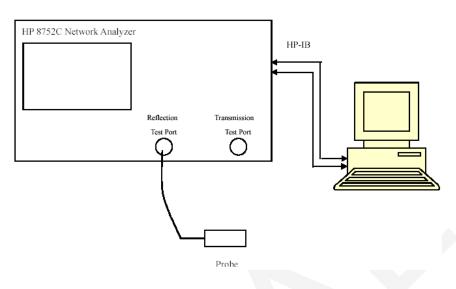
EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

Equipments List & Calibration Information

Equipment	Model	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date	S/N
CRS F3 robot	ALS-F3	N/A	N/A	RAF0805352
CRS F3 Software	ALS-F3-SW	N/A	N/A	N/A
CRS C500C controller	ALS-C500	N/A	N/A	RCF0805379
Probe mounting device & Boundary Detection Sensor System	ALS-PMDPS-3	N/A	N/A	120-00270
Universal Work Station	ALS-UWS	N/A	N/A	100-00157
Data Acquisition Package	ALS-DAQ-PAQ-3	2015-12-14	2016-12-14	110-00212
Miniature E-Field Probe	ALS-E-020	2015-12-14	2016-12-14	500-00283
Dipole, 835MHz	ALS-D-835-S-2	2014-10-08	2017-10-08	180-00558
Dipole, 900MHz	ALS-D-900-S-2	2014-10-08	2017-10-08	190-00609
Dipole, 1750MHz	ALS-D-1750-S-2	2013-10-08	2016-10-08	198-00304
Dipole, 1900MHz	ALS-D-1900-S-2	2014-10-09	2017-10-09	210-00710
Dipole,2450MHz	ALS-D-2450-S-2	2014-10-09	2017-10-09	220-00758
Dipole Spacer	ALS-DS-U	N/A	N/A	250-00907
Device holder/Positioner	ALS-H-E-SET-2	N/A	N/A	170-00510
Left ear SAM phantom	ALS-P-SAM-L	N/A	N/A	130-00311
Right ear SAM phantom	ALS-P-SAM-R	N/A	N/A	140-00359
UniPhantom	ALS-P-UP-1	N/A	N/A	150-00413
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Head and Body	ALS-TS-835-H	Each Time	/	270-01002
Simulated Tissue 900 MHz Head and Body	ALS-TS-900-H	Each Time	/	280-01054
Simulated Tissue 1750 MHz Head and Body	ALS-TS-1750-H	Each Time	/	290-01105
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head and Body	ALS-TS-1900-H	Each Time	/	295-01103
Simulated Tissue 2450 MHz Head and Body	ALS-TS-2450-H	Each Time	/	296-01001
Directional couple	DC6180A	N/A	N/A	0325849
Power Amplifier	5S1G4	N/A	N/A	71377
Dielectric probe kit	HP85070B	2015-06-13	2016-06-13	US33020324
Attenuator	3dB	N/A	N/A	5402
Network analyzer	8752C	2015-06-03	2016-06-03	3410A02356
Synthesized Sweeper	HP 8341B	2015-06-03	2016-06-03	2624A00116
UNIVERSAL RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER	CMU200	2015-11-23	2016-11-23	106891
WIDEBAND RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER	CMW500	2015-04-19	2016-04-19	114772
EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	2015-06-13	2016-06-13	101746

SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Liquid Verification



Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

Liquid Verification Results

Frequency Liquid		Liquid l	Parameter	Targe	et Value	Del (%		Tolerance
(MHz)	Туре	ε _r	O' (S/m)	8r	O (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_r$	ΔΟ	(%)
842.0	Head and Body	41.12	0.92	41.50	0.90	-0.916	2.222	±5
847.0	Head and Body	41.17	0.92	41.50	0.90	-0.795	2.222	±5
852.0	Head and Body	41.10	0.91	41.50	0.90	-0.964	1.111	±5
880.2	Head and Body	41.46	0.96	41.50	0.97	-0.096	-1.031	±5
882.4	Head and Body	41.44	0.96	41.50	0.97	-0.145	-1.031	±5
897.6	Head and Body	41.46	0.98	41.50	0.97	-0.096	1.031	±5
902.0	Head and Body	41.34	0.99	41.50	0.97	-0.386	2.062	±5
912.6	Head and Body	41.38	0.99	41.50	0.97	-0.289	2.062	±5
914.8	Head and Body	41.51	1.00	41.50	0.97	0.024	3.093	±5
1710.2	Head and Body	39.40	1.36	40.00	1.40	-1.500	-2.857	±5
1720.0	Head and Body	39.41	1.37	40.00	1.40	-1.475	-2.143	±5
1747.5	Head and Body	39.27	1.36	40.00	1.40	-1.825	-2.857	±5
1747.8	Head and Body	39.27	1.36	40.00	1.40	-1.825	-2.857	±5
1775.0	Head and Body	39.31	1.40	40.00	1.40	-1.725	0.000	±5
1784.8	Head and Body	39.39	1.43	40.00	1.40	-1.525	2.143	±5
1922.4	Head and Body	40.70	1.42	40.00	1.40	1.750	1.429	±5
1950.0	Head and Body	40.22	1.39	40.00	1.40	0.550	-0.714	±5
1977.6	Head and Body	40.59	1.37	40.00	1.40	1.475	-2.143	±5
2510.0	Head and Body	39.46	1.74	39.20	1.80	0.663	-3.333	±5
2535.0	Head and Body	39.74	1.75	39.20	1.80	1.378	-2.778	±5
2560.0	Head and Body	39.47	1.77	39.20	1.80	0.689	-1.667	±5

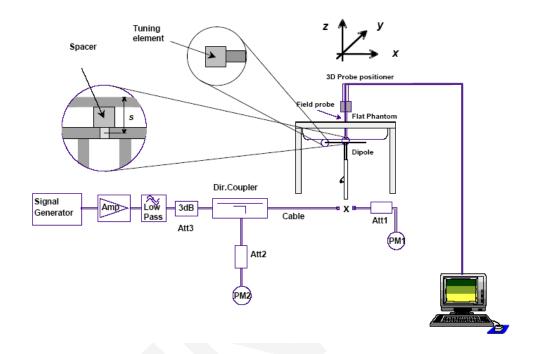
*Liquid Verification was performed on 2015-12-16.

Please refer to the following tables.

System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$. The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

System Verification Setup Block Diagram



System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type		red SAR /Kg)	Target Value (W/Kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
	835	Head and Body	10g	6.663	6.347	4.979	±10
	900	Head and Body	10g	7.859	7.595	3.476	±10
2015-12-16	1750	Head and Body	10g	19.335	18.99	1.817	±10
	1900	Head and Body	10g	20.598	20.44	0.773	±10
	2450	Head and Body	10g	25.963	25.327	2.511	±10

All SAR values are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

Frequency (MHz)	1 g SAR (W/Kg)	10 g SAR (W/Kg)	Local SAR at surface (above feed point)	Local SAR at surface (y=2cm offset from feed point)
300	3.0	2.0	4.4	2.1
450	4.9	3.3	7.2	3.2
835	9.5	6.2	14.1	4.9
900	10.8	6.9	16.4	5.4
1450	29.0	16.0	50.2	6.5
1800	38.1	19.8	69.5	6.8
1900	39.7	20.5	72.1	6.6
2000	41.1	21.1	74.6	6.5
2450	52.4	24.0	104.2	7.7
3000	63.8	25.7	140.2	9.5

EN62209-1:2006 recommended reference value for Head Tissue

EN62209-2:2010 recommended reference value for Body Tissue

Frequency (MHz)	1 g SAR (W/Kg)	10 g SAR (W/Kg)	Local SAR at surface (above feed point)	Local SAR at surface (y=2cm offset from feed point)
300	2.85	1.94	4.14	2.00
450	4.58	3.06	6.75	2.98
835	9.56	6.22	14.6	4.90
900	10.9	6.99	16.4	5.40
1450	29.0	16.0	50.2	6.50
1800	38.4	20.1	69.5	6.80
1900	39.7	20.5	72.1	6.60
2000	41.1	21.1	74.6	6.50
2450	52.4	24.0	104	7.70
3000	63.8	25.7	140	9.50

SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

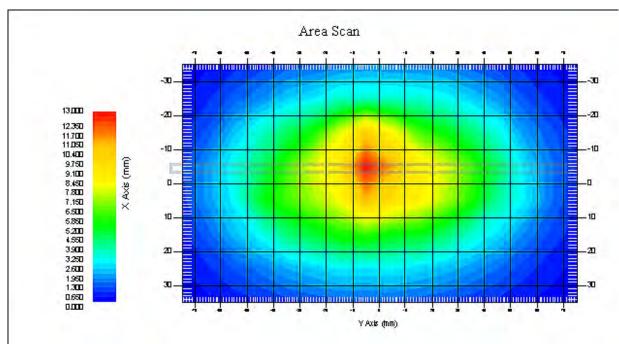
System Performance Check 835 MHz Head Liquid

Dipole 835 MHz; Type: ALS-D-835-S-2; S/N: 180-00558

Product Data Device Name Serial No. Type Model Frequency Band Max. Transmit Pwr Drift Time Power Drift-Start Power Drift-Finish Power Drift (%)	: Dipole 835 MHz : 180-00558 : Dipole : ALS-D-835-S-2 : 835 : 1 W : 3 min(s) : 9.725 W/kg : 9.765 W/kg : 0.411
Phantom Data Name Type Serial No. Location Description Phantom Data	: APREL-Uni : Uni-Phantom : System Default : Center : Default
Tissue Data Type Serial No. Frequency Last Calib. Date Temperature Ambient Temp. Humidity Epsilon Sigma Density	: Head : 270-01002 : 835.0 MHz : 16-Dec-2015 : 20.00 °C : 21.00 °C : 56.00 RH% : 41.08 F/m : 0.92 S/m : 1000.00 kg/cu. m
Probe Data Name Model Type Serial No. Last Calib. Date Frequency Band Duty Cycle Factor Conversion Factor Probe Sensitivity Compression Point Offset	: E-Field : E-020 : E-Field Triangle : 500-00283 : 14-Dec-2015 : 835 : 1 : 5.9 : 1.20 1.20 1.20 μV/(V/m)2 : 95.00 mV : 1.56 mm
Measurement Data Crest Factor Scan Type Tissue Temp. Ambient Temp. Area Scan Zoom Scan	: 1 : Complete : 21.00 °C : 21.00 °C : 7x9x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

Report No: RSZ151208012-20

1 gram SAR value	: 10.337 W/kg
10 gram SAR value	: 6.663 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR	: 12.585 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR	: 17.327 W/kg



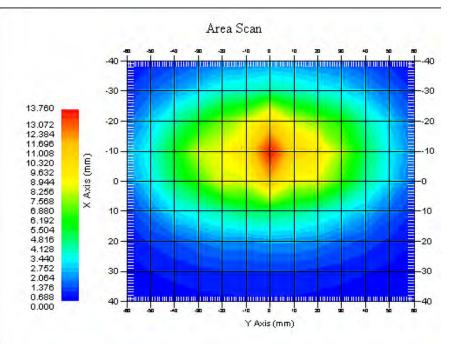
835 MHz System Validation Tissue

System Performance Check 900 MHz Liquid

Dipole 900 MHz; Type: ALS-D-900-S-2; S/N: 190-00609

Product Data Device Name Serial No. Type Model Frequency Band Max. Transmit Pwr Drift Time Power Drift-Start Power Drift-Finish Power Drift-Finish Power Drift (%)	: Dipole 900 MHz : 190-00609 : Dipole : ALS-D-900-S-2 : 900 : 1 W : 3 min(s) : 9.753 W/kg : 9.685 W/kg : -0.697
Phantom Data Name Type Serial No. Location Description	: APREL-Uni : Uni-Phantom : System Default : Center : Default
Tissue Data Type Serial No. Frequency Last Calib. Date Temperature Ambient Temp. Humidity Epsilon Sigma Density	: Head and Body : 280-01054 : 900.00 MHz : 16-Dec-2015 : 20.00 °C : 21.00 °C : 50.00 RH% : 41.00 F/m : 0.98 S/m : 1000.00 kg/cu. M
Probe Data Name Model Type Serial No. Last Calib. Date Frequency Band Duty Cycle Factor Conversion Factor Probe Sensitivity Compression Point Offset	: E-Field : E-020 : E-Field Triangle : 500-00283 : 14-Dec-2015 : 900 : 1 : 6 : 1.20 1.20 1.20 μV/(V/m) ² : 95.00 mV : 1.56 mm
Measurement Data Crest Factor Scan Type Tissue Temp. Ambient Temp. Area Scan Zoom Scan	: 1 : Complete : 20.00 °C : 20.00 °C : 7x9x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

1 gram SAR value	: 12.537 W/kg
10 gram SAR value Area Scan Peak SAR	: 7.859 W/kg : 13.375 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR	: 17.672 W/kg

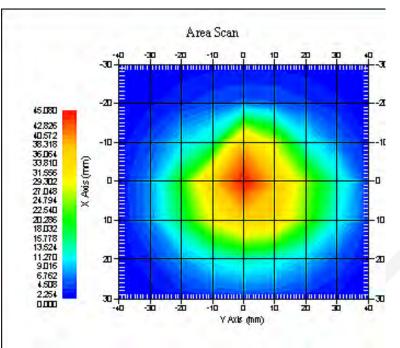


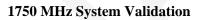


System Performance Check 1750 MHz Liquid

Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: ALS-D-1750-S-2; S/N: 198-00304

Product Data Device Name Serial No. Type Model Frequency Band Max. Transmit Pwr Drift Time Power Drift-Start Power Drift-Finish Power Drift (%)	: Dipole 1750MHHz : 198-00304 : Dipole : ALS-D-1750-S-2 : 1750 : 1 W : 3 min(s) : 39.537 W/kg : 39.489 W/kg : -0.121
Phantom Data Name Type Serial No. Location Description	: APREL-Uni : Uni-Phantom : System Default : Center : Default
Tissue Data Type Serial No. Frequency Last Calib. Date Temperature Ambient Temp. Humidity Epsilon Sigma Density	: Head and Body : 290-01105 : 1750 MHz : 16-Dec-2015 : 20.00 °C : 21.00 °C : 50.00 RH% : 40.08 F/m : 1.39 S/m : 1000.00 kg/cu. M
Probe Data Name Model Type Serial No. Last Calib. Date Frequency Band Duty Cycle Factor Conversion Factor Probe Sensitivity Compression Point Offset	: E-Field : E-O20 : E-Field Triangle : 500-00283 : 14-Dec-2015 : 1750 : 1 : 5.4 : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$: 95.00 mV : 1.56 mm
Measurement Data Crest Factor Scan Type Tissue Temp. Ambient Temp. Area Scan Zoom Scan	: 1 : Complete : 20.00 °C : 20.00 °C : 7x9x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm



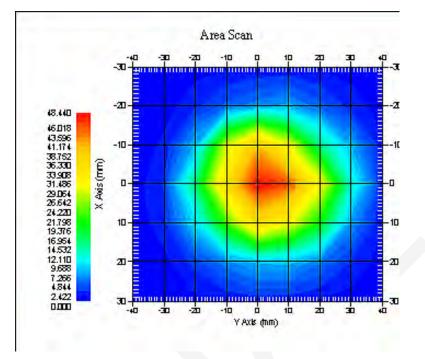


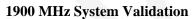
System Performance Check 1900 MHz Liquid

Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: ALS-D-1900-S-2; S/N: 210-00710

Product Data Device Name Serial No. Type Model Frequency Band Max. Transmit Pwr Drift Time Power Drift-Start Power Drift-Finish Power Drift (%)	: Dipole 1900MHz : 210-00710 : Dipole : ALS-D-1900-S-2 : 1900 : 1 W : 3 min(s) : 39.153 W/kg : 39.021 W/kg : -0.337
Phantom Data Name Type Serial No. Location Description	: APREL-Uni : Uni-Phantom : System Default : Center : Default
Tissue Data Type Serial No. Frequency Last Calib. Date Temperature Ambient Temp. Humidity Epsilon Sigma Density	: Head and Body : 295-01103 : 1900.00 MHz : 16-Dec-2015 : 20.00 °C : 21.00 °C : 56.00 RH% : 40.04 F/m : 1.33 S/m : 1000.00 kg/cu. m
Probe Data Name Model Type Serial No. Last Calib. Date Frequency Band Duty Cycle Factor Conversion Factor Probe Sensitivity Compression Point Offset	: E-Field : E-020 : E-Field Triangle : 500-00283 : 14-Dec-2015 : 1900 : 1 : 4.8 : 1.20 1.20 1.20 μV/(V/m)2 : 95.00 mV : 1.56 mm
Measurement Data Crest Factor Scan Type Tissue Temp. Ambient Temp. Area Scan Zoom Scan	: 1 : Complete : 20.00 °C : 21.00 °C : 8x10x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

1 gram SAR value	: 40.623 W/kg
10 gram SAR value	: 20.598 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR	: 47.369 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR	: 65.935 W/kg





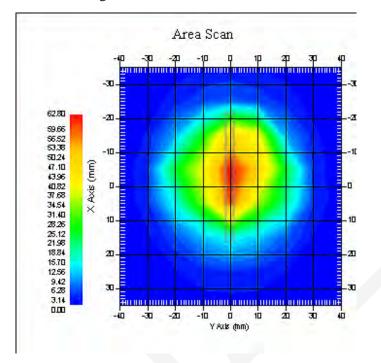
System Performance Check 2450 MHz Head Liquid

Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: ALS-D-2450-S-2; S/N: 220-00758

Product Data Device Name Serial No. Type Model Frequency Band Max. Transmit Pwr Drift Time Power Drift-Start Power Drift-Finish Power Drift (%)	: Dipole 2450MHz : 220-00758 : Dipole : ALS-D-2450-S-2 : 2450 MHz : 1 W : 3 min(s) : 51.639 W/kg : 51.024 W/kg : -1.241
Phantom Data Name Type Serial No. Location Description	: APREL-Uni : Uni-Phantom : System Default : Center : Default
Tissue Data Type Serial No. Frequency Last Calib. Date Temperature Ambient Temp. Humidity Epsilon Sigma Density	: Head and Body : 290-01109 : 2450.0 MHz : 16-Dec-2015 : 20.00 °C : 21.00 °C : 50.00 RH% : 39.40 F/m : 1.78 S/m : 1000.00 kg/cu. M
Probe Data Name Model Type Serial No. Last Calib. Date Frequency Band Duty Cycle Factor Conversion Factor Probe Sensitivity Compression Point Offset	: E-Field : E-020 : E-Field Triangle : 500-00283 : 14-Dec-2015 : 2450 MHz : 1 : 4.3 : 1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$: 95.00 mV : 1.56 mm
Measurement Data Crest Factor Scan Type Tissue Temp. Ambient Temp. Area Scan Zoom Scan	: 1 : Complete : 20.00 °C : 20.00 °C : 7x9x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

1 gram SAR value
10 gram SAR value
Area Scan Peak SAR
Zoom Scan Peak SAR

: 58.527 W/kg : 25.963 W/kg : 62.427 W/kg : 91.747 W/kg



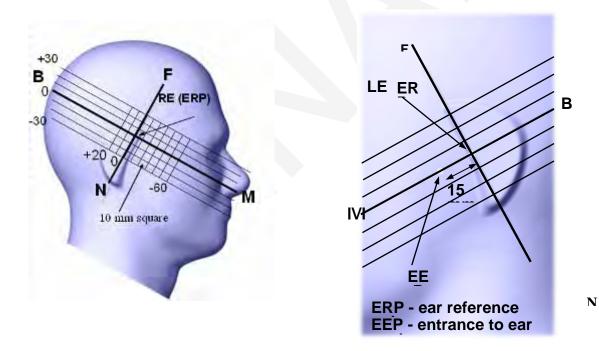
2450 MHz System Validation with Head Tissue

EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper ¼ of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point". The "test device reference point" should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The "vertical centerline" should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A "ear reference point" is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the "phantom reference plane" defined by the three lines joining the center of each "ear reference point" (left and right) and the tip of the mouth.

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the "N-F" line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the "ear reference point". For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The "test device reference point" is aligned to the "ear reference point" on the head phantom and the "vertical centerline" is aligned to the "phantom reference plane". This is called the "initial ear position". While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:



Cheek/Touch Position

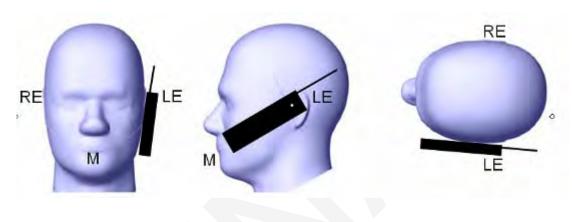
The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the "ear reference point" or along the "N-F" line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

This test position is established:

- When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.
- (or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

Cheek /Touch Position



Ear/Tilt Position

With the handset aligned in the "Cheek/Touch Position":

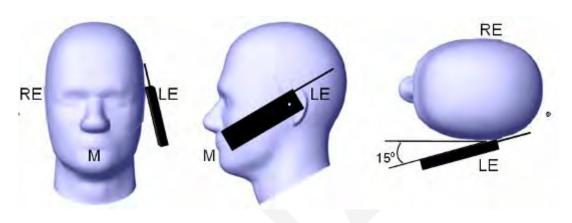
1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom's ear spacer (in the "Cheek/Touch position") and the peak SAR location for the "Cheek/Touch" position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the "initial ear position" by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.

2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the "test device reference point" until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point is by 15°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both "ear reference points" until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

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If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the "Cheek/Touch" and "Ear/Tilt" positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tile/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

Ear /Tilt 15° Position



Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

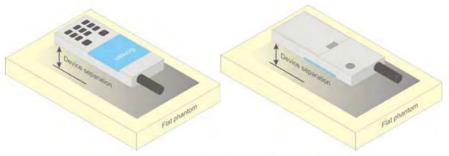


Figure 5 – Test positions for body-worn devices

SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

- Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.
- Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or EUT and the horizontal grid spacing was 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.
- Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 35 mm x 35 mm x 35 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:
 - 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
 - 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

Test methodology

EN62311: 2008 EN62209-1:2006 EN62209-2:2010 EN 62479:2010 IEEE1528:2013

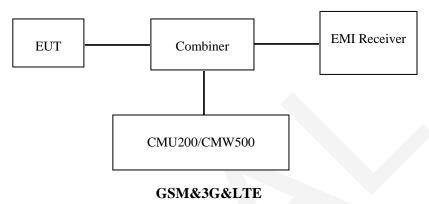
CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

Provision Applicable

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the EMI Receiver through sufficient attenuation.



Test Results:

GSM:

Devid	Frequency	Conducted Output Power		
Band	(MHz)	(dBm)	(W)	
	880.2	32.10	1.622	
GSM900	902.0	32.10	1.622	
	914.8	31.90	1.549	
DCS1800	1710.2	29.10	0.813	
	1747.8	29.00	0.794	
	1784.8	28.90	0.776	

GPRS:

Mode	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)				
			1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots	
	975	880.2	31.94	30.70	28.98	27.85	
GSM900	60	902.0	32.03	30.75	29.00	27.92	
	124	914.8	31.75	30.45	28.67	27.55	
	512	1710.2	29.05	27.84	26.62	25.52	
DCS1800	700	1747.8	28.99	27.78	26.51	25.40	
	885	1784.8	28.92	27.71	26.45	25.36	

Mode	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)				
			1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots	
	975	880.2	27.48	26.45	24.63	23.75	
GSM900	60	902.0	27.42	26.43	24.72	23.76	
	124	914.8	27.21	26.35	24.66	23.75	
	512	1710.2	27.08	26.11	24.19	23.13	
DCS1800	700	1747.8	26.74	25.93	23.99	22.90	
	885	1784.8	26.14	25.29	23.40	22.36	

EGPRS:

For SAR, the time based average power is relevant, the difference in between depends on the duty cycle of the TDMA signal.

Number of Time slot	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:2.66	1:2
Time based Ave. power compared to slotted Ave. power	-9 dB	-6 dB	-4.25 dB	-3 dB
Crest Factor	8	4	2.66	2

The time based average power for GPRS

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Time based average Power (dBm)				
			1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots	
GSM900	975	880.2	22.94	24.70	24.73	24.85	
	60	902.0	23.03	24.75	24.75	24.92	
	124	914.8	22.75	24.45	24.42	24.55	
	512	1710.2	20.05	21.84	22.37	22.52	
DCS1800	700	1747.8	19.99	21.78	22.26	22.40	
	885	1784.8	19.92	21.71	22.20	22.36	

The time based average power for EGPRS

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Time based average Power (dBm)				
			1 slot	2 slots	3 slots	4 slots	
	975	880.2	18.48	20.45	20.38	20.75	
GSM900	60	902.0	18.42	20.43	20.47	20.76	
	124	914.8	18.21	20.35	20.41	20.75	
	512	1710.2	18.08	20.11	19.94	20.13	
DCS1800	700	1747.8	17.74	19.93	19.74	19.90	
	885	1784.8	17.14	19.29	19.15	19.36	

Note:

1. For GSM voice, 1 timeslot has been activated with power level 5 (900 MHz band) and 0 (1800 MHz band).

- 2. For GPRS, 1, 2, 3 and 4 timeslots has been activated separately with power control level 3(900 MHz band) and 3(1800 MHz band).
- For EGPRS, 1, 2, 3 and 4 timeslots has been activated separately with power control level 6(900 MHz band) and 5(1800 MHz band).

WCDMA 900:

Test	Test Mode	3GPP Sub	Averaged Mean Power (dBm)			
Condition		Test	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	
	Rel 99	9 RMC	22.29	22.14	22.11	
		1	21.30	21.11	21.09	
	Rel 6 HSDPA	2	21.26	21.06	21.05	
		3	21.35	21.24	21.15	
N. emergi		4	21.19	21.06	21.01	
Normal		1	21.30	21.10	21.07	
	Rel 6 HSUPA	2	21.18	21.03	21.00	
		3	21.42	21.15	21.13	
		4	21.25	21.07	21.00	
		5	21.42	21.18	21.13	

WCDMA 2100:

Test	Test Mode	3GPP Sub	Averaged Mean Power (dBm)				
Condition	Test Mode	Test	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel		
	Rel 99	P RMC	21.98	21.86	21.89		
		1	20.90	20.78	20.79		
	Rel 6 HSDPA	2	20.85	20.70	20.72		
		3	20.95	20.90	20.83		
Normal		4	20.80	20.75	20.74		
Normai		1	20.92	20.79	20.81		
		2	20.86	20.70	20.68		
	Rel 6 HSUPA	3	20.96	20.88	20.86		
	1150111	4	20.79	20.70	20.76		
		5	20.99	20.86	20.85		

Note:

The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Model 1.

LTE:

Test Band	Test Bandwidth	Resource Block Size	Test Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Power(dBm)
			L	1710.7	22.15
		RB1	М	1747.5	22.26
	1 41411-		Н	1784.3	22.26
	1.4MHz		L	1710.7	22.23
		RB5	М	1747.5	22.35
			Н	1784.3	22.34
			L	1712.5	22.36
		RB1	М	1747.5	22.21
	5) (II-		Н	1782.5	22.25
E-UTRA Band 3	5MHz		L	1712.5	22.21
		RB8	М	1747.5	22.34
			Н	1782.5	22.32
			L	1720	22.31
		RB1	М	1747.5	22.24
	20MHz		Н	1775	22.15
			L	1720	22.13
		RB18	М	1747.5	22.14
			Н	1775	22.15
			L	2502.5	22.16
		RB1	М	2535	22.12
			Н	2567.5	22.14
	5MHz	RB8	L	2502.5	22.15
			М	2535	22.24
E-UTRA			Н	2567.5	22.25
Band 7			L	2510	22.32
		RB1	М	2535	22.34
			Н	2560	22.36
	20MHz		L	2510	22.37
		RB18	М	2535	22.32
			Н	1747.5 22.26 1784.3 22.23 1710.7 22.23 1747.5 22.35 1747.5 22.35 1784.3 22.34 1712.5 22.36 1747.5 22.21 1747.5 22.21 1747.5 22.21 1747.5 22.21 1747.5 22.21 1747.5 22.21 1747.5 22.21 1747.5 22.21 1747.5 22.31 1747.5 22.32 1720 22.31 1747.5 22.13 1747.5 22.14 1775 22.15 1770 22.13 1747.5 22.14 1775 22.15 2502.5 22.16 2535 22.12 2567.5 22.14 2502.5 22.15 2535 22.24 2567.5 22.32 2535 22.32	22.42
			L	834.5	22.43
		RB1	М	847	22.41
	21 (11		Н	859.5	22.46
	5MHz		L	834.5	22.52
		RB8	М	847	22.53
E-UTRA			Н	859.5	22.54
Band 20			L	842	22.55
		RB1	М	847	22.52
	201411		Н	852	22.53
	20MHz		L	842	22.56
		RB 18	М	847	22.53
			Н	852	

Note:

1. The CMW500 Wideband Radio Communication tester is used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Closed loop power control is used to keep the radio transmitters the max output power during the test.

Bluetooth:

Mode	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Power (dBm)	Power (mW)
	2402	5.58	3.614
BDR(GFSK)	2441	5.29	3.381
	2480	4.86	3.062
	2402	4.16	2.606
EDR(4-DQPSK)	2441	4.34	2.716
	2480	3.61	2.296
	2402	4.09	2.564
EDR-8DPSK	2441	4.21	2.636
	2480	3.72	2.355
	2402	1.16	1.306
BLE	2440	1.85	1.531
	2480	1.56	1.432

Note:

EN62479-SAR is not required for low-power equipment where the available antenna power and/or the average total radiated power is less than or equal to the Pmax values given in Annex A (20 mW).

Wi-Fi:

Dered	Frequency	Conducted Outp	out Power
Band	(MHz)	(dBm)	(mW)
	2412	7.63	5.794
802.11b	2442	7.47	5.585
	2472	7.29	5.358
	2412	7.32	5.395
802.11g	2442	7.32	5.395
	2472	7.31	5.383
	2412	7.34	5.420
802.11n-HT20	2442	7.31	5.383
	2472	7.32	5.395
	2422	7.51	5.636
802.11n-HT40	2442	7.46	5.572
	2462	7.44	5.546

Note:

- 1. The output power was tested under data rate 1Mbps for 802.11b, 6Mbps for 802.11g, 6.5Mbps for 802.11n-HT20 and 13.5Mbps for 802.11n-HT40.
- 2. EN62479-SAR is not required for low-power equipment where the available antenna power and/or the average total radiated power is less than or equal to the Pmax values given in Annex A (20 mW).

SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

Test Results:

Environmental Conditions:

Temperature:	21 °C
Relative Humidity:	52 %
ATM Pressure:	1002 mbar

* Testing was performed by Wilson Chen on 2015-12-16.

EGSM 900:

EUT	Frequency	Test Antenna Phantom		Power	CE 10g	SAR (W/	Kg)	
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Туре	Туре	Drift (%)	Measurement	Limit	Plot
	880.2	GSM	Integral	SAM	-2.094	0.038	2.0	
Left-Head-Cheek	902.0	GSM	Integral	SAM	-2.162	0.042	2.0	1#
	914.8	GSM	Integral	SAM	3.152	0.037	2.0	/
	880.2	GSM	Integral	SAM	1	/	2.0	/
Left-Head-Tilt	902.0	GSM	Integral	SAM	-3.356	0.018	2.0	/
	914.8 GSM Int 880.2 GSM Int d-Cheek 902.0 GSM Int	Integral	SAM	/	/	2.0	/	
	880.2	GSM	Integral	SAM	/	/	2.0	/
Right-Head-Cheek	902.0	GSM	Integral	SAM	-2.372	0.035	2.0	/
	914.8	GSM	Integral	SAM	/	/	2.0	/
	880.2	GSM	Integral	SAM	/	/	2.0	/
Right -Head-Tilt	902.0	GSM	Integral	SAM	-0.546	0.017	2.0	/
	914.8	GSM	Integral	SAM	/	/	2.0	/
	880.2	GSM	Integral	Universal	/	/	2.0	/
Body-Headset-Back (15mm)	902.0	GSM	Integral	Universal	2.443	0.316	2.0	/
(1311111)	914.8	GSM	Integral	Universal	/	/	2.0	/
	880.2	GPRS	Integral	Universal	1.595	0.035	2.0	/
Body-Back (15mm)	902.0	GPRS	Integral	Universal	-0.304	0.040	2.0	/
(1311111)	914.8	GPRS	Integral	Universal	1.754	0.043	2.0	2#

Note:

1. When the 10-g SAR is \leq 1.0W/Kg, testing for low and high channel is optional.

2. The EUT is a Class B mobile phone which can be attached to both GPRS and GSM services, using one service at a time.

3. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 1DL+4UL is the worst case.

4. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.

EUT	Frequency	Test	Antenna	Phantom	Power	CE 10g	SAR (W/	Kg)
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Туре	Туре	Drift (%)	Measurement	Limit	Plot
	1710.2	GSM	Integral	SAM	/	/	2.0	/
Left-Head-Cheek	1747.8	GSM	Integral	SAM	4.845	0.073	2.0	/
	1784.8	GSM	Integral	SAM	/	/ 2. 0.073 2. / 2. / 2. / 2. 0.052 2. / 2. 0.052 2. / 2. 0.052 2. 0.053 2. 0.079 2. 0.085 2. / 2. 0.057 2. / 2. 0.102 2. 0.157 2. 0.162 2.	2.0	/
	1710.2	GSM	Integral	SAM	/	/	2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0	/
Left-Head-Tilt	1747.8	GSM	Integral	SAM	4.867	0.052	2.0	/
Right-Head-Cheek	1784.8	GSM	Integral	SAM	/	/	2.0	/
	1710.2	GSM	Integral	SAM	-1.239	0.088	2.0	3#
Right-Head-Cheek	1747.8	GSM	Integral	SAM	-1.697	0.079	2.0	/
	1784.8	GSM	Integral	SAM	4.000	0.085	Irement Limit / 2.0 073 2.0 / 2.0 / 2.0 / 2.0 / 2.0 / 2.0 / 2.0 / 2.0 / 2.0 / 2.0 / 2.0 079 2.0 085 2.0 / 2.0 / 2.0 / 2.0 / 2.0 / 2.0 / 2.0 / 2.0 / 2.0 / 2.0 / 2.0 / 2.0 / 2.0 157 2.0 162 2.0	/
	1710.2	GSM	Integral	SAM	/	/	2.0	/
Right -Head-Tilt	1747.8	GSM	Integral	SAM	-2.324	0.057	2.0	/
	1784.8	GSM	Integral	SAM	/	/	Limit 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0	/
	1710.2	GSM	Integral	Universal	/	/	2.0	/
Body-Headset-Back (15mm)	1747.8	GSM	Integral	Universal	-4.730	0.102	2.0	/
(1511111)	1784.8	GSM	Integral	Universal	/		2.0	/
	1710.2	GPRS	Integral	Universal	-1.365	0.157	2.0	
Body-Back (15mm)	1747.8	GPRS	Integral	Universal	1.307	0.162	2.0	4#
(131111)	1784.8	GPRS	Integral	Universal	2.438	0.143	2.0	/

DCS 1800:

Note:

- 1. When the 10-g SAR is \leq 1.0W/Kg, testing for low and high channel is optional. 2. The EUT is a Class B mobile phone which can be attached to both GPRS and GSM services, using one 3. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the

maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 1DL+4UL is the worst case. 4. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.

WCDMA900:

EUT	Frequency	Test	Antenna	Phantom	Power	CE 10g S	AR (W/	Kg)
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Туре	Туре	Drift (%)	Measurement	Limit	Plot
	882.4	RMC	Integral	SAM	/	/	2.0	/
Left-Head-Cheek	897.6	RMC	Integral	SAM	4.168	0.055	2.0	/
	912.6	RMC	Integral	SAM	/	/	2.0	/
	882.4	RMC	Integral	SAM	/	/	2.0	/
Left-Head-Tilt	897.6	RMC	Integral	SAM	1.018	0.023	2.0	/
	912.6	RMC	Integral	SAM	/	/	2.0	/
	882.4	RMC	Integral	SAM	-4.150	0.062	2.0	2.0 /
Right-Head-Cheek	897.6	RMC	Integral	SAM	4.021	0.064	2.0	5#
	912.6	RMC	Integral	SAM	Phantom TypeDrift (%)MeasurementLimitSAM//2.0SAM4.1680.0552.0SAM//2.0SAM//2.0SAM//2.0SAM//2.0SAM//2.0SAM//2.0SAM1.0180.0232.0SAM-4.1500.0622.0SAM4.021 0.064 2.0SAM1.0340.0562.0SAM//2.0SAM/2.0SAM/2.0SAM/2.0Universal0.7720.0712.0Universal1.724 0.075 2.0	/		
	882.4	RMC	Integral	SAM	/	/	2.0	/
Right -Head-Tilt	897.6	RMC	Integral	SAM	-2.802	0.027	2.0	/
	912.6	RMC	Integral	SAM	/	/	2.0	/
	882.4	RMC	Integral	Universal	0.772	0.071	2.0	/
Body-Back (15mm)	897.6	RMC	Integral	Universal	1.724	0.075	2.0	6#
(131111)	912.6	RMC	Integral	Universal	3.197	0.067	2.0	/

WCDMA 2100:

EUT	Frequency	quency Test		Phantom	Power	CE 10g S	SAR (W/F	Kg)
Position	(MHz)	Mode	Туре	Туре	Drift (%)	Measurement	Limit	Plot
	1922.4	RMC	Integral	SAM	-3.333	0.085	2.0	/
Left-Head-Cheek	1950.0	RMC	Integral	SAM	-0.515	0.087	2.0	7#
	1977.6	RMC	Integral	SAM	-0.240	0.079	2.0	/
	1922.4	RMC	Integral	SAM	/	/	2.0	/
Left-Head-Tilt	1950.0	RMC	Integral	SAM	2.815	0.052	2.0	/
	1977.6	RMC	Integral	SAM	/	/	2.0	/
	1922.4	RMC	Integral	SAM	/	/	2.0	/
Right-Head-Cheek	1950.0	RMC	Integral	SAM	0.751	0.075	2.0	/
	1977.6	RMC	Integral	SAM	/	/	2.0	/
	1922.4	RMC	Integral	SAM	/	/	2.0	/
Right -Head-Tilt	1950.0	RMC	Integral	SAM	2.968	0.050	2.0	/
	1977.6	D50.0 RMC Integral SAM -0.515 O 077.6 RMC Integral SAM -0.240 O 022.4 RMC Integral SAM -0.240 O 022.4 RMC Integral SAM -0.240 O 022.4 RMC Integral SAM / O 050.0 RMC Integral SAM 2.815 O 077.6 RMC Integral SAM / O 022.4 RMC Integral SAM / O 077.6 RMC Integral SAM / O 077.6 RMC Integral SAM / O 077.6 RMC Integral SAM / O 022.4 RMC Integral SAM / O 050.0 RMC Integral SAM / O 022.4 RMC Integral Unive	/	2.0	/			
	1922.4	RMC	Integral	Universal	0.758	0.157	2.0	/
Body-Back (15mm)	1950.0	RMC	Integral	Universal	2.033	0.168	2.0	/
(101111)	1977.6	RMC	Integral	Universal	-2.105	0.170	2.0	8#

Note:

1. When the 10-g SAR is \leq 1.0W/Kg, testing for low and high channel is optional.

The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement Channel) Configured in Test Loop Mode.

LTE FDD Band 3:

EUT	Frequency	Modulation	RB	Phantom	Power Drift	10g SAR (W/Kg)			
Position	(MHz)	Туре	KD	Туре	(%)	Measurement	Limit	Plot	
Left-Head-Cheek	1747.5	QPSK	1	SAM	-2.049	0.255	2.0	/	
Left-Head-Tilt	1747.5	QPSK	1	SAM	2.966	0.152	2.0	/	
Right-Head-Cheek	1720.0	QPSK	1	SAM	-4.690	0.260	2.0	/	
	1747.5	QPSK	1	SAM	-0.455	0.257	2.0	/	
	1775.0	QPSK	1	SAM	-1.227	0.272	2.0	9 #	
	1747.5	QPSK	50	SAM	-1.590	0.266	2.0	/	
Right-Head-Cheek Right -Head-Tilt	1747.5	QPSK	100	SAM	1.040	0.259	2.0	/	
Right -Head-Tilt	1747.5	QPSK	1	SAM	-3.826	0.139	2.0	/	
	1720.0	QPSK	1	Universal	0.306	0.458	2.0	10#	
	1747.5	QPSK	1	Universal	3.446	0.443	2.0	/	
Body-Back (15mm)	1775.0	QPSK	1	Universal	4.203	0.439	2.0	/	
(131111)	1747.5	QPSK	50	Universal	0.040	0.422	2.0	/	
	1747.5	QPSK	100	Universal	-0.800	0.418	2.0	/	

LTE FDD Band 7:

		Modulation	RB	Phantom	Power Drift	10g SAR (W/Kg)			
Position	(MHz)	Туре	KD	Туре	(%)	Measurement	Limit	Plot	
	2510	QPSK	1	SAM	-4.783	0.115	2.0	/	
	2535	QPSK	1	SAM	-2.116	0.127	2.0	11#	
Left-Head-Cheek	2560	QPSK	1	SAM	4.352	0.109	2.0	/	
	2535	QPSK	50	SAM	-4.089	0.117	2.0	/	
	2535	QPSK	100	SAM	1.487	0.100	2.0	/	
Left-Head-Tilt	2535	QPSK	1	SAM	-0.501	0.067	2.0	/	
Right-Head-Cheek	2535	QPSK	1	SAM	3.986	0.101	2.0	/	
Right -Head-Tilt	2535	QPSK	1	SAM	-3.510	0.053	2.0	/	
	2510	QPSK	1	Universal	-1.458	0.163	2.0	/	
	2535	QPSK	1	Universal	-1.493	0.177	2.0	12#	
Body-Back	2560	QPSK	1	Universal	2.250	0.155	2.0		
(131111)	2535	QPSK	50	Universal	0.547	0.159	2.0	/	
Right-Head-Cheel Right -Head-Tilt	2535	QPSK	100	Universal	-0.595	0.138	2.0	/	

	Frequency	Modulation	RB	Phantom	Power Drift	10g SAR (W/Kg)			
Position	(MHz)	Туре	KD	Туре	(%)	Measurement	Limit	Plot	
	842	QPSK	1	SAM	1.569	0.096	2.0	/	
	847	QPSK	1	SAM	-1.786	0.112	2.0	13#	
	852	QPSK	1	SAM	0.936	0.079	2.0	/	
	847	QPSK	50	SAM	0.945	0.085	2.0	/	
	847	QPSK	100	SAM	-2.232	0.082	2.0	/	
Left-Head-Tilt	847	QPSK	1	SAM	0.095	0.051	2.0	/	
Right-Head-Cheek	847	QPSK	1	SAM	2.359	0.096	2.0	/	
Right -Head-Tilt	847	QPSK	1	SAM	-1.714	0.056	2.0	/	
	842	QPSK	1	Universal	-3.961	0.187	2.0	/	
	847	QPSK	1	Universal	4.828	0.182	2.0	14#	
Body-Back	852	QPSK	1	Universal	-0.482	0.172	2.0	/	
Right-Head-Cheek Right -Head-Tilt	847	QPSK	50	Universal	-2.889	0.175	2.0	/	
	847	QPSK	100	Universal	1.721	0.160	2.0	/	

LTE FDD Band 20:

Note:

 When the 10-g SAR is ≤ 1.0W/Kg, testing for low and high channel is optional.
 The CMW500 Wideband Radio Communication tester is used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Closed loop power control is used to keep the radio transmitters the max output power during the test.

^{3.} All SAR datas are tested start with the **largest channel bandwidth** and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation. According to the worst case, SAR datas for QPSK with 50% and 100% RB allocation are tested.

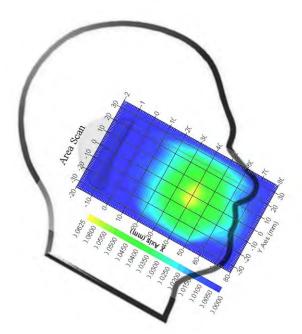
SAR Plots (Summary of the Highest SAR Values)

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

Left Head Cheek (902 MHz Middle Channel)

Measurement Data Test mode Crest Factor Scan Type Area Scan Zoom Scan Power Drift-Start Power Drift-Finish Power Drift (%)	: GSM : 8 : Complete : 11x8x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm : 0.007 W/kg : 0.007 W/kg : -2.162
Tissue Data Type Frequency Epsilon Sigma Density	: Head and Body : 902 MHz : 41.34 F/m : 0.99 S/m : 1000.00 kg/cu. m
Probe Data Serial No. Frequency Band Duty Cycle Factor Conversion Factor Probe Sensitivity Compression Point Offset	: 500-00283 : 900 : 8 : 6 : 1.20 1.20 1.20 µV/(V/m)2 : 95.00 mV : 1.56 mm
1 gram SAR value 10 gram SAR value Area Scan Peak SAR Zoom Scan Peak SAR	: 0.056 W/kg : 0.042 W/kg : 0.062 W/kg : 0.087 W/kg

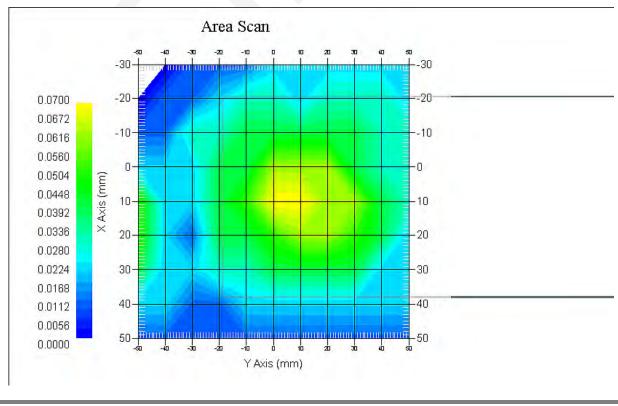
Plot 1#



Body-worn Back (914.8 MHz High Channel)

Measurement Data Test mode Crest Factor Scan Type Area Scan Zoom Scan Power Drift-Start Power Drift-Finish Power Drift (%)	: GPRS : 2 : Complete : 8x11x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm : 0.057 W/kg : 0.058 W/kg : 1.754
Tissue Data Type Frequency Epsilon Sigma Density	: Head and Body :914.8 MHz : 41.51 F/m : 1.00 S/m : 1000.00 kg/cu. m
Probe Data Serial No. Frequency Band Duty Cycle Factor Conversion Factor Probe Sensitivity Compression Point Offset	: 500-00283 : 900 : 2 : 6 : 1.20 1.20 1.20 µV/(V/m)2 : 95.00 mV : 1.56 mm
1 gram SAR value 10 gram SAR value Area Scan Peak SAR Zoom Scan Peak SAR	: 0.064 W/kg : 0.043 W/kg : 0.067 W/kg : 0.090 W/kg

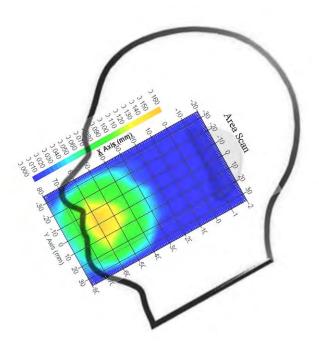




Right Head Cheek (1710.2 MHz Low Channel)

Measurement Data Test mode Crest Factor Scan Type Area Scan Zoom Scan Power Drift-Start Power Drift-Finish Power Drift (%)	: GSM : 8 : Complete : 11x8x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm : 0.007 W/kg : 0.007 W/kg : -1.239
Tissue Data Type Frequency Epsilon Sigma Density	: Head and Body : 1710.2 MHz : 39.40 F/m : 1.36 S/m : 1000.00 kg/cu. m
Probe Data Serial No. Frequency Band Duty Cycle Factor Conversion Factor Offset Probe Sensitivity Compression Point	: 500-00283 : 1750 : 8 : 5.4 : 1.56 mm : 1.20 1.20 1.20 µV/(V/m)2 : 95.00 mV
1 gram SAR value 10 gram SAR value Area Scan Peak SAR Zoom Scan Peak SAR	: 0.152 W/kg : 0.088 W/kg : 0.160 W/kg : 0.273 W/kg

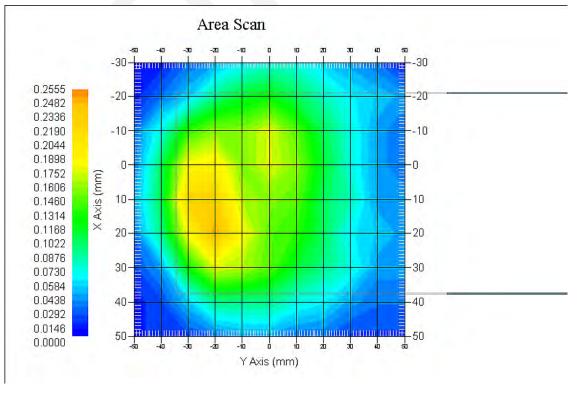
Plot 3#



Body-worn-back (1747.8 MHz Middle Channel)

Measurement Data Test mode Crest Factor Scan Type Area Scan Zoom Scan Power Drift-Start Power Drift-Finish Power Drift (%)	: GPRS : 2 : Complete : 8x11x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm : 0.153 W/kg : 0.155 W/kg : 1.307
Tissue Data Type Frequency Epsilon Sigma Density	: Head and Body : 1747.8 MHz : 39.27 F/m : 1.36 S/m : 1000.00 kg/cu. m
Probe Data Serial No. Frequency Band Duty Cycle Factor Conversion Factor Probe Sensitivity Compression Point Offset	: 500-00283 : 1750 : 2 : 5.4 : 1.20 1.20 1.20 μV/(V/m)2 : 95.00 mV : 1.56 mm
1 gram SAR value 10 gram SAR value Area Scan Peak SAR Zoom Scan Peak SAR	: 0.251 W/kg : 0.162 W/kg : 0.255 W/kg : 0.388 W/kg

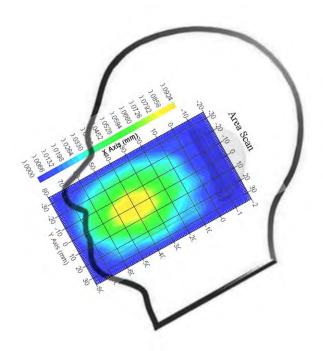




WCDMA900; Right Head Cheek (897.6 MHz Middle Channel)

Measurement Data Test mode Crest Factor Scan Type Area Scan Zoom Scan Power Drift-Start Power Drift-Finish Power Drift (%)	: WCDMA900 : 1 : Complete : 11x8x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm : 0.025 W/kg : 0.026 W/kg : 4.021
Tissue Data Type Frequency Epsilon Sigma Density	: Head and Body : 897.6 MHz : 41.46 F/m : 0.98 S/m : 1000.00 kg/cu. m
Probe Data Serial No. Frequency Band Duty Cycle Factor Conversion Factor Probe Sensitivity Compression Point Offset	: 500-00283 : 900 : 1 : 6 : 1.20 1.20 1.20 μV/(V/m)2 : 95.00 mV : 1.56 mm
1 gram SAR value 10 gram SAR value Area Scan Peak SAR Zoom Scan Peak SAR	: 0.087 W/kg : 0.064 W/kg : 0.092 W/kg : 0.125 W/kg

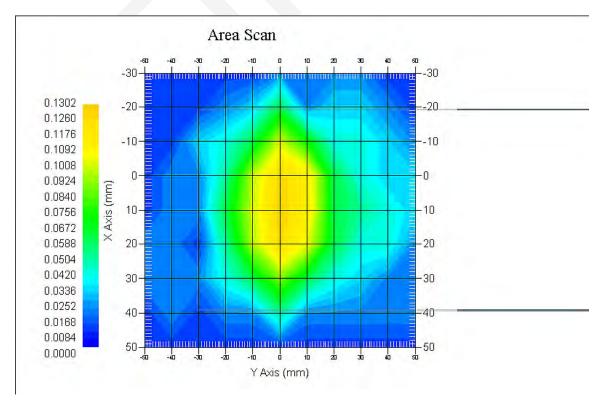
Plot 5#



WCDMA900; Body-worn-Back (897.6 MHz Middle Channel)

Measurement Data Test mode Crest Factor Scan Type Area Scan Zoom Scan Power Drift-Start Power Drift-Finish Power Drift (%)	: RMC : 1 : Complete : 8x11x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm : 0.116 W/kg : 0.118 W/kg : 1.724
Tissue Data Type Frequency Epsilon Sigma Density	: Head and Body : 897.6 MHz : 41.46 F/m : 0.98 S/m : 1000.00 kg/cu. m
Probe Data Serial No. Frequency Band Duty Cycle Factor Conversion Factor Probe Sensitivity Compression Point Offset	: 500-00283 : 900 : 1 : 6 : 1.20 1.20 1.20 μV/(V/m)2 : 95.00 mV : 1.56 mm
1 gram SAR value 10 gram SAR value Area Scan Peak SAR Zoom Scan Peak SAR	: 0.123 W/kg : 0.075 W/kg : 0.130 W/kg : 0.229 W/kg

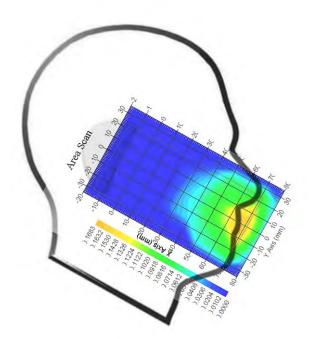
Plot 6#



WCDMA2100; Left-Head-Cheek (1950 Middle Channel)

Measurement Data Test mode Crest Factor Scan Type Area Scan Zoom Scan Power Drift-Start Power Drift-Finish Power Drift (%)	: RMC : 1 : Complete : 8x11x1: Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm : 7x7x7: Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm : 0.002 W/kg : 0.002 W/kg : -0.515
Tissue Data Type Frequency Epsilon Sigma Density	: Head and Body : 1950 MHz : 40.22 F/m : 1.39 S/m : 1000.00 kg/cu. m
Probe Data Serial No. Frequency Band Duty Cycle Factor Conversion Factor Probe Sensitivity Compression Point Offset	: 500-00283 : 1900 : 1 : 4.8 : 1.20 1.20 1.20 μV/(V/m)2 : 95.00 mV : 1.56 mm
1 gram SAR value 10 gram SAR value Area Scan Peak SAR Zoom Scan Peak SAR	: 0.156 W/kg : 0.087 W/kg : 0.163 W/kg : 0.233 W/kg

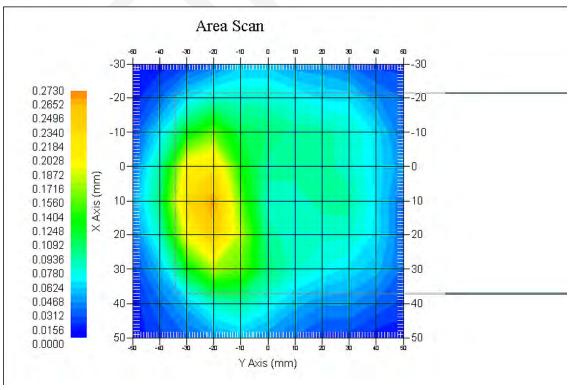
Plot 7#



WCDMA2100; Body-worn-Back (1977.6 High Channel)

Measurement Data Test mode Crest Factor Scan Type Area Scan Zoom Scan Power Drift-Start Power Drift-Finish Power Drift (%)	: RMC : 1 : Complete : 8x11x1: Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm : 7x7x7: Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm : 0.095 W/kg : 0.093 W/kg : -2.105
Tissue Data Type Frequency Epsilon Sigma Density	: Head and Body : 1977.6 MHz : 40.59 F/m : 1.37 S/m : 1000.00 kg/cu. m
Probe Data Serial No. Frequency Band Duty Cycle Factor Conversion Factor Probe Sensitivity Compression Point Offset	: 500-00283 : 1900 : 1 : 4.8 : 1.20 1.20 1.20 μV/(V/m)2 : 95.00 mV : 1.56 mm
1 gram SAR value 10 gram SAR value Area Scan Peak SAR Zoom Scan Peak SAR	: 0.266 W/kg : 0.170 W/kg : 0.273 W/kg : 0.392 W/kg

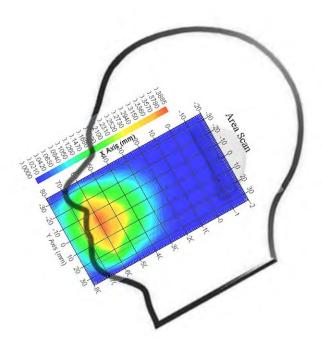




LTE FDD Band3; Right-Head-Cheek (1775 MHz High Channel);

Measurement Data Test mode Crest Factor Scan Type : Area Scan Zoom Scan Power Drift-Start Power Drift-Finish Power Drift (%)	: RB1 : 1 : Complete : 8x11x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm : 0.003 W/kg : 0.003 W/kg : -1.227
Tissue Data Type Frequency Epsilon Sigma Density	: Head and Body : 1775.0 MHz : 39.31 F/m : 1.40 S/m : 1000.00 kg/cu. m
Probe Data Serial No. Frequency Band Duty Cycle Factor Conversion Factor Probe Sensitivity Compression Point Offset	: 500-00283 : 1750 : 1 : 5.4 : 1.20 1.20 1.20 μV/(V/m)2 : 95.00 mV : 1.56 mm
1 gram SAR value 10 gram SAR value Area Scan Peak SAR Zoom Scan Peak SAR	: 0.375 W/kg : 0.272 W/kg : 0.388 W/kg : 0.497 W/kg

Plot 9#

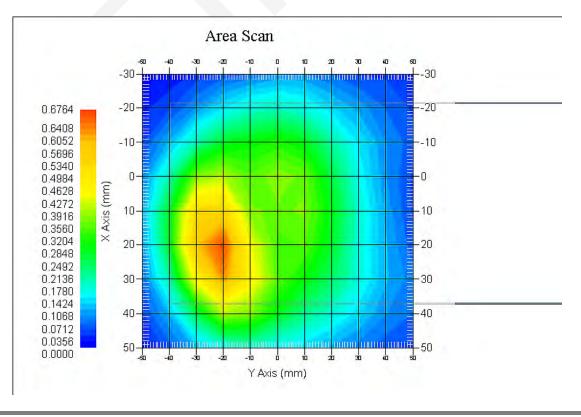


SAR Evaluation Report

LTE FDD Band3; Body-Worn-Back (1720 MHz Low Channel);

Measurement Data Test mode Crest Factor Scan Type : Area Scan Zoom Scan Power Drift-Start Power Drift-Finish Power Drift (%)	: RB1 : 1 : Complete : 8x11x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm : 0.327 W/kg : 0.328 W/kg : 0.306				
Tissue Data					
Туре	: Head and Body				
Frequency	: 1720 MHz				
Epsilon	: 39.41 F/m				
Sigma	: 1.37 S/m				
Density	: 1000.00 kg/cu. m				
Probe Data					
Serial No.	: 500-00283				
Frequency Band	: 1750				
Duty Cycle Factor	:1				
Conversion Factor	: 5.4				
Probe Sensitivity	1.20 1.20 1.20 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$				
Compression Point	: 95.00 mV				
Offset	: 1.56 mm				
1 gram SAR value	: 0.653 W/kg				
10 gram SAR value	: 0.458 W/kg				
Area Scan Peak SAR	: 0.676 W/kg				
Zoom Scan Peak SAR	: 0.926 W/kg				

Plot 10#

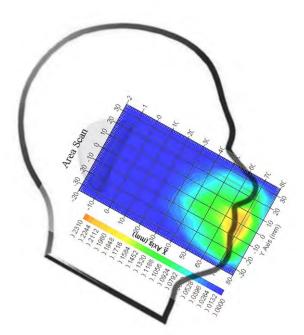


SAR Evaluation Report

LTE FDD Band7; Left-Head-Cheek (2535 MHz Middle Channel);

Measurement Data Test mode Crest Factor Scan Type : Area Scan Zoom Scan Power Drift-Start Power Drift-Finish Power Drift (%)	: RB1 : 1 : Complete : 8x11x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm : 0.005 W/kg : 0.005 W/kg : -2.116
Tissue Data Type Frequency Epsilon Sigma Density	: Head and Body : 2535 MHz : 39.74 F/m : 1.75 S/m : 1000.00 kg/cu. m
Probe Data Serial No. Frequency Band Duty Cycle Factor Conversion Factor Probe Sensitivity Compression Point Offset	: 500-00283 : 2450 : 1 : 4.8 : 1.20 1.20 1.20 µV/(V/m)2 : 95.00 mV : 1.56 mm
1 gram SAR value 10 gram SAR value Area Scan Peak SAR Zoom Scan Peak SAR	: 0.215 W/kg : 0.127 W/kg : 0.220 W/kg : 0.378 W/kg

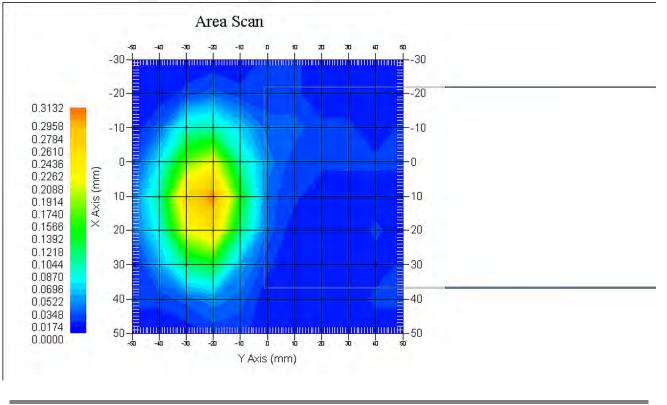
Plot 11#



LTE FDD Band7; Body-Worn-Back (2535 MHz Middle Channel);

Measurement Data Test mode Crest Factor Scan Type : Area Scan Zoom Scan Power Drift-Start Power Drift-Finish Power Drift (%)	: RB1 : 1 : Complete : 8x11x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm : 0.067 W/kg : 0.066 W/kg : -1.493			
Tissue Data Type Frequency Epsilon Sigma Density	: Head and Body : 2535 MHz : 39.74 F/m : 1.75 S/m : 1000.00 kg/cu. m			
Probe Data Serial No. Frequency Band Duty Cycle Factor Conversion Factor Probe Sensitivity Compression Point Offset	: 500-00283 : 2450 : 1 : 4.8 : 1.20 1.20 1.20 µV/(V/m)2 : 95.00 mV : 1.56 mm			
1 gram SAR value 10 gram SAR value Area Scan Peak SAR Zoom Scan Peak SAR	: 0.302 W/kg : 0.177 W/kg : 0.313 W/kg : 0.457 W/kg			



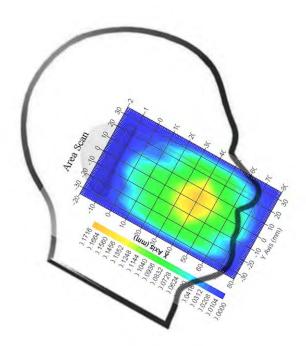


SAR Evaluation Report

LTE FDD Band 20; Left-Head-Cheek (847 MHz Middle Channel);

Measurement Data Test mode Crest Factor Scan Type : Area Scan Zoom Scan Power Drift-Start Power Drift-Finish Power Drift (%)	: RB1 : 1 : Complete : 8x11x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm : 0.056 W/kg
Tissue Data Type Frequency Epsilon Sigma Density	: Head and Body : 847.0 MHz : 41.17 F/m : 0.92 S/m : 1000.00 kg/cu. m
Probe Data Serial No. Frequency Band Duty Cycle Factor Conversion Factor Probe Sensitivity Compression Poin Offset	: 5.9 : 1.20 1.20 1.20 μV/(V/m)2
1 gram SAR value 10 gram SAR valu Area Scan Peak SA Zoom Scan Peak S	e : 0.112 W/kg AR : 0.171 W/kg

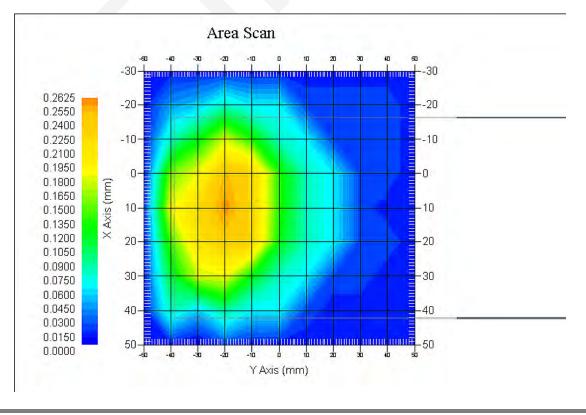
Plot 13#



LTE FDD Band 20; Body-Worn-Back (847 MHz Middle Channel);

Measurement Data Test mode Crest Factor Scan Type : Area Scan Zoom Scan Power Drift-Start Power Drift-Finish Power Drift (%)	: RB1 : 1 : Complete : 8x11x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm : 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm : 0.145 W/kg : 0.152 W/kg : 4.828
Tissue Data Type Frequency Epsilon Sigma Density	: Head and Body : 847.0 MHz : 41.17 F/m : 0.92 S/m : 1000.00 kg/cu. m
Probe Data Serial No. Frequency Band Duty Cycle Factor Conversion Factor Probe Sensitivity Compression Point Offset	: 500-00283 : 835 : 1 : 5.9 : 1.20 1.20 1.20 μV/(V/m)2 : 95.00 mV : 1.56 mm
1 gram SAR value 10 gram SAR value Area Scan Peak SAR Zoom Scan Peak SAR	: 0.257 W/kg : 0.182 W/kg : 0.262 W/kg : 0.327 W/kg

Plot 14#



SAR Evaluation Report

APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

According to **IEEE1528:2013**, the uncertainty budget has been determined for the Head SAR measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Source of Uncertainty	Tolerance Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c _i ¹ (1-g)	c _i ¹ (10-g)	Standard Uncertainty (1-g) %	Standard Uncertainty (10-g) %
	Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	3.5	normal	1	1	1	3.5	3.5
Axial Isotropy	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-cp)^{1/2}$	$(1-cp)^{1}$	1.5	1.5
Hemispherical Isotropy	10.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	√ср	√ср	4.4	4.4
Boundary Effect	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection Limit	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout Electronics	1.0	normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0
Response Time	0.8	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5
Integration Time	1.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.0	1.0
RF Ambient Condition -Noise	0.6	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3
RF Ambient Condition - Reflections	3.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner Mech. Restrictions	0.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	2.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7
Extrapolation and Integration	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.1	2.1
		Test sar	nple relate	ed			
Test sample positioning	2.0	normal	1	1	1	2.0	2.0
Device Holder Uncertainty	4.0	normal	1	1	1	6.215	6.215
Drift of Output Power	5.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.67	2.67
		Phanton	n and Setu	ър			
Phantom Uncertainty	3.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.0	2.0
SAR correction in permittivity and conductivity	1.2	normal	1	1	0.85	1.2	1.0
Liquid conductivity measurement	5.0	normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.9	3.6
Liquid permittivity measurement	5.0	normal	1	0.25	0.29	1.3	1.5
conductivity—temperat ure	1.1	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	0.5	0.5
permittivity—temperatu re	1.3	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.23	0.2	0.2
Combined Uncertainty		RSS				10.78	10.55
Expanded uncertainty (coverage factor=2)		Normal(k=2)				21.56	21.10

According to **IEC62209-2:2010**, the uncertainty budget has been determined for the Body SAR measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Source of Uncertainty	Tolerance Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c _i ¹ (1-g)	c _i ¹ (10-g)	Standard Uncertainty (1-g) %	Standard Uncertainty (10-g) %
	•	Measure	ment Syst	em	•	·	•
Probe Calibration	3.5	normal	1	1	1	3.5	3.5
Axial Isotropy	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5
Boundary Effect	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection Limit	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout Electronics	1.0	normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0
Response Time	0.8	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5
Integration Time	1.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.0	1.0
RF Ambient Condition -Noise	0.6	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3
RF Ambient Condition - Reflections	3.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner Mech. Restrictions	0.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	2.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7
Extrapolation and Integration	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.1	2.1
		Test sar	nple relate	ed			
Test sample positioning	2.0	normal	1	1	1	2.0	2.0
Device Holder Uncertainty	4.0	normal	1	1	1	6.215	6.215
Drift of Output Power	5.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.67	2.67
		Phanton	m and Setu	ъ			
Phantom Uncertainty	3.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.0	2.0
SAR correction in permittivity and conductivity	1.2	normal	1	1	0.84	1.2	1.0
Liquid conductivity measurement	5.0	normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.9	3.6
Liquid permittivity measurement	5.0	normal	1	0.23	0.26	1.3	1.5
conductivity—temperat ure	1.1	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	0.5	0.5
permittivity—temperatu re	1.3	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.2	0.2
Combined Uncertainty		RSS				9.58	9.49
Expanded uncertainty (coverage factor=2)		Normal(k=2)				19.16	18.98

APPENDIX B PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No.: PC-1654

Task No: BACL-5805

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Equipment: Miniature Isotropic RF Probe Record of Calibration Head and Body Manufacturer: APREL Inc. Model No.: ALS-E020 Serial No.: 500-00283

Calibration Procedure: D01-032-E020-V2, D22-012-Tissue, D28-002-Dipole Project No: BACL-5805

> Calibrated: 12th December 2015 Released on: 14th December 2015

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

CL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Suile 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr. OTTAWA, ONTARIO CANADA K2K 3J1 Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 435-8300 FAX: (613) 435-8306

SAR Evaluation Report

Division of APREL Inc.

Introduction

This Calibration Report reproduces the results of the calibration performed in line with the references listed below. Calibration is performed using accepted methodologies as per the references listed below. Probes are calibrated for air, and tissue and the values reported are the results from the physical quantification.

Calibration Method

Probes are calibrated using the following methods.

<800 MHz TEM Cell for sensitivity in air Standard phantom using temperature transfer method for sensitivity in tissue

>800 MHz

Waveguide* method to determine sensitivity in air and tissue *Waveguide is numerically (simulation) assessed to determine the field distribution and power

The boundary effect for the probe is assessed using a standard flat phantom where the probe output is compared against a numerically simulated series of data points

References

- o IEEE Standard 1528:2013
 - IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
- o IEC 62209-1:2006
- Human Exposure to RF Fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices Human models. instrumentation, and procedures Part 1: Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held mobile wireless devices
- o IEC 62209-2:2010

Human exposure to RF fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless devices - Human models, instrumentation, and procedures - Part 2: specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices (30 MHz - 6 GHz)

- TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field probe calibration procedure
- D22-012-Tissue dielectric tissue calibration procedure
- o D28-002-Dipole procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole
- IEEE 1309 Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9kHz to 40GHz

Page 2 of 10

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

Division of APREL Inc.		
Conditions		
Probe 500-00283 was a recalibration		
Ambient Temperature of the Labor	atory: 20 °C +/- 1	.5°C
Temperature of the Tissue:	21 °C +/- 1	.5°C
Relative Humidity:	< 60%	
Primary Measurement Standards		
nstrument	Serial Number	Cal due date
Power Meter Tektronix USB	11C940	Apr 2, 2017
Signal Generator Agilent E4438C	MY45094463	Dec 11, 2017
Secondary Measurement Standard	s	
Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C	002106	Feb. 4, 2017

Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Dan Brooks, Test Engineer

Page 3 of 10 This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

NCL Calibration Laboratories Division of APREL Inc.

Probe Summary

Probe Type:	E-Field Probe E-020
Serial Number:	500-00283
Frequency:	As presented on page 5
Sensor Offset:	1.56
Sensor Length:	2.5
Tip Enclosure:	Composite*
Tip Diameter:	< 2.9 mm
Tip Length:	55 mm
Total Length:	289 mm
Diode Compression Point:	95 mV

Sensitivity in Air

Frequency Range	Channel X, µV/(V/m) ²	Channel Υ, μV/(V/m) ²	Channel Z, μV/(V/m) ²	Tolerance, µV/(V/m) ²
450 MHz	1.212	1.205	1.199	±0.004
750 MHz, 835 MHz 900 MHz	1.212	1.21	1.209	±0,004
1 GHz – 4 GHz	1.21	1.21	1.207	±0.004
5 GHz – 6 GHz	1.2	1.192	1.19	±0.005

*Resistive to recommended tissue recipes per IEEE-1528

Page 4 of 10 This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

Division of APREL Inc.

Calibration for Tissue (Head H, Body B)

Frequency	Tissue Type	Measured Epsilon	Measured Sigma	Standard Uncertainty (%)	Calibration Frequency Range (MHz)	Conversion Factor
450 H	Head	43.5	0.84	3.5	±50	5.7
450 B	Body	56.77	0.93	3.5	±50	5.8
750 H	Head	42.92	0.92	3.5	±50	6.0
750 B	Body	55.57	0.93	3.5	±50	5.9
835 H	Head	43.44	0.94	3.5	±50	5.9
835 B	Body	54.91	1.00	3.5	±50	5.9
900 H	Head	41.05	1.01	3.5	±50	6.0
900 B	Body	54.86	1.04	3.5	±50	5.9
1450 H	Head	X	Х	X	X	Х
1450 B	Body	X	Х	X	Х	Х
1500 H	Head	X	Х	Х	Х	Х
1500 B	Body	X	Х	Х	Х	х
1640 H	Head	X	Х	Х	Х	Х
1640 B	Body	X	Х	X	X	Х
1750 H	Head	38.58	1.36	3.5	±75	5.4
1750 B	Body	51.5	1.52	3.5	±75	5.3
1800 H	Head	X	X	Х	Х	Х
1800 B	Body	X	X	X	Х	X
1900 H	Head	40.72	1.37	3.5	±75	4.8
1900 B	Body	52.29	1.58	3.5	±75	4.8
2000 H	Head	X	X	X	X	х
2000 B	Body	X	X	X	X	Х
2100 H	Head	X	X	X	X	х
2100 B	Body	X	Х	X	X	Х
2300 H	Head	X	X	X	X	х
2300 B	Body	X	X	X	X	Х
2450 H	Head	37.35	1.85	3.5	±75	<mark>4.8</mark>
2450B	Body	53.26	1.96	3.5	±75	4.3
3000 H	Head	X	X	X	X	Х
3000 B	Body	X	Х	X	Х	Х
3600 H	Head	37.24	3.14	3.5	±100	<mark>4.4</mark>
3600 B	Body	50.23	3.81	3.5	±100	<mark>4.1</mark>
5250 H	Head	35.05	4.65	3.5	±100	3.1
5250 B	Body	46.24	<mark>5.11</mark>	3.5	±100	2.9
5600 H	Head	34.95	5.06	3.5	±100	3.0
5600 B	Body	45.95	5.73	3.5	±100	2.4
5800 H	Head	34.57	5.27	3.5	±100	3.1
5800 B	Body	46.01	6.10	3.5	±100	2.6

Page 5 of 10 This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

Division of APREL Inc.

Boundary Effect:

Uncertainty resulting from the boundary effect is less than 2.1% for the distance between the tip of the probe and the tissue boundary, when less than 0.58mm.

Spatial Resolution:

The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.5% for 4.9mm diameter probe. The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.0% for 2.5mm diameter probe.

DAQ-PAQ Contribution

To minimize the uncertainty calculation all tissue sensitivity values were calculated using a load impedance of 5 $M\Omega$

Probe Calibration Uncertainty

Uncertainty component	Tolerance (±%)	Probability distribution	Divisor	Standard uncertainty (±%)
Incident or forward power	2.5	R	v3	1.44
Reflected power	2	R	V3	1.15
Liquid conductivity measurement	1	R	V3	0.58
Liquid permittivity measurement	1	R	V3	0.58
Liquid conductivity deviation	1.5	R	v3	0.87
Liquid permittivity deviation	1.5	R	V3	0.87
Frequency deviation	2.25	R	v3	1.30
Field homogeneity	2.5	R	√3	1.44
Field-probe positioning	2.5	R	V3	1.44
Field-probe linearity	1.55	R	V3	0.89
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS		3.50

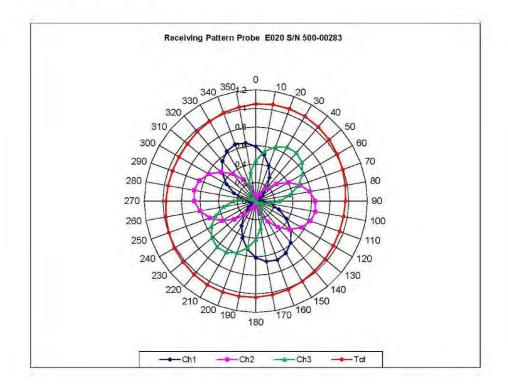
Page 6 of 10

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

SAR Evaluation Report

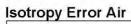
Division of APREL Inc.

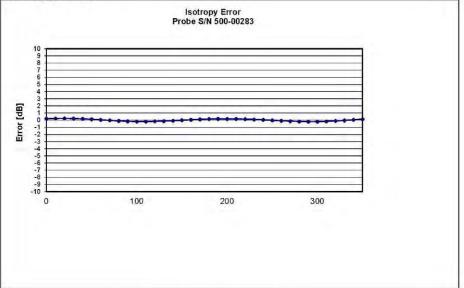
Receiving Pattern Air

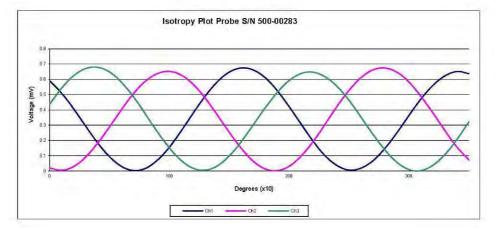


Page 7 of 10 This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

Division of APREL Inc.





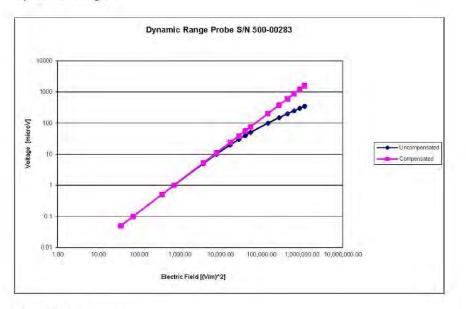


 Page 8 of 10
 Probe S/N 500-00283

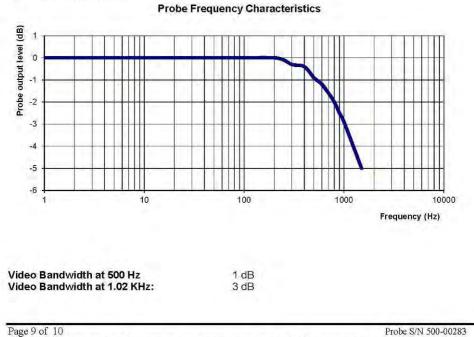
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 Probe S/N 500-00283

Division of APREL Inc.

Dynamic Range







Page 9 of 10 This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

APPENDIX C DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No: DC-1599 Project Number: BAC-dipole-cal-5779

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Validation Dipole(Head and Body)

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories Part number: ALS-D-835-S-2 Frequency: 835 MHz Serial No: 180-00558

Customer: Bay Area Compliance Laboratory (China)

Calibrated: 8th October 2014 Released on: 8th October 2014

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

Art Brennan, Quality Manager



Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 435-8300 FAX: (613)435-8306

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Conditions

Dipole 180-00558 was received with a damaged connection for a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory:	22 °C +/- 0.5°C
Temperature of the Tissue:	21 °C +/- 0.5°C

Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Maryna Nesterova Calibration Engineer

Primary Measurement Standards

Instrument Tektronix USB Power Meter Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C Serial Number 11C940 002106 Cal due date May 14, 2015 Feb. 20, 2015

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Calibration Results Summary

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

Mechanical Dimensions

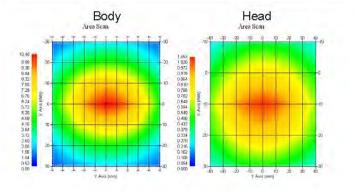
Length:	162.2 mm
Height:	89.4 mm

Electrical Specification

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	835 MHz	1.066 U	-30.344 dB	49.001 Ω
Body	835 MHz	1.089 U	-28.118 dB	53.117 Ω

System Validation Results

Tissue	Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak
Head	835 MHz	9.773	6.174	14.713
Body	835 MHz	9.736	6.297	14.513



This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.



Division of APREL Laboratories.

Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole 180-00558. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-020 30 MHz to 6 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 225.

References

- SSI-TP-018-ALSAS Dipole Calibration Procedure
- SSI-TP-016 Tissue Calibration Procedure
- IEEE 1528;2013 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques"
- IEC-62209-1:2006 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures" Part 1: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)"
- IEC-62209-2:2010 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures" Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used
- in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)"
- D28-002 Procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole

Conditions

Dipole 180-00558 was repaired prior to this calibration. The repair reliability depends upon correct usage of the dipole.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory:	22 °C +/- 0.5°C
Temperature of the Tissue:	20 °C +/- 0.5°C

Dipole Calibration uncertainty

The calibration uncertainty for the dipole is made up of various parameters presented below.

Mechanical	1%
Positioning Error	1.22%
Electrical	1.7%
Tissue	2.2%
Dipole Validation	2.2%
TOTAL	8.32% (16.64% K=2)

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

NCL Calibration Laboratories Division of APREL Laboratories.

Dipole Calibration Results

Mechanical Verification

APREL	APREL	Measured	Measured
Length	Height	Length	Height
161.0 mm	89.8 mm	162.2 mm	89.4 mm

Electrical Verification

Tissue Type	Return Loss:	SWR:	Impedance:
Head	-30.344 dB	1.066 U	49.001Ω
Body	-28.118 dB	1.089 U	53.117 Ω 🗆

Tissue Validation

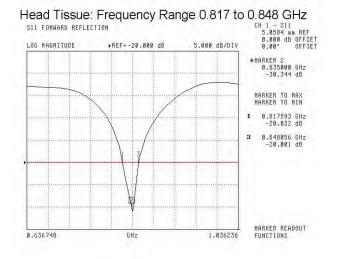
	Dielectric constant, 6r	Conductivity, o [S/m]
Head Tissue 835MHz	43.42	0.94
Body Tissue 835MHz	55.77	1.01

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

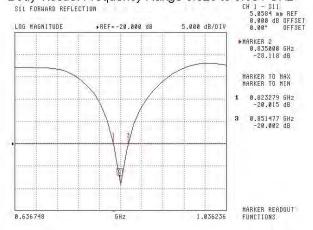
Division of APREL Laboratories.

The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

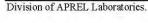
S11 Parameter Return Loss



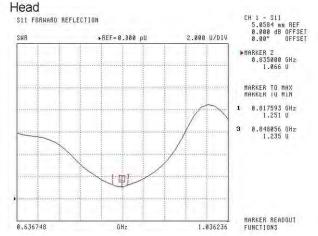
Body Tissue: Frequency Range 0.823 to 0.851 GHz



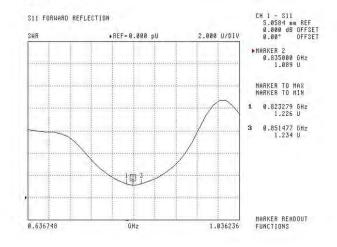
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SWR



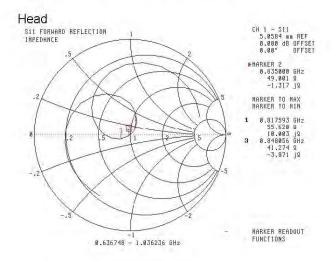
Body



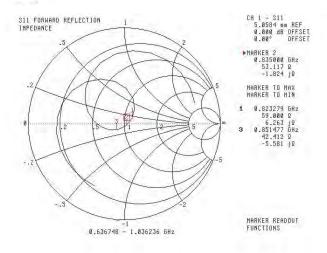
This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

NCL Calibration Laboratories Division of APREL Laboratories.

Smith Chart Dipole Impedance



Body



This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List 2014.

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No: DC-1600 Project Number: BAC-dipole-cal-5779

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Validation Dipole (Head & Body)

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories Part number: ALS-D-900-S-2 Frequency: 900 MHz Serial No: 190-00609

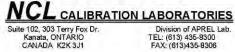
Customer: Bay Area Compliance Laboratory(China)

Calibrated: 8th October 2014 Released on: 8th October 2014

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

Art Brennan, Quality Manager



SAR Evaluation Report

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Conditions

Dipole 190-00609 was received in good condition and was a recalibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: Temperature of the Tissue: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C 21 °C +/- 0.5°C

Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Maryna Nesterova Calibration Engineer

Primary Measurement Standards

Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C

Instrument Tektronix USB Power Meter Serial Number 11C940 002106 **Cal due date** May 14, 2015 Feb. 20, 2015

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Calibration Results Summary

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

Mechanical Dimensions

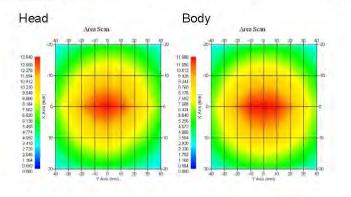
Length:	149.9 mm
Height:	82.8 mm

Electrical Specification

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	900 MHz	1.084 U	-28.52 dB	47.029 Ω
Body	900 MHz	1.132 U	-24.34 dB	48.663 Ω

System Validation Results

Tissue	Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak
Head	900MHz	11.828	7.595	17.616
Body	900MHz	11.072	7.07	16.715



This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole 190-00609. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-020 30 MHz to 6 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 225.

References

- IEC-62209 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and bodymounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"
- Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for handheld devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)"
- TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field probe calibration procedure
- D22-012-Tissue dielectric tissue calibration procedure
- D28-002-Dipole procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole
- IEEE 1309 Draft Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9kHz to 40GHz

Conditions

Dipole 190-00609 was a recalibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory:	22 °C +/- 0.5°C
Temperature of the Tissue:	20 °C +/- 0.5°C

Dipole Calibration uncertainty

The calibration uncertainty for the dipole is made up of various parameters presented below.

Mechanical	1%
Positioning Error	1.22%
Electrical	1.7%
Tissue	2.2%
Dipole Validation	2.2%
TOTAL	8.32% (16.64% K=2)

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Dipole Calibration Results

Mechanical Verification

APREL	APREL	Measured	Measured
Length	Height	Length	Height
149.0 mm	83.3 mm	149.9 mm	82.8 mm

Electrical Specification

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	900 MHz	1.084 U	-28.52 dB	47.029 Ω
Body	900 MHz	1.132 U	-24.34 dB	48.663 Ω

Tissue Validation

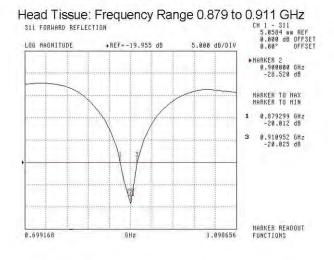
and the second	Dielectric constant, 6r	Conductivity, o [S/m]
Head Tissue 900MHz	41.87	1.06
Body Tissue 900MHz	55.62	1.05

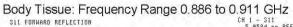
This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

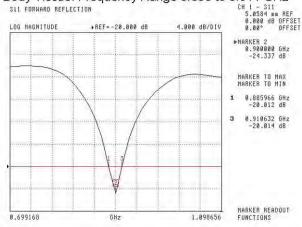
Division of APREL Laboratories.

The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

S11 Parameter Return Loss



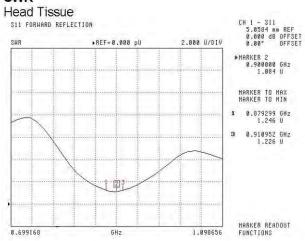




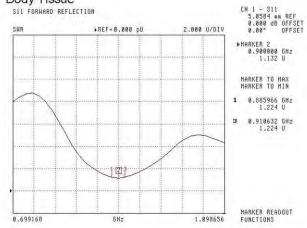
This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

NCL Calibration Laboratories Division of APREL Laboratories.

SWR



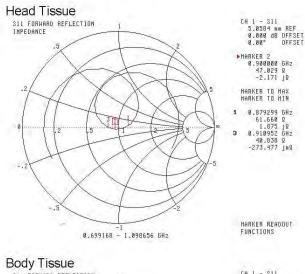
Body Tissue S11 FORWARD REFLECTION

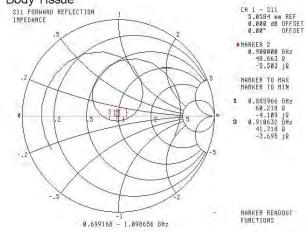


This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Smith Chart Dipole Impedance





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Division of APREL Laboratories.

Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List 2014.

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No: DC-1531 Project Number: BACL-5745

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

BACL Head & Body Validation Dipole

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories Part number: ALS-D-1750-S-2 Frequency: 1750 MHz Serial No: 198-00304

Customer: ISL

Calibrated: 8th October, 2013 Released on: 8th October, 2013

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

CALIBRATION LABORATORIES Suite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr, OTTAWA, ONTARIO CANADA K2K 3J1

Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 435-8300 FAX: (613) 435-8306

NCL Calibration Laboratories Division of APREL Laboratories.

Conditions

Dipole 198-00304 was an original calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory:22 °C +/- 0.5°CTemperature of the Tissue:21 °C +/- 0.5°C

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Constantin Teodorian, Test Engineer

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Calibration Results Summary

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

Mechanical Dimensions

Length:	75 mm
Height:	42 mm

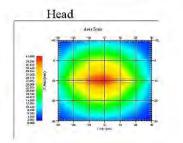
Electrical Calibration

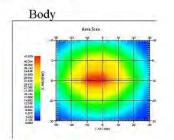
Test	Result Head	Result Body
S11 R/L	-25.567	-20.548 dB
SWR	1.111U	1.207 U
Impedance	53.637Ω	55.929 Ω

System Validation Results, 1750 MHz

	1g	10g
Head	37.02	18.99
Body	36.65	18.85

Туре	Epsilon	Sigma	
Head	38.51	1.36	
Body	51.79	1.53	





This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-030 130 MHz to 26 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 215.

References

SSI-TP-018-ALSAS Dipole Calibration Procedure

SSI-TP-016 Tissue Calibration Procedure

IEEE 1528 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques"

IEC-62209 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and bodymounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"

Part 1: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)"

IEC-62209 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and bodymounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"

Part 2 *Draft*: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for handheld devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)"

Conditions

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory:22 °C +/- 0.5°CTemperature of the Tissue:20 °C +/- 0.5°C

This was an original calibration taken from stock.

Dipole Calibration uncertainty

The calibration uncertainty for the dipole is made up of various parameters presented below.

1%
1.22%
1.7%
2.2%
2.2%
8.32% (16.64% K=2)

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Dipole Calibration Results

Mechanical Verification

Measured	Measured
Length	Height
75 mm	42 mm

Tissue Validation

Frequency	Permittivity E	Conductivity O
1750 Head	38.23	1.38
1750 Body	52.86	1.54

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

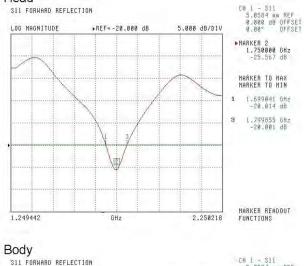
Division of APREL Laboratories.

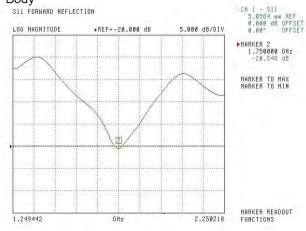
Electrical Calibration

Test	Result Head	Result Body
S11 R/L	-25.567	-20.548 dB
SWR	1.111U	1.207 U
Impedance	53.637Ω	55.929 Ω

The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer. **S11 Parameter Return Loss**

Head

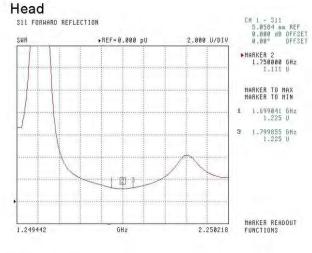




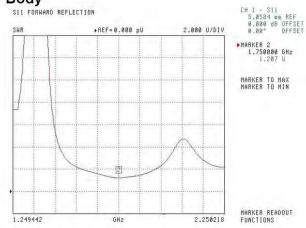
This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

Division of APREL Laboratories.

SWR



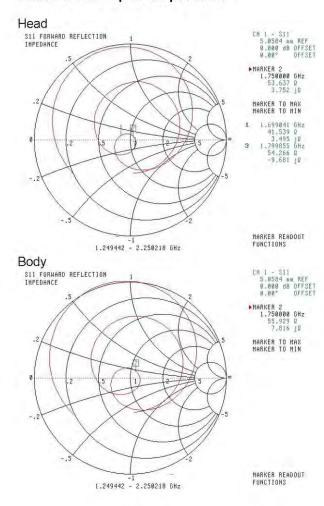
Body



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NCL Calibration Laboratories Division of APREL Laboratories.

Smith Chart Dipole Impedance



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Division of APREL Laboratories.

Test Equipment

1

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List May 2013

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No: DC-1601 Project Number: BAC-dipole –cal-5779

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Validation Dipole (Head & Body)

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories Part number: ALS-D-1900-S-2 Frequency: 1900 MHz Serial No: 210-00710

Customer: Bay Area Compliance Laboratory (China)

Calibrated: 9th October, 2014 Released on: 9th October, 2014

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

ICL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Suite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr. Kanata, ONTARIO CANADA K2K 3J1 Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 435-8300 FAX: (613)435-8306

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Conditions

Dipole 210-00710 was received in good condition and was a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: Temperature of the Tissue: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C 21 °C +/- 0.5°C

Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Maryna Nesterova Calibration Engineer

Primary Measurement Standards

Instrument Tektronix USB Power Meter Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C Serial Number 11C940 002106 Cal due date May 14, 2015 Feb. 20, 2015

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Calibration Results Summary

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

Mechanical Dimensions

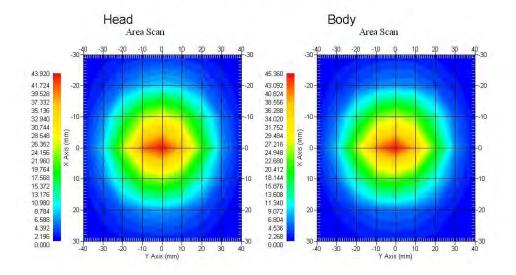
Length:	67.1 mm
Height:	38.9 mm

Electrical Specification

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	1900MHz	1.084 U	-27.92 dB	52.247 Ω
Body	1900MHz	1.128 U	-24.40 dB	52.618 Ω

System Validation Results

Tissue	Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak
Head	1900 MHz	39.481	20.44	73.364
Body	1900 MHz	39.715	20.552	73.565



This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole 210-00710. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-020 30 MHz to 6 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 225.

References

- IEC-62209 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and bodymounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"
- Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for handheld devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)"
- TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field probe calibration procedure
- D22-012-Tissue dielectric tissue calibration procedure
- D28-002-Dipole procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole
- IEEE 1309 Draft Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9kHz to 40GHz

Conditions

Dipole 210-00710 was a recalibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory:	22 °C +/- 0.5°C
Temperature of the Tissue:	20 °C +/- 0.5°C

Dipole Calibration uncertainty

The calibration uncertainty for the dipole is made up of various parameters presented below.

Mechanical	1%
Positioning Error	1.22%
Electrical	1.7%
Tissue	2.2%
Dipole Validation	2.2%
TOTAL	8.32% (16.64% K=2)

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Dipole Calibration Results

Mechanical Verification

APREL	APREL	Measured	Measured
Length	Height	Length	Height
68.0 mm	39.5 mm	67.1mm	38.9 mm

Electrical Validation

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	1900MHz	1.084 U	-27.92 dB	52.247 Ω
Body	1900MHz	1.128 U	-24.40 dB	52.618 Ω

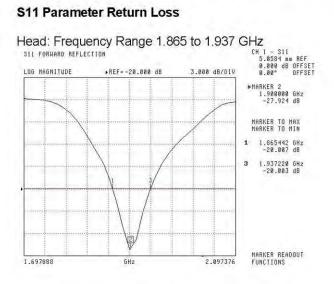
Tissue Validation

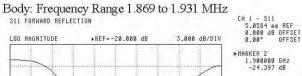
	Dielectric constant, sr	Conductivity, o [S/m]
Head Tissue 1900MHz	40.20	1.38
Body Tissue 1900MHz	52.63	1.46

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

Division of APREL Laboratories.

The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.



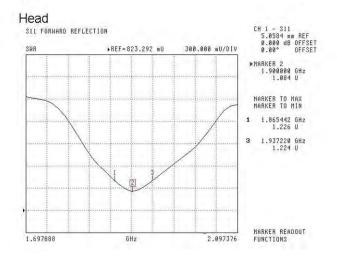


MARKER TO MAX Marker to min 1 1.869475 GHz -20.005 dB 1.931189 GHz -20.005 dB 3 MARKER READOUT FUNCTIONS 2.099430 1.700355 GHz

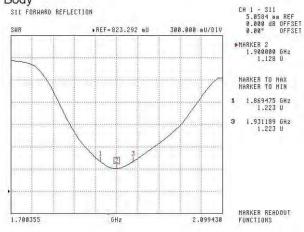
This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

Division of APREL Laboratories.

SWR



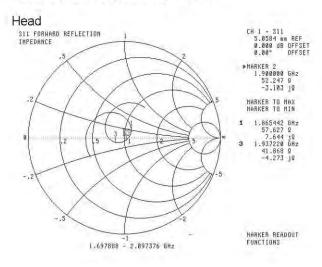




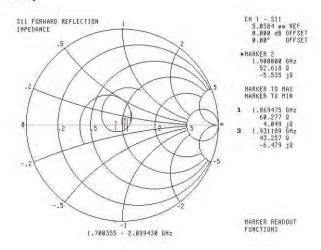
This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

NCL Calibration Laboratories Division of APREL Laboratories.

Smith Chart Dipole Impedance



Body



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Division of APREL Laboratories.

Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List 2014

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No: DC-1602 Project Number: BAC-dipole-cal-5779

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Validation Dipole (Head & Body)

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories Part number: ALS-D-2450-S-2 Frequency: 2450 MHz Serial No: 220-00758

Customer: Bay Area Compliance Laboratory

Calibrated: 9th October, 2014 Released on: 9th October, 2014

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

ICL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Suite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr. Kanata, ONTARIO CANADA K2K 3J1 Division of APREL Lab. TEL: (613) 435-8300 FAX: (613)435-8306

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Conditions

Dipole 220-00758 was received in good condition and was a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: Temperature of the Tissue: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C 21 °C +/- 0.5°C

Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Maryna Nesterova Calibration Engineer

Primary Measurement Standards

Instrument

Tektronix USB Power Meter Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C Serial Number 11C940 002106 **Cal due date** May 14, 2015 Feb. 20, 2015

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Calibration Results Summary

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

Mechanical Dimensions

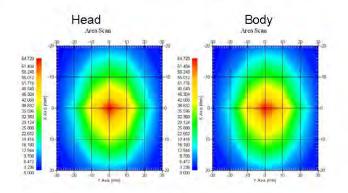
Length:	52.4 mm
Height:	30.3 mm

Electrical Specification

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	2450 MHz	1.014 U	-45.184 dB	50.006Ω
Body	2450 MHz	1.070 U	-29.453 dB	50.672 Ω

System Validation Results

Tissue	Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak
Head	2450 MHz	54.916	25.327	111.97
Body	2450 MHz	52.418	24.691	103.91



This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole 220-00758. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-020 30 MHz to 6 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 225.

References

SSI-TP-018-ALSAS Dipole Calibration Procedure

SSI-TP-016 Tissue Calibration Procedure

IEEE 1528 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques"

IEC-62209 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and bodymounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"

Part 1: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)"

IEC-62209 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and bodymounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"

Part 2 *Draft*: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for handheld devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)"

Conditions

Dipole 220-00758 was a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory:	22 °C +/- 0.5°C
Temperature of the Tissue:	20 °C +/- 0.5°C

Dipole Calibration uncertainty

The calibration uncertainty for the dipole is made up of various parameters presented below.

1%
1.22%
1.7%
2.2%
2.2%
8.32% (16.64% K=2)

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Dipole Calibration Results

Mechanical Verification

APREL	APREL	Measured	Measured
Length	Height	Length	Height
51.5 mm	30.4 mm	52.4 mm	30.3 mm

Electrical Specification

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	2450 MHz	1.014 U	-45.184 dB	50.006Ω
Body	2450 MHz	1.070 U	-29.453 dB	50.672 Ω

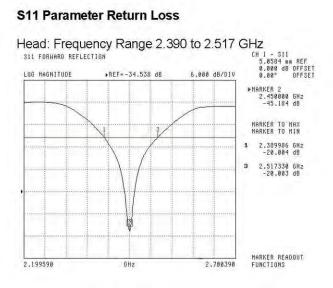
Tissue Validation

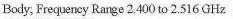
	Dielectric constant, 6r	Conductivity, o [S/m]
Head Tissue 2450MHz	37.26	1.84
Body Tissue 2450MHz	53.61	1.90

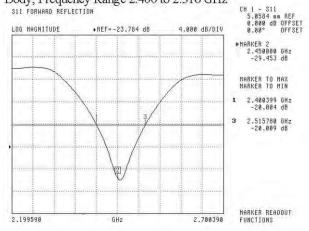
This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

Division of APREL Laboratories.

The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.



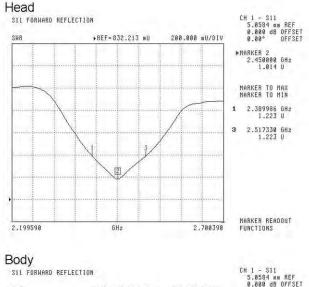


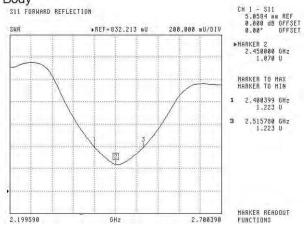


This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

Division of APREL Laboratories.

SWR

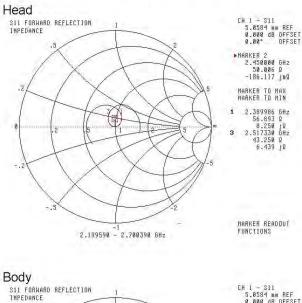


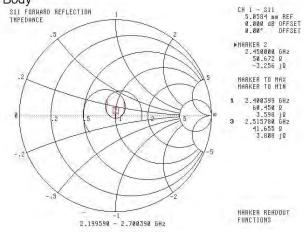


This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

NCL Calibration Laboratories Division of APREL Laboratories.

Smith Chart Dipole Impedance





This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List May 2014.

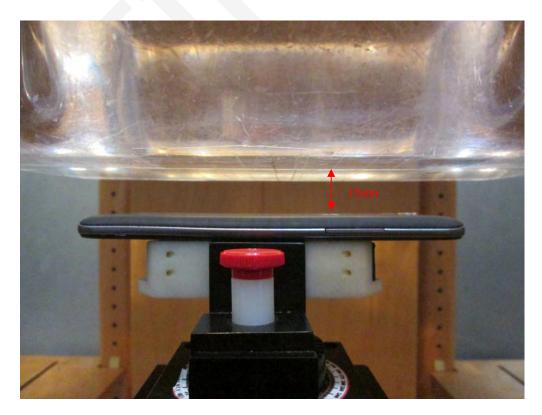
This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

APPENDIX D EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS

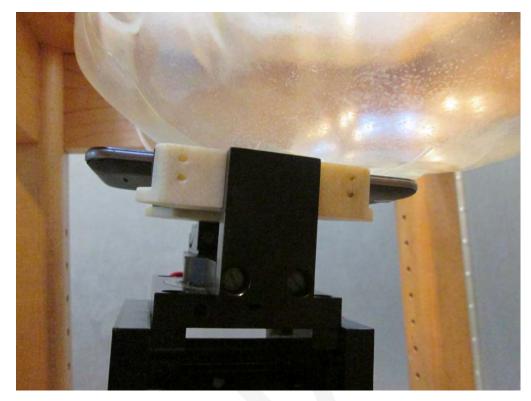
Liquid depth \geq 15cm



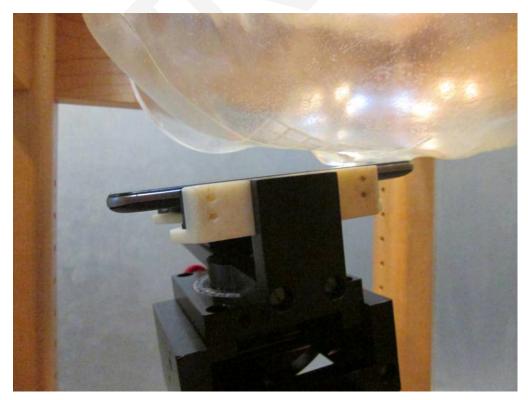
Body-worn Back Setup Photo



Left Head Touch Setup Photo



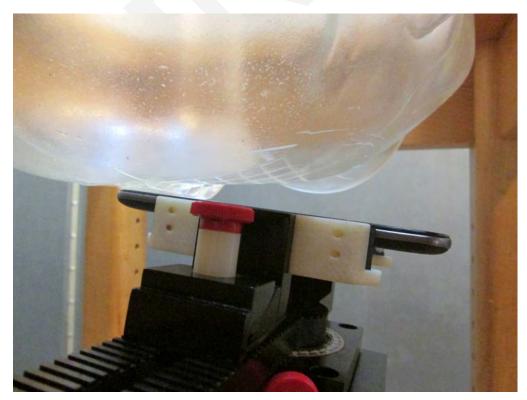
Left Head Tilt Setup Photo



Right Head Touch Setup Photo



Right Head Tilt Setup Photo



APPENDIX E EUT PHOTOS



EUT – Back View





EUT – Right View



EUT – Left View



EUT – Bottom View





EUT – Cover off View

APPENDIX F INFORMATIVE REFERENCES

[1] Federal Communications Commission, \Report and order: Guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radiofrequency radiation", Tech. Rep. FCC 96-326, FCC, Washington, D.C. 20554, 1996.

[2] David L. Means Kwok Chan, Robert F. Cleveland, \Evaluating compliance with FCC guidelines for human exposure to radiofrequency electromagnetic fields", Tech. Rep., Federal Communication Commission, O_ce of Engineering & Technology, Washington, DC, 1997.

[3] Thomas Schmid, Oliver Egger, and Niels Kuster, \Automated E-_eld scanning system for dosimetric assessments", IEEE Transactions on Microwave Theory and Techniques, vol. 44, pp. 105{113, Jan. 1996.

[4] Niels Kuster, Ralph K.astle, and Thomas Schmid, \Dosimetric evaluation of mobile communications equipment with known precision", IEICE Transactions on Communications, vol. E80-B, no. 5, pp. 645{652, May 1997.

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PRODUCT SIMILARITY DECLARATION LETTER

Shenzhen East Xinyi Electronic Techonology Co., Ltd. Room 20A, TAIBANG Techonology bldg, High-Tech Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, China Tel: +86 13534231610 Fax: +86 755 2533 3622 12/30/2015 **Product Similarity Declaration** To Whom It May Concern, We, Shenzhen East Xinyi Electronic Techonology Co., Ltd. ,hereby declare that we have a product named as Brondi 530 4G HD (Model number: EX8535) was tested by BACL, meanwhile, for our marketing purpose, we would like to list a series models (EX8537) on reports and certificate, only model number different and the rear cover process different, don't affect the electromagnetic compatibility. No other changes are made to them. We confirm that all information above is true, and we'll be responsible for all the consequences. Please contact me if you have any question. Glind Lin. Signature: Elind Liu Sales Manager

*****END OF REPORT*****