

ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11)

TEST REPORT

For

Vonino Electronics Limited

Miramar Tower 10F - no1010, 132 Nathan Road Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong

Model: Magnet M1

Report Type: Amended Report		Product Type: Tablet PC	
Report Number:	RSZ170504008-2	22BA2	
Report Date:	2017-05-16		
Descioned Par	Simon Wang	Simon	Wang
Reviewed By: Prepared By:		iance Laboratories Corp. (S	henzhen)
Trepared By.	6/F., West Wing	, Third Phase of Wanli Îndu Road, Futian Free Trade Zu gdong, China 320018 320008	strial

Note: This test report is prepared for the customer shown above and for the equipment described herein. It may not be duplicated or used in part without prior written consent from Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. This report is valid only with a valid digital signature. The digital signature may be available only under the Adobe software above version 7.0.

Report No.: RSZ170504008-22BA2

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DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Issue
0	RSZ150923003-22A	Original Report	2015-10-16
1	RSZ170302003-22AA1	First Amended Report	2017-03-09
2	RSZ170504008-22AA2	Second Amended Report	2017-05-16

Note:

This is an amended report application based on original report, the details as below

- 1. Changing the applicant and munufacturer to "Vonino Electronics Limited (Miramar Tower 10F no1010, 132 Nathan Road Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong)".
- 2. Changing the model name to "Magnet M1".
- 3. Changing the trademark to "Vonino".

Based on the above difference, it will not impact any test item, so all the test data and photos please refer to the first amended report.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

The *Vonino Electronics Limited's* product, model number: *Magnet M1* or the "EUT" in this report was a *Tablet PC*, which was measured approximately: 25.9 cm (L) × 15.9 cm (W) × 0.9 cm (H), rated with input voltage: DC 3.7 V from Li-ion battery.

*All measurement and test data in this report was gathered from production sample serial number: 1700315. (Assigned by BACL, Shenzhen). The EUT supplied by the applicant was received on 2017-03-02.

Objective

This report is prepared on behalf of *Vonino Electronics Limited* in accordance with ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11), Wideband transmission systems; Data transmission equipment operating in the 2, 4 GHz ISM band and using wide band modulation techniques; Harmonised Standard covering the essential requirements of article 3.2 of Directive 2014/53/EU.

The objective is to determine the compliance of EUT with ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11).

Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s)

No related submittal(s).

Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11).

Measurement Uncertainty

Parameter	Flab	Maximum allow uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	±5%	±5%
RF output power, conducted	±1.5dB	±1.5dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	±1.5dB	±3dB
Unwanted Emission, conducted	±1.5dB	±3dB
All emissions, radiated	±4.88dB	±6dB
Temperature	±1 °C	±3 °C
Supply voltages	±0.4%	±3%
Time	±1%	±5%

Test Facility

The test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) to collect test data is located on the 6/F., West Wing, Third Phase of Wanli Industrial Building, Shihua Road, Futian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.

Test site at Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) has been fully described in reports submitted to the Federal Communication Commission (FCC). The details of these reports have been found to be in compliance with the requirements of Section 2.948 of the FCC Rules on October 31, 2013. The facility also complies with the radiated and AC line conducted test site criteria set forth in ANSI C63.4-2014.

The Federal Communications Commission has the reports on file and is listed under FCC Registration No.: 382179. The test site has been approved by the FCC for public use and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database.

Report No.: RSZ170504008-22BA2

BELOW IS THE REFERENCED REPORT

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TEST REPORT

For

Shenzhen Adreamer Technology Co., Ltd

Building A2, Silicon Valley Dynamic Qinghu Garden, Dahe Rd., Longhua, Shenzhen

Tested Model: MK1012 Multiple Model: M1, M8-10A, Druid L10, Steelcore 1030, 1004, M104, G1001, G10

Report Type: Amended Report		Product Type: Tablet PC
Report Number:	RSZ170302003-2	22BA1
Report Date:	2017-03-09	
	Candy Li	Candy. Ci
Reviewed By:	RF Engineer	0
Prepared By:	Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) 6/F., West Wing, Third Phase of Wanli Industrial Building, Shihua Road, Futian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China Tel: +86-755-33320018 Fax: +86-755-33320008 www.baclcorp.com.cn	

Note: This test report is prepared for the customer shown above and for the equipment described herein. It may not be duplicated or used in part without prior written consent from Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. This report is valid only with a valid digital signature. The digital signature may be available only under the Adobe software above version 7.0.

Report No.: RSZ170302003-22BA1

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DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Issue
0	RSZ150923003-22B	Original Report	2015-10-16
1	RSZ170302003-22BA1	Amended Report	2017-03-09

Note:

This is an amended report application based on original report, the details as below

- 1. Adding a model "M1".
- 2. Upgrade the standard to "ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11)".

Based on the above difference, it will add the test item of "RECEIVER BLOCKING", and other data and photos refer to the original report.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

The *Shenzhen Adreamer Technology Co., Ltd's* product, model number: *MK1012* or the "EUT" in this report was a *Tablet PC*, which was measured approximately: 25.9 cm (L) × 15.9 cm (W) × 0.9 cm (H), rated with input voltage: DC 3.7 V from Li-ion battery.

Note: This series products model: M1, M8-10A, Druid L10, Steelcore 1030, 1004, M104, G1001, G10 and MK1012 are identical schematics, only named differently, and model MK1012 was selected for fully testing, the detailed information can be referred to the attached declaration letter that stated and guaranteed by the applicant.

*All measurement and test data in this report was gathered from production sample serial number: 1700315. (Assigned by BACL, Shenzhen). The EUT supplied by the applicant was received on 2017-03-02.

Objective

This report is prepared on behalf of *Shenzhen Adreamer Technology Co., Ltd* in accordance with ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11), Wideband transmission systems; Data transmission equipment operating in the 2, 4 GHz ISM band and using wide band modulation techniques; Harmonised Standard covering the essential requirements of article 3.2 of Directive 2014/53/EU.

The objective is to determine the compliance of EUT with ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11).

Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s)

No related submittal(s).

Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11).

Parameter	Flab	Maximum allow uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	±5%	±5%
RF output power, conducted	±1.5dB	±1.5dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	±1.5dB	±3dB
Unwanted Emission, conducted	±1.5dB	±3dB
All emissions, radiated	±4.88dB	±6dB
Temperature	±1℃	±3 °C
Humidity	±5%	±5%
Supply voltages	±0.4%	±3%
Time	±1%	±5%
Duty Cycle	±1%	±5%

Test Facility

The test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) to collect test data is located on the 6/F., West Wing, Third Phase of Wanli Industrial Building, Shihua Road, Futian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.

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TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
	RF Conducted Test				
Rohde & Schwarz	SPECTRUM ANALYZER	FSU26	200120	2016-12-05	2017-12-05
TRILITHIC ASIA	Adjustable attenuator	RSA-2570D- SMA	T200537364	Each	time
Rohde & Schwarz	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	1201.002K50- 146520-wh	2016-04-14	2017-04-14

* **Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to requirements that traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11)	Description of Test	Test Result
§4.3.2.2	RF output power	Compliance*
§ 4.3.2.3	Power Spectral Density	Compliance*
§ 4.3.2.4	Duty Cycle, Tx-sequence, Tx-gap	Not Applicable
§ 4.3.2.5	Medium Utilization (MU) factor	Not Applicable
§ 4.3.2.6	Adaptivity	Not Applicable*
§ 4.3.2.7	Occupied Channel Bandwidth	Compliance*
§ 4.3.2.8	Transmitter unwanted emissions in the out-of-band domain	Compliance*
§ 4.3.2.9	Transmitter unwanted emissions in the spurious domain	Compliance*
§ 4.3.2.10	Receiver spurious emissions	Compliance*
§ 4.3.2.11	Receiver Blocking	Compliance
§ 4.3.2.12	Geo-location capability	Not Applicable**

Note:

The supplier declared that the equipment is adaptive equipment

Not Applicable – This item only for non-adaptive equipment Not Applicable* – The test item does not apply for equipment within a maximum RF output power level of less than 10 dBm (e.i.r.p).

Not Applicable** - The supplier declared that the equipment has no this function.

Compliance* – please refer to the original report RSZ150923003-22B that issued on 2015-10-16.

ETSI EN 300 328 V2.1.1 (2016-11) §4.3.2.11 - RECEIVER BLOCKING

Applicable Standard

This requirement applies to all receiver categories as defined in clause 4.2.3.

Limit:

The minimum performance criterion shall be a PER less than or equal to 10 %. The manufacturer may declare alternative performance criteria as long as that is appropriate for the intended use of the equipment (see clause 5.4.1.t)).

While maintaining the minimum performance criteria as defined in clause 4.3.2.11.3, the blocking levels at specified frequency offsets shall be equal to or greater than the limits defined for the applicable receiver category provided in table 14, table 15 or table 16.

Wanted signal mean power from companion device (dBm)	Blocking signal frequency (MHz)	Blocking signal power (dBm) (see note 2)	Type of blocking signal	
P _{min} + 6 dB	2 380 2 503,5	-53	CW	
P _{min} + 6 dB	2 300 2 330 2 360	-47	CW	
P _{min} + 6 dB	2 523,5 2 553,5 2 583,5 2 613,5 2 643,5 2 673,5	-47	CW	
 NOTE 1: P_{min} is the minimum level of the wanted signal (in dBm) required to meet the minimum performance criteria as defined in clause 4.3.2.11.3 in the absence of any blocking signal. NOTE 2: The levels specified are levels in front of the UUT antenna. In case of conducted measurements, the levels have to be corrected by the actual antenna assembly gain. 				

Table 14: Receiver Blocking parameters for Receiver Category 1 equipment

Table 15: Receiver Blocking parameters receiver category 2 equipment

power fr	d signal mean rom companion vice (dBm)	Blocking signal frequency (MHz)	Blocking signal power (dBm) (see note 2)	Type of blocking signal
Pr	_{min} + 6 dB	2 380 2 503,5	-57	CW
P _{min} + 6 dB		2 300 2 583,5	-47	CW
NOTE 1:	P _{min} is the minimu	im level of the wanted s	ignal (in dBm) rec	uired to meet the
NOTE 2:	minimum performance criteria as defined in clause 4.3.2.11.3 in the absence of any blocking signal. DTE 2: The levels specified are levels in front of the UUT antenna. In case of conducted measurements, the levels have to be corrected by the actual antenna assembly gain.			

Wanted signal mean power from companion device (dBm)	Blocking signal frequency (MHz)	Blocking signal power (dBm) (see note 2)	Type of blocking signal
P _{min} + 12 dB	2 380 2 503,5	-57	CW
P _{min} + 12 dB	2 300 2 583,5	-47	CW
NOTE 1: P _{min} is the minimum level of the wanted signal (in dBm) required to meet the minimum performance criteria as defined in clause 4.3.2.11.3 in the absence of any blocking signal.			
NOTE 2: The levels specified are levels in front of the UUT antenna. In case of conducted measurements, the levels have to be corrected by the actual antenna assembly gain.			

Table 16: Receiver Blocking parameters receiver category 3 equipment

Test Procedure

Conducted measurement:

For systems using multiple receive chains only one chain (antenna port) need to be tested. All other receiver inputs shall be terminated.

Figure 6 shows the test set-up which can be used for performing the receiver blocking test.

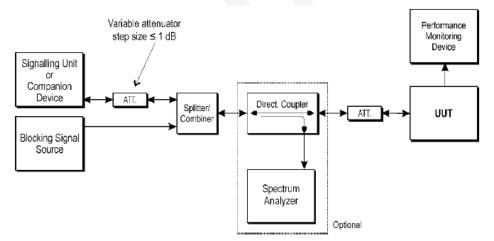


Figure 6: Test Set-up for receiver blocking

The procedure in step 1 to step 6 below shall be used to verify the receiver blocking requirement as described in clause 4.3.1.12 or clause 4.3.2.11.

Table 6, table 7 and table 8 in clause 4.3.1.12.4 contain the applicable blocking frequencies and blocking levels for each of the receiver categories for testing Receiver Blocking on frequency hopping equipment.

Table 14, table 15 and table 16 in clause 4.3.2.11.4 contain the applicable blocking frequencies and blocking levels for each of the receiver categories for testing Receiver Blocking on equipment using wide band modulations other than FHSS.

Step 1:

• For non-frequency hopping equipment, the UUT shall be set to the lowest operating channel.

Step 2:

• The blocking signal generator is set to the first frequency as defined in the appropriate table corresponding to the receiver category and type of equipment.

Step 3:

- With the blocking signal generator switched off, a communication link is established between the UUT and the associated companion device using the test setup shown in figure 6. The attenuation of the variable attenuator shall be increased in 1 dB steps to a value at which the minimum performance criteria as specified in clause 4.3.1.12.3 or clause 4.3.2.11.3 is still met. The resulting level for the wanted signal at the input of the UUT is Pmin.
- This signal level (Pmin) is increased by the value provided in the table corresponding to the receiver category and type of equipment.

Step 4:

• The blocking signal at the UUT is set to the level provided in the table corresponding to the receiver category and type of equipment. It shall be verified and recorded in the test report that the performance criteria as specified in clause 4.3.1.12.3 or clause 4.3.2.11.3 is met.

Step 5:

• Repeat step 4 for each remaining combination of frequency and level for the blocking signal as provided in the table corresponding to the receiver category and type of equipment.

Step 6:

• For non-frequency hopping equipment, repeat step 2 to step 5 with the UUT operating at the highest operating channel.

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	24 °C
Relative Humidity:	51 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Bibo Zhang on 2017-03-06.

EUT operation mode: Receiving (Worst Case)

The Maximum EIRP is -0.56dBm<0 dBm and the EUT is an adaptive device, so it belongs to the receiver category 3.

Mode	Blocking Signal Frequency (MHz)	Type Of Blocking Signal	PER (%)	Limit (%)
	2380	CW	3	
Normal Operation	2503.5	CW	3	<10
	2300	CW	3	≤10
	2583.5	CW	3	

Test Result: Compliance

EXHIBIT A - E.2 INFORMATION AS REQUIRED BY EN 300 328 V2.1.1, CLAUSE 5.4.1

In accordance with EN 300 328, clause 5.4.1, the following information is provided by the supplier.

a) The type of modulation used by the equipment:

☐ FHSS ☑ other forms of modulation

b) In case of FHSS modulation:

In case of non-Adaptive Frequency Hopping equipment: The number of Hopping Frequencies:_____.

In case of Adaptive Frequency Hopping Equipment:

The maximum number of Hopping Frequencies: _____; The minimum number of Hopping Frequencies: _____; The Accumulated Transmit Time: ____;

The Minimum Channel Occupation Time:____;

c) Adaptive / non-adaptive equipment:

non-adaptive Equipment

Adaptive Equipment without the possibility to switch to a non-adaptive mode

adaptive Equipment which can also operate in a non-adaptive mode

d) In case of adaptive equipment:

The Channel Occupancy Time implemented by the equipment: _____ms

The equipment has implemented an LBT based DAA mechanism

In case of equipment using modulation different from FHSS:

The equipment is Frame Based equipment

The equipment is Load Based equipment

The equipment can switch dynamically between Frame Based and Load Based equipment

The CCA time implemented by the equipment: _____µs

The value q is _____.

☐ The equipment has implemented an non-LBT based DAA mechanism ☐ The equipment can operate in more than one adaptive mode

e) In case of non-adaptive Equipment:

The maximum RF Output Power (e.i.r.p.): _____dBm The maximum (corresponding) Duty Cycle: _____%

Equipment with dynamic behaviour, that behaviour is described here. (e.g. the different combinations of duty cycle and corresponding power levels to be declared):

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f) The worst case operational mode for each of the following tests:

	RF Output Power:;
	Power Spectral Density;
	Duty cycle, Tx-Sequence, Tx-gap N/A ;
	Accumulated Transmit Time, Minimum Frequency Occupation & Hopping Sequence (only for FHSS equipment)
	<u>N/A;</u>
	Hopping Frequency Separation (only for FHSS equipment) N/A ;
	Medium Utilisation N/A;
	Adaptivity N/A ;
	Receiver Blocking Pass ;
	Occupied Channel Bandwidth <u>1.024MHz</u> ;
	Transmitter unwanted emissions in the OOB domain <u>-49.80dBm/MHz</u> ;
	Transmitter unwanted emissions in the spurious domain <u>-45.50dBm</u> ;
	Receiver spurious emissions <u>-65.36dBm</u> ;
g)	The different transmit operating modes (tick all that apply):

Operating mode 1: Single Antenna Equipment

- \boxtimes Equipment with only 1 antenna
- Equipment with 2 diversity antennas but only 1 antenna active at any moment in time
- Smart Antenna Systems with 2 or more antennas, but operating in a (legacy) mode where only 1 antenna is used.
 - (e.g. IEEE 802.11[™] [i.3] legacy mode in smart antenna systems)
- Operating mode 2: Smart Antenna Systems Multiple Antennas without beam forming
- □ Single spatial stream / Standard throughput / (e.g. IEEE 802.11[™] [i.3] legacy mode)
- High Throughput (> 1 spatial stream) using Occupied Channel Bandwidth 1
- High Throughput (> 1 spatial stream) using Occupied Channel Bandwidth 2

Note: Add more lines if more channel bandwidths are supported.

- Operating mode 3: Smart Antenna Systems Multiple Antennas with beam forming
- □ Single spatial stream / Standard throughput (e.g. IEEE 802.11TM [i.3] legacy mode)
- High Throughput (> 1 spatial stream) using Occupied Channel Bandwidth 1
- High Throughput (> 1 spatial stream) using Occupied Channel Bandwidth 2
 - Note: Add more lines if more channel bandwidths are supported.

h) In case of Smart Antenna Systems:

The number of Receive chains: _____; The number of Transmit chains: _____;

□ symmetrical power distribution □ asymmetrical power distribution

In case of beam forming, the maximum beam forming gain: <u>N/A</u>;

Note: Beam forming gain does not include the basic gain of a single antenna.

i) Operating Frequency Range(s) of the equipment:

Operating Frequency Range 1:2402MHz toMHzOperating Frequency Range 2:MHz toMHz

Note: Add more lines if more Frequency Ranges are supported.

j) Nominal Channel Bandwidth(s):

Occupied Channel Bandwidth 1: <u>1.024</u> MHz Occupied Channel Bandwidth 2: MHz

Note: Add more lines if more channel bandwidths are supported.

k) Type of Equipment (stand-alone, combined, plug-in radio device, etc.):

Stand-alone

Combined Equipment (Equipment where the radio part is fully integrated within another type of equipment)

□ Plug-in radio device (Equipment intended for a variety of host systems)

Other ;

I) The normal and the extreme operating conditions that apply to the equipment:

Normal operating conditions (if applicable):

Operating temperature range: +25 ° C Other (please specify if applicable):

Extreme operating conditions:

Operating temperature range: Minimum: <u>-20</u> ° C Maximum <u>+55</u> ° C Other (please specify if applicable): <u>Minimum</u> Maximum

Details provided are for the: \boxtimes stand-alone equipment \square combined (or host) equipment

□ test jig

m) The intended combination(s) of the radio equipment power settings and one or more antenna assemblies and their corresponding e.i.r.p levels:

Antenna Type:

Integral Antenna (information to be provided in case of conducted measurements)

Antenna Gain: 0.7 dBi

If applicable, additional beamforming gain (excluding basic antenna gain): _____ dB

☐ Temporary RF connector provided ☐ No temporary RF connector provided

Dedicated Antennas (equipment with antenna connector)

□ Single power level with corresponding antenna(s)

☐ Multiple power settings and corresponding antenna(s)

Number of different Power Levels:____; Power Level 1:____dBm Power Level 2:____dBm Power Level 3:____.dBm

Note 1: Add more lines in case the equipment has more power levels. Note 2: These power levels are conducted power levels (at antenna connector).

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For each of the Power Levels, provide the intended antenna assemblies, their corresponding gains (G) and the resulting e.i.r.p. levels also taking into account the beamforming gain (Y) if applicable

Power Level 1:____dBm

Number of antenna assemblies provided for this power level:

Assembly #	Gain (dBi)	e.i.r.p. (dBm)	Part number or model name
1			
2			
3			
4			

Note 3: Add more rows in case more antenna assemblies are supported for this power level.

Power Level 2: ____dBm

Number of antenna assemblies provided for this power level:

Assembly #	Gain (dBi)	e.i.r.p. (dBm)	Part number or model name
1			
2			
3			
4			

Note 4: Add more rows in case more antenna assemblies are supported for this power level.

Power Level 2: ____dBm

Number of antenna assemblies provided for this power level:

Assembly #	Gain (dBi)	e.i.r.p. (dBm)	Part number or model name
1			
2			
3			
4			

Note 5: Add more rows in case more antenna assemblies are supported for this power level.

n) The nominal voltages of the stand-alone radio equipment or the nominal voltages of the combined (host) equipment or test jig in case of plug-in devices:

Details provided are for the: Stand-alone equipment combined (or host) equipment test jig

Supply Voltage \square AC mains State AC voltage $__V$ \boxtimes DC State DC voltage $__{3.7}$ V

In case of DC, indicate the type of power source □ Internal Power Supply □ External Power Supply or AC/DC adapter ⊠ Battery □ Other:

o) Describe the test modes available which can facilitate testing:

The measurements shall be performed during continuously transmitting

p) The equipment type (e.g. Bluetooth®, IEEE 802.11TM [i.3], proprietary, etc.):

Bluetooth®

q) If applicable, the statistical analysis referred to in clause 5.3.1 q)

(to be provided as separate attachment)

r) If applicable, the statistical analysis referred to in clause 5.3.1 r)

(to be provided as separate attachment)

s) Geo-location capability supported by the equipment:

□ Yes

☐ The geographical location determined by the equipment as defined in clause 4.3.1.13.2 or clause 4.3.2.12.2 is not accessible to the user.

🛛 No

t) Describe the minimum performance criteria that apply to the equipment (see clause 4.3.1.12.3 or clause 4.3.2.11.3): <u>N/A</u>

PRODUCT SIMILARITY DECLARATION LETTER

Shenzhen Adreamer Technology Co., Ltd Add: Building A2, Silicon Valley Dynamic Qinghu Garden, Dahe Rd., Longhua, Shenzhen Tel: 13590164011 Fax: 0755-27474930 Email: kevinkang201212@adreamertech.com **Product Similarity Declaration** Date: 2017-3-1 To: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. 1274 Anvilwood Avenue Sunnyvale, CA 94089 To Whom It May Concern, We, Shenzhen Adreamer Technology Co., Ltd, hereby declare that we have a product named as Tablet PC (Model no: MK1012) was tested by BACL, meanwhile, for our marketing purpose, we would like to list a series models (M1, M8-10A, Druid L10, Steel core 1030,1004,M104,G1001,G10), on reports and certificate, all the models are identical schematics, except for the differences as below, 1 . Difference model No. 2. Every Model No. has trade name, please find below: Trade name Model No. Adreamer -- MK1012 Funship -- M8-10A Vonino -- Druid L10, M1 Overmax -- Steelcore 1030 Turbopad -- 1004 Marshal -- M104 Hipstreet -- G1001 NeuTab -- G10 No other changes are made to them. We confirm that all information above is true, and we'll be responsible for all the consequences. Please contact me if you have any question. Signature: Kevin kang Kevin kang GM

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BELOW IS THE REFERENCED REPORT

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TEST REPORT

For

Shenzhen Adreamer Technology Co., Ltd

Building A2, Silicon Valley Dynamic Qinghu Garden, Dahe Rd., Longhua, Shenzhen

Tested Model: MK1012 Multiple Model: M8-10A, Druid L10, Steelcore 1030, 1004,M104,G1001,G10

l 				
Report Type:		Product Type:		
Original Report		Tablet PC		
		Davel	1.0	
Test Engineer:	David Lee			
Report Number:	RSZ150923003-2	22B		
Report Date:	2015-10-16			
	I. V.			
	•••••••	Jiao Jimmy XI		
Reviewed By:	RF Engineer	- /		
Prepared By:	Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) 6/F, the 3rd Phase of WanLi Industrial Building ShiHua Road, FuTian Free Trade Zone Shenzhen, Guangdong, China Tel: +86-755-33320018 Fax: +86-755-33320008 www.baclcorp.com.cn			

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Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen)

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GENERAL INFORMATION

Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

The *Shenzhen Adreamer Technology Co., Ltd's* product, model number: *MK1012* or the "EUT" in this report was a *Tablet PC*, which was measured approximately: 25.9 cm (L) × 15.9 cm (W) × 0.9 cm (H), rated with input voltage: DC 3.7 V Li-ion battery.

Note: This series products model:M8-10A, Druid L10, Steelcore 1030,1004,M104,G1001,G10 and MK1012 are identical schematics, the difference among them is just the model number and trade name due to marketing purpose, and model MK1012 was selected for fully testing, the detailed information can be referred to the attached declaration letter that stated and guaranteed by the applicant.

*All measurement and test data in this report was gathered from production sample serial number: 1506599. (Assigned by BACL, Shenzhen). The EUT supplied by the applicant was received on 2015-09-23.

Objective

This report is prepared on behalf of *Shenzhen Adreamer Technology Co., Ltd* in accordance with ETSI EN 300 328 V1.9.1 (2015-02), Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Wideband transmission systems; Data transmission equipment operating in the 2,4 GHz ISM band and using wide band modulation techniques; Harmonized EN covering the essential requirements of article 3.2 of the R&TTE Directive

The objective is to determine the compliance of EUT with ETSI EN 300 328 V1.9.1 (2015-02).

Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s)

No related submittal(s).

Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ETSI EN 300 328 V1.9.1 (2015-02).

Measurement uncertainty with radiated emission is 5.91 dB for 30MHz-1GHz.and 4.92 dB for above 1GHz, 1.95dB for conducted measurement.

Test Facility

The test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) to collect test data is located on the 6/F, the 3rd Phase of WanLi Industrial Building, ShiHua Road, FuTian Free Trade Zone Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.

Test site at Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) has been fully described in reports submitted to the Federal Communication Commission (FCC). The details of these reports have been found to be in compliance with the requirements of Section 2.948 of the FCC Rules on October 31, 2013. The facility also complies with the radiated and AC line conducted test site criteria set forth in ANSI C63.4-2009.

The Federal Communications Commission has the reports on file and is listed under FCC Registration No.: 382179. The test site has been approved by the FCC for public use and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database.

ETSI EN 300 328 V1.9.1 (2015-02)

SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

Description of Test Configuration

The system was configured for testing in an engineering mode.

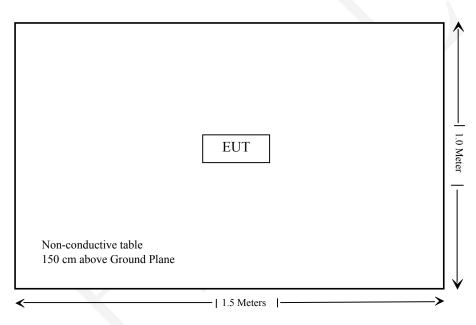
EUT Exercise Software

No exercise software was used.

Equipment Modifications

No modification was made to the EUT tested.

Block Diagram of Test Setup



ETSI EN 300 328 V1.9.1 (2015-02)

SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

ETSI EN 300 328 V1.9.1 (2015-02)	Description of Test	Test Result
§ 4.3.2.2	RF output power	Compliance
§ 4.3.2.3	Power Spectral Density	Compliance
§ 4.3.2.4	Duty Cycle, Tx-sequence, Tx-gap	Not Applicable
§ 4.3.2.5	Medium Utilisation (MU) factor	Not Applicable
§ 4.3.2.6	Adaptivity	Not Applicable*
§ 4.3.2.7	Occupied Channel Bandwidth	Compliance
§ 4.3.2.8	Transmitter unwanted emissions in the out-of-band domain	Compliance
§ 4.3.2.9	§ 4.3.2.9 Transmitter unwanted emissions in the spurious domain	
§ 4.3.2.10	2.10 Receiver spurious emissions	
§ 4.3.2.11	Receiver Blocking	Not Applicable*
§ 4.3.2.12	Geo-location capability	Not Applicable**

Note:

The supplier declared that the equipment is adaptive equipment

Not Applicable – This item only for non-adaptive equipment

Not Applicable* – The test item does not apply for equipment within a maximum RF output power level of less than 10 dBm (e.i.r.p).

Not Applicable** – The supplier declared that the equipment has no this function.

ETSI EN 300 328 V1.9.1 (2015-02) §4.3.2.2 – RF OUTPUT POWER

Applicable Standard

This requirement applies to all types of equipment using wide band modulations other than FHSS.

The RF output power is defined as the mean equivalent isotropic radiated power (e.i.r.p.) of the equipment during a transmission burst.

For adaptive equipment using wide band modulations other than FHSS, the maximum RF output power shall be 20 dBm.

The maximum RF output power for non-adaptive equipment shall be declared by the supplier and shall not exceed 20 dBm. See clause 5.3.1 m). For non-adaptive equipment using wide band modulations other than FHSS, the maximum RF output power shall be equal to or less than the value declared by the supplier.

This limit shall apply for any combination of power level and intended antenna assembly.

Test Procedure

The test procedure shall be as follows:

Step 1:

- Use a fast power sensor suitable for 2,4 GHz and capable of minimum 1 MS/s.
- Use the following settings:
 - Sample speed 1 MS/s or faster.
 - The samples shall represent the RMS power of the signal.
 - Measurement duration: For non-adaptive equipment: equal to the observation period defined in clause 4.3.1.3.2 or clause 4.3.2.4.2. For adaptive equipment, the measurement duration shall be long enough to ensure a minimum number of bursts (at least 10) are captured.
- NOTE 1: For adaptive equipment, to increase the measurement accuracy, a higher number of bursts may be used.

Step 2:

- For conducted measurements on devices with one transmit chain:
 - Connect the power sensor to the transmit port, sample the transmit signal and store the raw data. Use these stored samples in all following steps.
- For conducted measurements on devices with multiple transmit chains:
 - Connect one power sensor to each transmit port for a synchronous measurement on all transmit ports.
 - Trigger the power sensors so that they start sampling at the same time. Make sure the time difference between the samples of all sensors is less than 500 ns.
 - For each individual sampling point (time domain), sum the coincident power samples of all ports and store them. Use these summed samples in all following steps.

Step 3:

• Find the start and stop times of each burst in the stored measurement samples.

The start and stop times are defined as the points where the power is at least 30 dB below the highest value of the stored samples in step 2.

NOTE 2: In case of insufficient dynamic range, the value of 30 dB may need to be reduced appropriately.

Step 4:

• Between the start and stop times of each individual burst calculate the RMS power over the burst using the formula below. Save these Pburst values, as well as the start and stop times for each burst.

$$P_{burst} = \frac{1}{k} \sum_{n=1}^{k} P_{sample}(n)$$

with 'k' being the total number of samples and 'n' the actual sample number

Step 5:

• The highest of all Pburst values (value "A" in dBm) will be used for maximum e.i.r.p. calculations.

Step 6:

- Add the (stated) antenna assembly gain "G" in dBi of the individual antenna.
- If applicable, add the additional beamforming gain "Y" in dB.
- If more than one antenna assembly is intended for this power setting, the maximum overall antenna gain (G or G + Y) shall be used.
- The RF Output Power (P) shall be calculated using the formula below:

$$\mathbf{P} = \mathbf{A} + \mathbf{G} + \mathbf{Y}$$

• This value, which shall comply with the limit given in clause 4.3.1.2.3 or clause 4.3.2.2.3, shall be recorded in the test report.

Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Agilent	P-Series Power Meter	N1912A	MY5000448	2014-11-13	2015-11-13
Agilent	Wideband Power Sensor	N1921A	ESR3	2014-11-01	2015-11-01
ESPEC	Temperature & Humidity Chamber	EL-10KA	09107726	2014-11-03	2015-11-03

* **Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to requirements, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	24 °C
Relative Humidity:	50 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by David Lee on 2015-10-13.

Test Mode: Transmitting

Test Result: Compliant, please refer to following table.

ETSI EN 300 328 V1.9.1 (2015-02)

BLE Mode:

Test Condition			Ave. Output	Antenna	EIRP	Limits	Test
Channel	Temperature (℃)	Voltage (V _{DC})	Power (dBm)	Gain (dBi)	(dBm)	(dBm)	Results
	-20	3.7	-2.32	0.7	-1.62	20	Compliant
Low channel	+25	3.7	-2.34	0.7	-1.64	20	Compliant
	+55	3.7	-2.37	0.7	-1.67	20	Compliant
	-20	3.7	-1.30	0.7	-0.60	20	Compliant
Middle channel	+25	3.7	-1.27	0.7	-0.57	20	Compliant
	+55	3.7	-1.26	0.7	-0.56	20	Compliant
	-20	3.7	-1.44	0.7	-0.74	20	Compliant
High channel	+25	3.7	-1.42	0.7	-0.72	20	Compliant
	+55	3.7	-1.46	0.7	-0.76	20	Compliant

ETSI EN 300 328 V1.9.1 (2015-02) §4.3.2.3 - POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

Applicable Standard

According to ETSI EN 300 328 V1.9.1 (2015-02) §4.3.2.3.2, this requirement applies to all types of equipment using wide band modulations other than FHSS.

The Power Spectral Density is the mean equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) spectral density in a 1 MHz bandwidth during a transmission burst.

For equipment using wide band modulations other than FHSS, the maximum Power Spectral Density is limited to 10 dBm per MHz.

Test Procedure

The transmitter shall be connected to a spectrum analyser and the Power Spectral Density as defined in clause 4.3.2.3 shall be measured and recorded.

The test procedure shall be as follows:

Step 1:

Connect the UUT to the spectrum analyser and use the following settings:

- Start Frequency: 2 400 MHz
- Stop Frequency: 2 483.5 MHz
- Resolution BW: 10 kHz
- Video BW: 30 kHz
- Sweep Points: > 8 350

NOTE: For spectrum analysers not supporting this number of sweep points, the frequency band may be segmented.

- Detector: RMS
- Trace Mode: Max Hold
- Sweep time: 10 s; the sweep time may be increased further until a value where the sweep time has no impact on the RMS value of the signal

For non-continuous signals, wait for the trace to stabilize. Save the data (trace data) set to a file.

Step 2:

For conducted measurements on smart antenna systems using either operating mode 2 or operating mode 3 (see clause 5.1.3.2), repeat the measurement for each of the transmit ports. For each sampling point (frequency domain), add up the coincident power values (in mW) for the different transmit chains and use this as the new data set.

Step 3:

Add up the values for power for all the samples in the file using the formula below.

$$P_{Sum} = \frac{1}{k} \sum_{n=1}^{k} P_{sample}(n)$$

with 'k' being the total number of samples and 'n' the actual sample number

Step 4:

Normalize the individual values for power (in dBm) so that the sum is equal to the RF Output Power (e.i.r.p.) measured in clause 5.3.2 and save the corrected data. The following formulas can be used:

$$C_{Corr} = P_{Sum} - P_{e.i.r.p}$$

$$P_{Samplecorr}(n) = P_{Sample}(n) - C_{Corr}$$

with 'n' being the actual sample number

Step 5:

Starting from the first sample $P_{Samplecorr}(n)$ (lowest frequency), add up the power (in mW) of the following samples representing a 1 MHz segment and record the results for power and position (i.e. sample #1 to sample #100). This is the Power Spectral Density (e.i.r.p.) for the first 1 MHz segment which shall be recorded.

Step 6:

Shift the start point of the samples added up in step 5 by one sample and repeat the procedure in step 5 (i.e. sample #2 to sample #101).

Step 7:

Repeat step 6 until the end of the data set and record the Power Spectral Density values for each of the 1 MHz segments.

From all the recorded results, the highest value is the maximum Power Spectral Density for the UUT. This value, which shall comply with the limit given in clause 4.3.2.3.3, shall be recorded in the test report.

Test Setup Block diagram



Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESR	1316.3003K0 3-101746-zn	2015-06-13	2016-06-13

* Statement of Traceability: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to requirements, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

Test Data

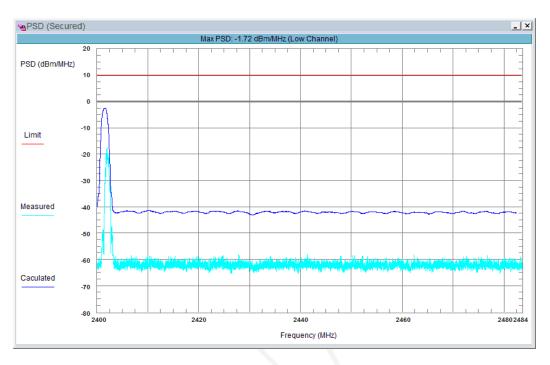
Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	24 °C
Relative Humidity:	50 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by David Lee on 2015-10-13.

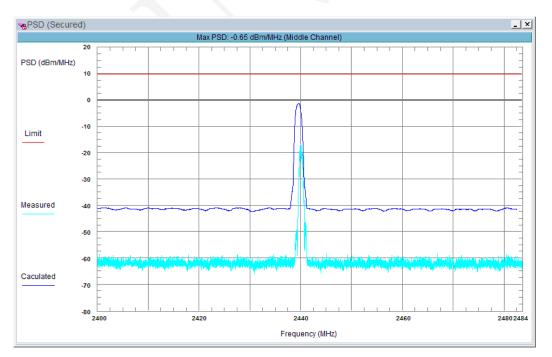
Test Result: Compliant, please refer to following plots.

Test Mode: Transmitting



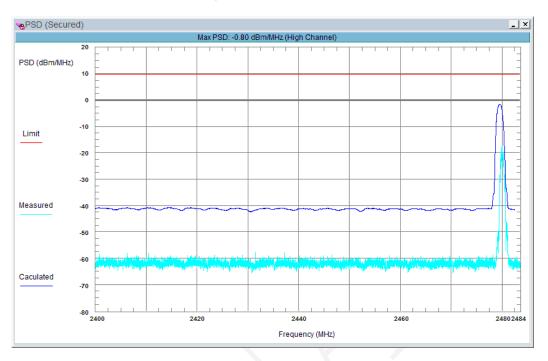
Low Channel: 2402 MHz

Middle Channel: 2440 MHz



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High Channel: 2480 MHz

ETSI EN 300 328 V1.9.1 (2015-02) §4.3.2.7 – OCCUPIED CHANNEL BANDWIDTH

Applicable Standard

According to ETSI EN 300 328 V1.9.1 (2015-02) §4.3.2.7.2, the occupied channel bandwidth is the bandwidth that contains 99 % of the power of the signal.

Limit:

The Occupied Channel Bandwidth shall fall completely within the band given in clause 1. In addition, for non-adaptive equipment using wide band modulations other than FHSS and with e.i.r.p greater than 10 dBm, the occupied channel bandwidth shall be less than 20 MHz.

Test Procedure

The measurement procedure shall be as follows:

Step 1:

Connect the UUT to the spectrum analyser and use the following settings:

- Centre Frequency: The centre frequency of the channel under test
- Resolution BW: ~ 1 % of the span without going below 1 %
- Video BW: 3 × RBW
- Frequency Span for frequency hopping equipment: Lowest frequency separation that is used within
 - the hopping sequence
- Frequency Span for other types of equipment: 2 × Nominal Channel Bandwidth (e.g. 40 MHz for a 20 MHz channel)
- Detector Mode: RMS
- Trace Mode: Max Hold
- Sweep time: 1 s

Step 2:

Wait for the trace to stabilize. Find the peak value of the trace and place the analyser marker on this peak.

Step 3:

Use the 99 % bandwidth function of the spectrum analyser to measure the Occupied Channel Bandwidth of the UUT. This value shall be recorded.

NOTE: Make sure that the power envelope is sufficiently above the noise floor of the analyser to avoid the noise signals left and right from the power envelope being taken into account by this measurement.

Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description Model		Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESR	1316.3003K03- 101746-zn	2015-06-13	2016-06-13

* **Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to requirements, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	26 °C		
Relative Humidity:	50 %		
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa		

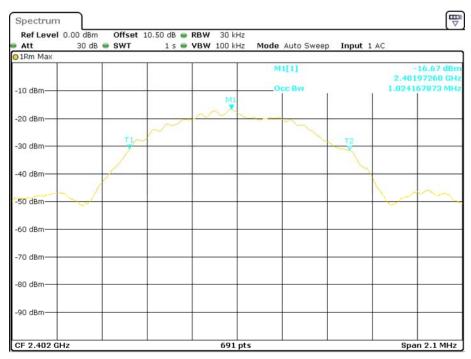
The testing was performed by David Lee on 2015-09-30.

Test Mode: Transmitting

Test Result: Compliant, please refer to following table and plots.

Mode	Frequency	Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)		
DIE	2402	1.024		
BLE	2480	1.021		

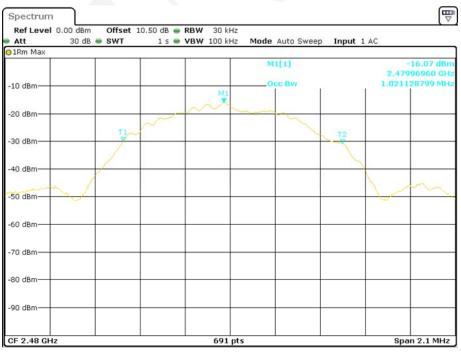
Report No.: RSZ150923003-22B



Low Channel

Date: 30.SEP.2015 21:29:57

High Channel



Date: 30.SEP.2015 21:31:36

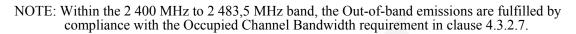
ETSI EN 300 328 V1.9.1 (2015-02) §4.3.2.8 – TRANSMITTER UNWANTED EMISSION IN THE OUT-OF-BAND DOMAIN

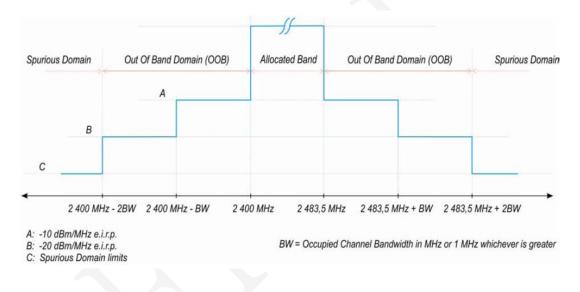
Applicable Standard

According to ETSI EN 300 328 V1.9.1 (2015-02) §4.3.2.8.2, Transmitter unwanted emissions in the outof-band domain are emissions when the equipment is in Transmit mode, on frequencies immediately outside the necessary bandwidth which results from the modulation process, but excluding spurious emissions.

Limit:

The transmitter unwanted emissions in the out-of-band domain but outside the allocated band, shall not exceed the values provided by the mask in figure 3.





Test Procedure

According to ETSI EN 300 328 V1.9.1 (2015-02) §5.3.9.2.1

Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description Model		Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date	
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESR	1316.3003K03- 101746-zn	2015-06-13	2016-06-13	

* **Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to requirements, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	24 °C
Relative Humidity:	50 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by David Lee on 2015-10-09.

Test Mode: Transmitting

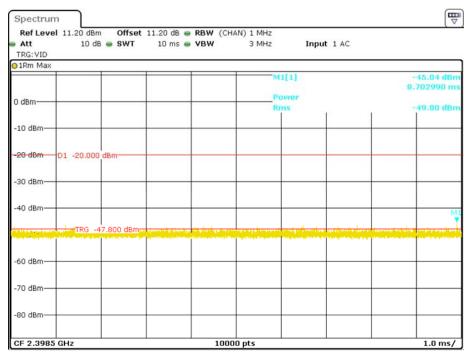
Test Mode		Result		
BLE	Normal	N.V L.T	N.V H.T	Compliance

2400MHz-BW

Spectrum)				
Att TRG: VID	0 dBm Offset 1 10 dB 👄 SWT	1.20 dB 👄 RBW (CHA 10 ms 👄 VBW	N) 1 MHz 3 MHz	Input 1 AC	
o dBm-			M1[1] Power Rms	8	-46.12 dBm 1.120 µs -49.86 dBm
-10 dBm D 1 -1	0.000 dBm				
-20 dBm					
-30 dBm					
-40 dBm					
	RG -47.800 dBm	en generalez e provinsjen an de se a de se prese pri a navaren Armen generalez e pri a de se se a de		natedanan ya wilitadaka teteorgen Selektronista	
-60 dBm					
-70 dBm					
-80 dBm					
CF 2.3995 GHz		1000) pts		1.0 ms/

Date: 9.0CT.2015 23:47:20

2400MHz-2BW



Date: 9.0CT.2015 23:43:39

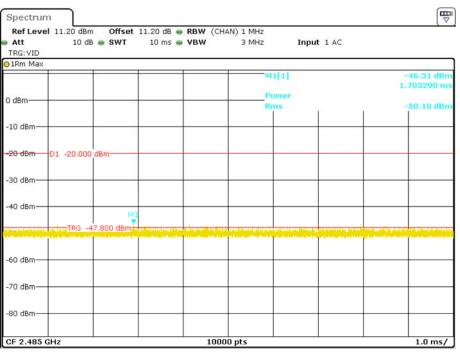
2483.5MHz+BW

TRG: VID 1Rm Max					N 101-04		
I dBm				р	ower ms	14	-46.01 dBn 4.953615 m -49.83 dBn
10 dBm (01 -10.000	dBm					
20 dBm							_
30 dBm		-					
40 dBm					M1		
	TRG -4	7.800 dBm				in 17 anne filmig sa 19 anne filmig sa	
60 dBm							
70 dBm							
80 dBm							

Date: 9.0CT.2015 23:46:50

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2483.5MHz+2BW

Date: 9.0CT.2015 23:46:07

Note:

- L.T.: Low Temperature –20°C
- N.V.: Normal Voltage 3.7V_{DC}
- N.T.: Normal Temperature +25°C
- H.T.: High Temperature +55°C

ETSI EN 300 328 V1.9.1 (2015-02) §4.3.2.9 – TRANSMITTER UNWANTED EMISSION IN THE SPURIOUS DOMAIN

Applicable Standard

Transmitter unwanted emissions in the spurious domain are emissions outside the allocated band and outside the Out-of-band Domain as indicated in figure 3 when the equipment is in Transmit mode.

The transmitter unwanted emissions in the spurious domain shall not exceed the values given in the following table.

Frequency Range	Maximum power e.r.p (≤ 1 GHz) e.i.r.p (> 1 GHz)	Bandwidth
30 MHz to 47 MHz	36 dBm	100 kHz
47 MHz to 74 MHz	54 dBm	100 kHz
74 MHz to 87,5 MHz	36 dBm	100 kHz
87,5 MHz to 118 MHz	54 dBm	100 kHz
118 MHz to 174 MHz	36 dBm	100 kHz
174 MHz to 230 MHz	54 dBm	100 kHz
230 MHz to 470 MHz	36 dBm	100 kHz
470 MHz to 862 MHz	54 dBm	100 kHz
862 MHz to 1 GHz	36 dBm	100 kHz
1 GHz to 12,75 GHz	30 dBm	100 kHz

Transmitter limits for spurious emissions

NOTE: In case of equipment with antenna connectors, these limits apply to emissions at the antenna port (conducted) and to the emissions radiated by the cabinet. In case of integral antenna equipment (without temporary antenna connectors), these limits apply to emissions radiated by the equipment.

Measurement Uncertainty

All measurements involve certain levels of uncertainties, especially in field of EMC. The factors contributing to uncertainties are spectrum analyzer, cable loss, antenna factor calibration, antenna directivity, antenna factor variation with height, antenna phase center variation, antenna factor frequency interpolation, measurement distance variation, site imperfections, mismatch (average), and system repeatability.

Based on CISPR 16-4-2:2011, the expended combined standard uncertainty of radiation emissions at Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) is 5.91 dB for 30MHz-1GHz.and 4.92 dB for above 1GHz, and it will not be taken into consideration for the test data recorded in the report.

Test Procedure

According to ETSI EN 300 328 V1.9.1 (2015-02) §5.3.10.2

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date	
Sunol Sciences	Horn Antenna	DRH-118	A052304	2014-12-29	2017-12-28	
Sunol Sciences	Bi-log Antenna	JB1	A040904-2	2014-12-07	2017-12-06	
Rohde & Schwarz	Signal Analyzer	FSIQ26	8386001028	2014-12-10	2015-12-11	
Mini	Pre-amplifier	ZVA-183-S+ 5969001149		2015-04-23	2016-04-23	
HP	Signal Generator	8657A	3217A04699	2014-12-19	2015-12-18	
HP	Amplifier	HP8447E	1937A01046	2015-05-06	2016-05-06	
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	ESCI 101120		2015-11-03	
HP	Signal Generator	HP 8341B	2624A00116	2015-06-03	2016-06-03	
COM POWER	Dipole Antenna	AD-100	041000	2015-08-18	2016-08-18	
A.H. System	Horn Antenna	SAS-200/571	135	2013-02-11	2016-02-10	

Test Equipment List and Details

* **Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to requirements, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	26 °C				
Relative Humidity:	50 %				
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa				

The testing was performed by David Lee on 2015-10-09.

Test Mode: Transmitting (worst case)

Report No.: RSZ150923003-22B

30 MHz ~ 12.75 GHz:

	Receiver	Turntable	Rx An	tenna		Substitut	ed	Absolute	EN 3	00 328
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Angle Degree	Height (m)	Polar (H/V)	SG Level (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Gain (dB)	Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
	Low Channel									
134.7	32.43	171	1.6	Н	-64.6	0.26	0	-64.86	-36	28.86
134.7	32.21	133	1.7	V	-64.8	0.26	0	-65.06	-36	29.06
4804.0	32.18	53	2.1	Н	-54.1	2.10	9.90	-46.30	-30	16.30
4804.0	31.72	24	1.5	V	-54.4	2.10	9.90	-46.60	-30	16.60
				High	Channel					
134.7	32.53	105	1.8	Н	-64.5	0.26	0	-64.76	-36	28.76
134.7	31.33	341	2.1	V	-65.7	0.26	0	-65.96	-36	29.96
4960.0	31.98	274	1.3	Н	-53.6	1.90	10.00	-45.50	-30	15.50
4960.0	30.10	108	2.2	V	-55.4	1.90	10.00	-47.30	-30	17.30

Note:

Absolute Level = SG Level - Cable loss + Antenna Gain Margin = Limit- Absolute Level

ETSI EN 300 328 V1.9.1 (2015-02) §4.3.2.10 – RECEIVER SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

Applicable Standard

According to ETSI EN 300 328 V1.9.1 (2015-02) §4.3.2.10, the receiver spurious emissions are emissions at any frequency when the equipment is in receive mode.

The spurious emissions of the receiver shall not exceed the values given in the following table

Frequency range	Maximum power, e.r.p.	Measurement bandwidth
30 MHz to 1 GHz	-57 dBm	100 kHz
1 GHz to 12,75 GHz	-47 dBm	1 MHz

NOTE: In case of equipment with antenna connectors, these limits apply to emissions at the antenna port (conducted) and to the emissions radiated by the cabinet. In case of integral antenna equipment (without temporary antenna connectors), these limits apply to emissions radiated by the equipment.

Measurement Uncertainty

All measurements involve certain levels of uncertainties, especially in field of EMC. The factors contributing to uncertainties are spectrum analyzer, cable loss, antenna factor calibration, antenna directivity, antenna factor variation with height, antenna phase center variation, antenna factor frequency interpolation, measurement distance variation, site imperfections, mismatch (average), and system repeatability.

Based on CISPR 16-4-2:2011, the expended combined standard uncertainty of radiation emissions at Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) is 5.91 dB for 30MHz-1GHz and 4.92 dB for above 1GHz, and it will not be taken into consideration for the test data recorded in the report.

Test Procedure

According to ETSI EN 300 328 V1.9.1 (2015-02) §5.3.11.2

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date	
Sunol Sciences	Horn Antenna	DRH-118	A052304	2014-12-29	2017-12-28	
Sunol Sciences	Bi-log Antenna	JB1	A040904-2	2014-12-07	2017-12-06	
Rohde & Schwarz	Signal Analyzer	FSIQ26	8386001028	2014-12-10	2015-12-11	
Mini	Pre-amplifier	ZVA-183-S+	5969001149	2015-04-23	2016-04-23	
HP	Signal Generator	8657A	3217A04699	2014-12-19	2015-12-18	
HP	Amplifier	HP8447E	1937A01046	2015-05-06	2016-05-06	
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	101120	2014-11-03	2015-11-03	
HP	Signal Generator	HP 8341B	2624A00116	2015-06-03	2016-06-03	
COM POWER	Dipole Antenna	AD-100	041000	2015-08-18	2016-08-18	
A.H. System	Horn Antenna	SAS-200/571	135	2013-02-11	2016-02-10	

Test Equipment List and Details

* **Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to requirements, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	24 °C	
Relative Humidity:	50 %	
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa	

The testing was performed by David Lee on 2015-10-13.

Test Mode: Receiving (worst case)

30 MHz ~ 12.75 GHz

Receiver		Turntable	Rx Antenna		Substituted			Abgoluto	EN 300 328	
Frequency (MHz)		Height (m)	Polar (H/V)	SG Level (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Gain (dB)	Absolute Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	
134.7	31.77	74	1.7	Н	-65.2	0.26	0	-65.46	-57	8.46
134.7	31.86	59	2.3	V	-65.1	0.26	0	-65.36	-57	8.36
1190.1	34.59	317	1.0	Н	-63.4	1.50	6.20	-58.70	-47	11.70
1190.1	34.11	202	2.0	V	-65.1	1.50	6.20	-60.40	-47	13.40

Note:

Absolute Level = SG Level - Cable loss + Antenna Gain Margin = Limit- Absolute Level

EXHIBIT A - E.1 INFORMATION AS REQUIRED BY EN 300 328 V1.9.1, CLAUSE 5.3.1

In accordance with EN 300 328, clause 5.3.1, the following information is provided by the supplier.

a) The type of modulation used by the equipment:

☐ FHSS ☑ other forms of modulation

b) In case of FHSS modulation:

In case of non-Adaptive Frequency Hopping equipment: The number of Hopping Frequencies:_____.

In case of Adaptive Frequency Hopping Equipment:

The maximum number of Hopping Frequencies: ____; The minimum number of Hopping Frequencies: _____ The Dwell Time: ____;

The Minimum Channel Occupation Time:

c) Adaptive / non-adaptive equipment:

non-adaptive Equipment

🖾 adaptive Equipment without the possibility to switch to a non-adaptive mode

adaptive Equipment which can also operate in a non-adaptive mode

d) In case of adaptive equipment:

The Channel Occupancy Time implemented by the equipment: _____ms

The equipment has implemented an LBT based DAA mechanism

In case of equipment using modulation different from FHSS:

☐ The equipment is Frame Based equipment

The equipment is Load Based equipment

The equipment can switch dynamically between Frame Based and Load Based equipment

The CCA time implemented by the equipment: _____µs

The value q is _____.

☐ The equipment has implemented an non-LBT based DAA mechanism ☐ The equipment can operate in more than one adaptive mode

e) In case of non-adaptive Equipment:

The maximum RF Output Power (e.i.r.p.): _____dBm The maximum (corresponding) Duty Cycle: _____%

Equipment with dynamic behaviour, that behaviour is described here. (e.g. the different combinations of duty cycle and corresponding power levels to be declared):

f) The worst case operational mode for each of the following tests:

RF Output Power:;
Power Spectral Density <u>-0.65dBm/MHz</u> ;
Duty cycle, Tx-Sequence, Tx-gap
Dwell time, Minimum Frequency Occupation & Hopping Sequence (only for FHSS equipment)
N/A ;
Hopping Frequency Separation (only for FHSS equipment) N/A;
Medium Utilisation N/A ;
Adaptivity & Receiver Blocking N/A ;
Occupied Channel Bandwidth 1.024MHz ;
Transmitter unwanted emissions in the OOB domain <u>-49.80dBm/MHz</u> ;
Transmitter unwanted emissions in the spurious domain <u>-45.50dBm</u> ;
Receiver spurious emissions <u>-65.36dBm</u> ;

g) The different transmit operating modes (tick all that apply):

Operating mode 1: Single Antenna Equipment

Equipment with only 1 antenna

Equipment with 2 diversity antennas but only 1 antenna active at any moment in time

Smart Antenna Systems with 2 or more antennas, but operating in a (legacy) mode where only 1 antenna is used.

(e.g. IEEE 802.11TM [i.3] legacy mode in smart antenna systems)

Operating mode 2: Smart Antenna Systems - Multiple Antennas without beam forming

□ Single spatial stream / Standard throughput / (e.g. IEEE 802.11[™] [i.3] legacy mode)

High Throughput (> 1 spatial stream) using Occupied Channel Bandwidth 1

 \Box High Throughput (> 1 spatial stream) using Occupied Channel Bandwidth 2

Note: Add more lines if more channel bandwidths are supported.

Operating mode 3: Smart Antenna Systems - Multiple Antennas with beam forming

□ Single spatial stream / Standard throughput (e.g. IEEE 802.11TM [i.3] legacy mode)

☐ High Throughput (> 1 spatial stream) using Occupied Channel Bandwidth 1

☐ High Throughput (> 1 spatial stream) using Occupied Channel Bandwidth 2

Note: Add more lines if more channel bandwidths are supported.

h) In case of Smart Antenna Systems:

The number of Receive chains: _____; The number of Transmit chains: _____;

☐ symmetrical power distribution ☐ asymmetrical power distribution

In case of beam forming, the maximum beam forming gain: <u>N/A</u>;

Note: Beam forming gain does not include the basic gain of a single antenna.

i) Operating Frequency Range(s) of the equipment:

Operating Frequency Range 1: 2402 MHz to 2480 MHz

Note: Add more lines if more Frequency Ranges are supported.

j) Occupied Channel Bandwidth(s):

Occupied Channel Bandwidth 1: <u>1.024</u> MHz Occupied Channel Bandwidth 2: <u>MHz</u> Occupied Channel Bandwidth 3: <u>MHz</u> Occupied Channel Bandwidth 4: <u>MHz</u>

Note: Add more lines if more channel bandwidths are supported.

k) Type of Equipment (stand-alone, combined, plug-in radio device, etc.):

Stand-alone

□ Combined Equipment (Equipment where the radio part is fully integrated within another type of equipment) □ Plug-in radio device (Equipment intended for a variety of host systems)

Other____

I) The extreme operating conditions that apply to the equipment:

Operating temperature range: <u>-20</u> ° C to <u>+55</u> ° C Operating voltage range: V to V_{DC} Details provided are for the: \boxtimes stand-alone equipment \square combined (or host) equipment \square test jig

m) The intended combination(s) of the radio equipment power settings and one or more antenna assemblies and their corresponding e.i.r.p levels:

Antenna Type:

⊠ Integral Antenna

Antenna Gain: 0.7 dBi

If applicable, additional beamforming gain (excluding basic antenna gain): _____ dB

Temporary RF connector provided

□ No temporary RF connector provided

Dedicated Antennas (equipment with antenna connector)

☐ Single power level with corresponding antenna(s)

☐ Multiple power settings and corresponding antenna(s)

Number of different Power Levels:____; Power Level 1:____ dBm

Note 1: Add more lines in case the equipment has more power levels. Note 2: These power levels are conducted power levels (at antenna connector).

For each of the Power Levels, provide the intended antenna assemblies, their corresponding gains (G) and the resulting e.i.r.p. levels also taking into account the beamforming gain (Y) if applicable

n) The nominal voltages of the stand-alone radio equipment or the nominal voltages of the combined (host) equipment or test jig in case of plug-in devices:

Details provided are for the: ⊠stand-alone equipment □ combined (or host) equipment □ test jig

Supply Voltage \square AC mains State AC voltage $__V$ \boxtimes DC State DC voltage $__{3.7}$ V

In case of DC, indicate the type of power source □ Internal Power Supply □ External Power Supply or AC/DC adapter

⊠ Battery

□ Other:_

o) Describe the test modes available which can facilitate testing:

Continuous transmiting and normal operation

p) The equipment type (e.g. Bluetooth®, IEEE 802.11[™] [i.3], proprietary, etc.):

Bluetooth®

q) If applicable, the statistical analysis referred to in clause 5.3.1 q)

(to be provided as separate attachment)

r) If applicable, the statistical analysis referred to in clause 5.3.1 r)

(to be provided as separate attachment)

s) Geo-location capability supported by the equipment:

🗌 Yes

 \Box The geographical location determined by the equipment as defined in clause 4.3.1.13.2 or clause 4.3.2.12.2 is not accessible to the user.

🛛 No

EXHIBIT B - CE PRODUCT LABELING

CE Label Format

€€1313

Specifications: The marking set out above must be affixed to the apparatus or to its data plate and have a minimum height of 5 mm. The elements should be easily readable and indelible. They may be placed anywhere on the apparatus case or in its battery compartment. No tool should be needed to view the marking. 1313: 4 digit notified body number

Note: The label should contain the below content

(1) The name of the manufacturer or the person responsible for placing the apparatus on the market (2) Type

③ Batch and/or serial numbers

Proposed Label Location on EUT



EXHIBIT C - EUT PHOTOGRAPHS



EUT – Rear View



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EUT – Top View



EUT – Bottom View



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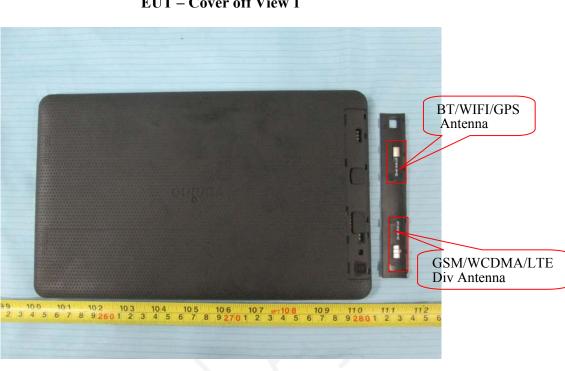
EUT – Left View

EUT – Right View



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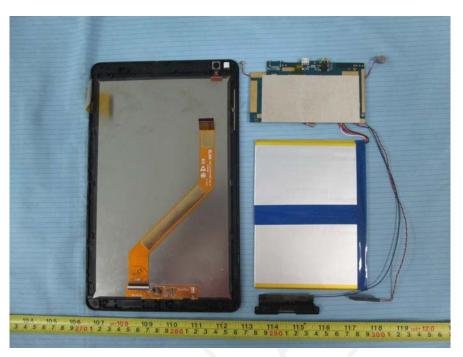
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EUT – Cover off View 1

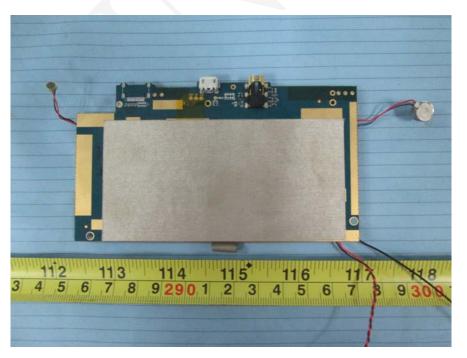
EUT – Cover off View 2

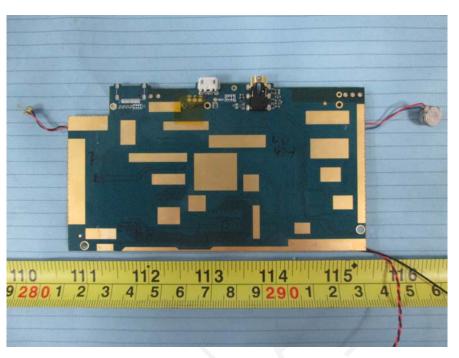




EUT – Cover off View 3

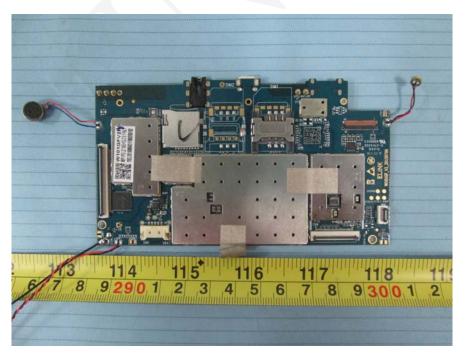
EUT – Main Board Top View





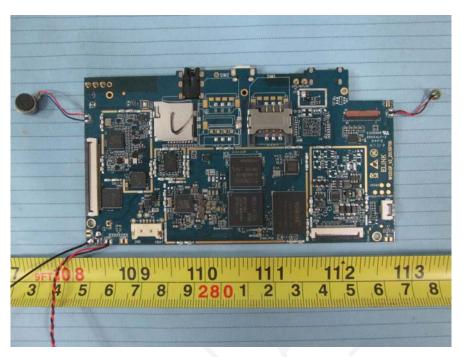
EUT – Main Board Top Shielding Off View

EUT - Main Board Bottom View



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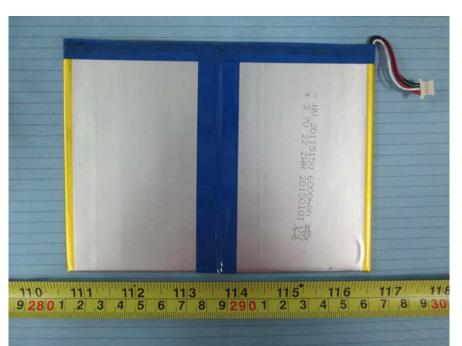
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EUT - Main Board Bottom Shielding Off View

EUT – IC Chip View





EUT – Battery View

EXHIBIT D - TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS



Radiated Spurious Emissions View (Below 1 GHz)

Radiated Spurious Emissions View (Above 1 GHz)



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PRODUCT SIMILARITY DECLARATION LETTER

Shenzhen Adreamer Technology Co., Ltd Building A2, Silicon Valley Dynamic Qinghu Garden,Dahe Rd.,Longhua, Shenzhen Tel:13590164011

10/15/2015

Product Similarity Declaration

To Whom It May Concern,

We, Shenzhen Adreamer Technology Co., Ltd, hereby declare that we have a product named as Tablet PC (Model no: MK1012) was tested by BACL, meanwhile, for our marketing purpose, we would like to list a series models (M8-10A,Druid L10,Steelcore 1030,1004,M104,G1001,G10), on reports and certificate, all the models are identical schematics, except for the differences as below,

1. Difference model No.

2. Every Model No. has trade name, please find below:

Trade name Model No. Adreamer -- MK1012 Funship -- M8-10A Vonino -- Druid L10 Overmax -- Steelcore 1030 Turbopad -- 1004 Marshal -- M104 Hipstreet -- G1001 NeuTab -- G10

No other changes are made to them.

We confirm that all information above is true, and we'll be responsible for all the consequences. Please contact me if you have any question.

Kevin kang

Signature:

Kevin kang GM

***** END OF REPORT *****

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